

Jurga Naimavičiūtė-Skuolienė
Renata Kumšytė

HAPPY RILLI

Anglų kalbos mokymo priemonė



Jurga Naimavičiūtė-Skuolienė
Renata Kumštytė

Happy Rill 1

**Anglų kalbos mokymo priemonė 5 klasės mokiniams,
turintiems klausos sutrikimą**

Dailininkė Ugnė Žilytė

Lietuvos kurčiųjų ir neprigirdinčiųjų ugdymo centras

Vilnius, 2010

UDK 802.0(076.53)
Ku-171

Mokymo priemonė parengta ir išleista remiantis Lietuvių gestų kalbos vartojimo ir vertėjų paslaugų teikimo 2009–2012 metų programos priemone „Gerinti mokyklų kurtiesiems metodinę bazę“.

Jurga Naimavičiūtė-Skuolienė
Renata Kumštytė

Happy Rill 1

Dailininkė
Ugnė Žilytė

Maketavo Kristijonas Šaknys

Išleido HOMO LIBER
Jurgio Baltrušaičio 11-126, LT-06145 Vilnius
El. p. homoliber@takas.lt
Svetainė internete: www.homoliber.lt

Spausdino STANDARTŲ SPAUSTUVĖ
S. Dariaus ir S. Girėno g. 39, LT-06145 Vilnius
Svetainė internete: www.standart.lt

ISBN 978-609-446-005-0

© Jurga Naimavičiūtė-Skuolienė, 2010
© Renata Kumštytė, 2010
© Ugnė Žilytė, piešiniai, 2010
© Lietuvos kurčiųjų ir neprigirdinčiųjų ugdymo centras, 2010
© Leidykla „Homo liber“, 2010

Išvadas

Ši anglų kalbos mokymo priemonė skirta klausos sutrikimą turintiems penktos klasės mokiniams, pradedantiems mokytis anglų kalbos. Tikimės, kad mokymo priemonė „Happy Rill 1“ pagelbės anglų kalbos mokytojams, dirbantiems su kurčiais ir neprigirdinčiais mokiniais, nes iki šiol Lietuvoje nebuvo išleista jokia panaši mokymo priemonė ar vadovėlis.

Mokymo priemonė parengta remiantis Pagrindinio ugdymo bendrąja programa kurtiesiems ir neprigirdintiesiems bei metodinėmis rekomendacijomis. Priemonėje pateikiamas tik tų kalbinės veiklos sričių ugdymo turinys, kuriose šie mokiniai gali dalyvauti, – skaitymo ir rašymo.

Priemonę sudaro mokinio knyga ir žodynėlis. Mokinio knygoje yra 32 skyriai. Kiekviename skyriuje pateikta mokymo(si) medžiaga, skirta 2–3 pamokoms. Priemonėje gausu įdomių ir kūrybiškų užduočių, padedančių lavinti vaizduotę. Užduotys pateikiamos nuo lengvesnės iki sunkesnės, nuo atpažinimo iki kūrybos. Darbas grupėmis ir poromis leidžia diferencijuoti mokymą, teikia galimybių mokiniams mokytis atsižvelgiant į savo mokymosi stilių ir tempą, ugdo bendradarbiavimo įgūdžius. Gramatikos lentelės, taip pat gausios užduočių iliustracijos teikia vaizdumo, ypač reikalingo sutrikusios klausos mokinių mokymui(si). Pamoka pradedama naujų žodžių sąrašu „Remember new words“, kurie kitoje užduotyje pavartojami kontekste „Read and tell using the Lithuanian Sign language“.

Perskaičius tekstą atliekamos teksto supratimo užduotys „Read and fill in“, „Answer the questions“, „Match“, „Choose the right answer“, „Correct“. Toliau mokiniams pateikiamos gramatikos pratybos ir rašymo užduotys „Focus on the use“, „Make sentences“, „Write about yourself“, „Write a letter“. Pamoka baigiama kūrybinėmis užduotimis „Ask your friends and fill in“, „Find the words“, „Do the crossword“, „Draw and write“, „Guess and draw“, „Make a poster“ ir kt.

Mokymo priemonės žodynėlyje anglų kalbos daiktavardžiai pateikiami su artikeliais, o lietuvių kalbos daiktavardžiai, būdvardžiai ir skaitvardžiai – su vyriškosios bei moteriškosios giminės galūnėmis. Taip pat žodynėlyje galima rasti frazes – tai mokiniams padės išvengti pažodinio vertimo klaidų.

Contents

UNIT	PAGES	VOCABULARY	STUDY SKILLS
Preliminary Lesson	7	The English greetings	Say hello
1. The ABC	9	Alphabet	Compare English and Lithuanian alphabets
2. Step a My name is ...	10	Names and countries	The forms of be (am, is). Introduce yourself
2. Step b This is ...	12		Indefinite articles: a, an. Pronouns: he, she. Introduce your friends
3. Step a Family	14	Family members	Definite article: the. Preposition: on
3. Step b This is my family	16		Pronoun: it. Preposition: in. Read a letter
4. Step a Pets	18	Pets	Has got
4. Step b My pet	19		Have got. Read a message. Write a message
5. Step a At school	20	School items	Hasn't got
5. Step b I have got a ...	22		Haven't got
6. Step a How old are you?	23	Numbers 1 - 12	Ask about age. Plurals
6. Step b He is not twelve, he is ...	26		Be: negative and short forms
6. Step c Is he / she twelve?	27		Answer the questions
7. Step a Places	29	Places	Answer the questions
7. Step b Where?	30		Preposition: by. Answer the questions
7. Step c About girls and boys	32		Read about Bill, Laima and Tom. Use prepositions: in, on, at and by
8. Step a Actions	34	Actions	Present Simple: positive (he, she)
8. Step b My friend lives in...	36	Places	Write about your friends
8. Step c Every day, every summer or winter	37		Prepositions of time and direction
9. Step a Fruit	39	Fruit and colours	
9. Step b Colours	40		Draw and write your favourite colour
10. Step a Rooms	42	Rooms	Read about Bill's house
10. Step b My room	43		Draw your dream house
11. Revision lesson	44		
12. Step a We're happy in winter	45	Adjectives	Be: positive, negative and short forms. Pronouns: we, you, they

UNIT	PAGES	VOCABULARY	STUDY SKILLS
12. Step b Are they happy in winter?	48		Questions with be. Short answers. Answer the questions
13. Step a Food	49	Food	Write about your friends' favourite food
13. Step b I don't like ...	52		Present Simple: negative (I, you, we, they). Write about yourself
14. Step a You can see Santa Claus	54	Santa Claus and his friends	Can and can't for ability.
14. Step b Hello, I'm Santa Claus	56		Write your address. Write about yourself. Write about your friend
15. Step a Christmas	57	Christmas words	Read a letter. Write a letter to Santa Claus
15. Step b Merry Christmas!	59		Make and write a postcard
16. Step a Do you like cakes?	60	Food	Present Simple: questions (I, you, we, they) and short answers. Write about your favourite food
16. Step b Do you like ...?	61		Fill in the questionnaire. Make a poster "Our favourite food and drinks"
17. Step a Wild animals	64	Wild animals	Present Simple: negative (he, she, it). Guess and draw
17. Step b It likes honey	67		Read about the bear. Answer the questions
18. Step a In the animal world	69	Animals	Read about the animals. Write about a tiger. Guess and draw
18. Step b What can animals do?	71		Can and can't. Answer the questions with can. Make a poster "Our favourite wild animals"
19. Step a Friends	74		Present Simple: questions (he, she, it) and short answers. Read a letter
19. Step b My best friend	77		Where? (I, you, we, they). Answer the questions. Read a letter. Write a letter about your best friend
20. Step a Countries	80	Geographical words	Where?(he, she, it). Answer the questions. Cut, colour and write the names of the countries
20. Step b I love Lithuania!	82		Make a poster about Lithuania
21. Revision lesson	84		
22. Step a At home	86	Furniture	Draw and write about your room
22. Step b What are you doing now?	89		Present Continuous: positive (I)
23. Step a Birthday	90	Birthday words	Draw a birthday card and write

UNIT	PAGES	VOCABULARY	STUDY SKILLS
23. Step b I am flying a kite now	93		Present Simple (I) – Present Continuous (I)
24. Step a Farm animals	96	Farm animals	Present Continuous: positive (he, she, it)
24. Step b On the farm	98		Present Simple (I, he, she, it) – Present Continuous (I, he, she, it). Make a poster “Farm animals”
25. Step a Easter	100	Easter words	Read the text, answer the questions. Cut and colour Easter eggs
25. Step b Have you got an Easter egg?	102		Have got: questions and short answers. Read the card. Make a card
26. Step a The days of the week	104	The days of the week	Write about your every day activities. Let's
26. Step b In a week	107		Present Continuous: positive (we, you, they). Make a timetable and write about yourself. Write an e-mail
27. Step a What's the weather like?	109	Weather	Read the message. Write an e-mail.
27. Step b Weather and games	111		Present Continuous: questions and short answers. Make your games' timetable
28. Step a Seasons and games	113	Seasons and games	Like + Ving. Interview your friend
28. Step b Seasons and our duties	115		Have to. Write about your duties at home
29. Step a Body parts	117	Body parts	Why? Think and answer
29. Step b Face parts	119	Face parts	Possessive case. Read and draw faces. Describe your friend
30. Step a Shopping for clothes	122	Clothes	Write about your favourite clothes
30. Step b Let's do our shopping	124		Countable and uncountable nouns. Some, any. How much? How many?
31. Step a Means of transport	127	Means of transport	Answer the questions. Guess and draw
31. Step b Goodbye!	130		Present Continuous: negative
32. Revision lesson	132		
Anglų–lietuvių kalbų žodynėlis	135		
Lietuvių–anglų kalbų žodynėlis	140		
Priedai	146		

Išvadinė pamoka

HELLO, ENGLISH

Mieli vaikai!

Jūs pradėsite mokytis naujo dalyko – anglų kalbos. Anglų kalba yra labai paplitusi visame pasaulyje. Ji yra gimtoji kalba 370-čiai milijonų žmonių. Šalys, turinčios daugiausia angliškai kalbančių gyventojų:

- Jungtinės Amerikos Valstijos (the USA) – 250 milijonų,
- Jungtinė Karalystė (the UK) – 58 milijonai,
- Kanada (Canada) – 18 milijonų,
- Australija (Australia) – 15 milijonų.

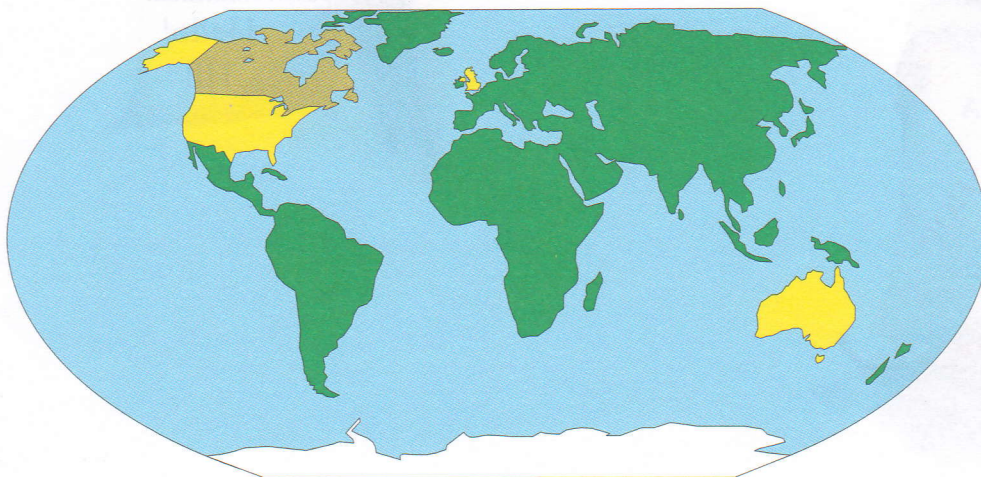
Anglų kalba visiškai kitokia negu lietuvių kalba, nes anglų kalbos žodžiai vienaip rašomi, o kitaip tariaami, bet anglų kalbos gramatika lengvesnė: žodžiai nelinksniuojami, todėl linksnių ir linksniuotųjų mokytis nereikia. Jūs mokysitės tik rašytinės anglų kalbos.

Jeigu norėsite sužinoti, ką reiškia angliškas žodis, atsiverskite knygos gale esantį anglų–lietuvių kalbų žodynėlį, o jeigu panorėsite parašyti žodį angliškai, ieškokite jo lietuvių–anglų kalbų žodynyje, taip pat esančiame knygos gale.

Mokytis anglų kalbos gramatikos jums padės nykštukas, o knygų lentynoje jūs rasite naujus žodžius.

1. A) FIND ENGLISH SPEAKING COUNTRIES

Surask šalis, kuriose kalbama angliškai.



1. The USA
2. The UK
3. Canada
4. Australia

B) USE THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE

Parodyk kiekvienos šalies gestą.

C) IS IT TRUE? CORRECT

Ištaisyk šiuos sakinius.

- 1) Anglų kalbos žodžiai tariami ir rašomi vienodai.
- 2) Anglų kalbos gramatika yra sunkesnė nei lietuvių kalbos.
- 3) Anglų kalba yra panaši į lietuvių kalbą.

2. FIND THE COUNTRIES THAT MATCH THE NUMBERS GIVEN

Surask šalis (žr. prieduose).

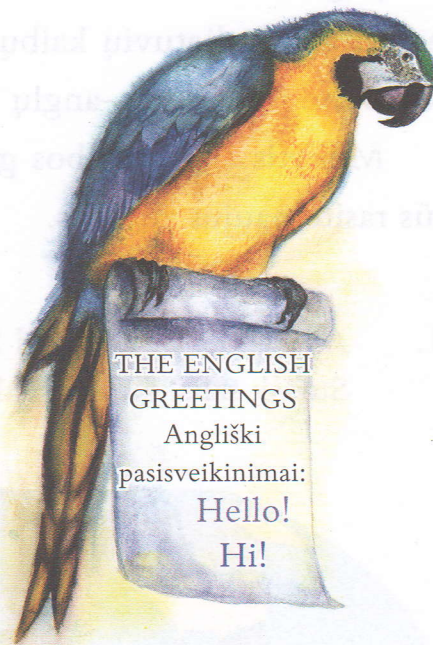
Iš knygos priedo nusikopijuok ir iškirpk namukus ir jų stogus. Kiekvienam namukui surask jo stogą pagal tai, kiek toje šalyje yra angliškai kalbančių gyventojų, ir priklijuok jį.

3. FINGERSPELL AND USE THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE

Išdaktiliuok pasisveikinimus ir parodyk juos gestais.

4. MAKE A POSTER





Padaryk plakatą su šiais žodžiais (žr. prieduose).



THE ABC

1. LEARN AND FINGERSPELL

Išmok ir išdaktiliuok.

		A a  Apple	B b  Boy
C c  Cat	D d  Dog	E e  Elephant	F f  Fish
G g  Girl	H h  Hill	I i  Ice cream	J j  Jam
K k  King	L l  Lion	M m  Mask	N n  Nut
O o  Orange	P p  Park	Q q  Queen	R r  Rabbit
S s  Sun	T t  Tiger	U u  Umbrella	V v  Vase
W w  Wolf	X x  Fox	Y y  Yard	Z z  Zebra

1. GROUP THE LETTERS
Sugrupuok raides (žr. prieduose).

English ABC

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z

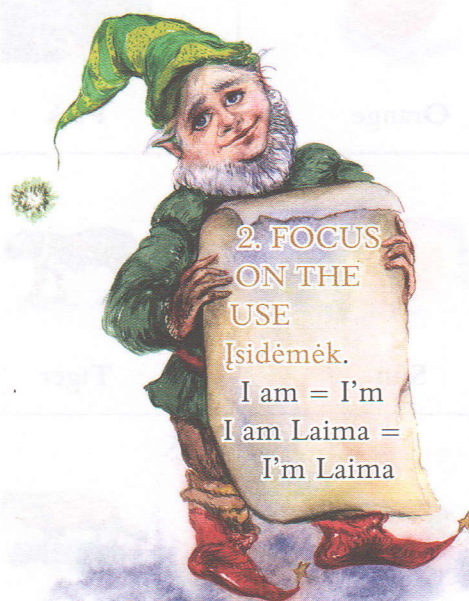
Lithuanian ABC

A Ą B C Č D E Ė F G H I Į J K L M N O P R S Š T U Ū V Z Ž

2. Step a

MY NAME IS ...

1. REMEMBER NEW WORDS
Išimink naujus žodžius.



3. READ
Perskaityk.



- Ar visi vaikai iš vienos šalies?
- Ar visi vaikai neprigirdintys?

4. IS IT TRUE? CORRECT
Ištaisyk šiuos sakinius.

- 1) I'm Laima. I'm from England.
- 2) My name is Tom. I'm deaf.
- 3) I'm Bill. I'm from Lithuania.
- 4) My name is Tom. I'm from the USA.
- 5) My name is Laima. I'm hard of hearing.

5. MAKE SENTENCES

Sudaryk sakinius.

My name	am	Laima.
I	is	from the USA.
		Tom.
		deaf.
		from Lithuania.
		hard of hearing.
		from England.
		Bill.

6. WRITE ABOUT YOURSELF

Parašyk apie save: savo vardą, esi kurčias ar neprigirdintis, kurioje šalyje gyveni.

- 1) My name is ...
- 2) I am ...
- 3) I am from ...

2. Step b

THIS IS ...

1. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Įsimink naujus žodžius.





Anglų kalboje prieš daiktavardžius vartojamas žodelis, kuris yra vadinamas artikeliu. **A** kite, **a** bike, **a** dog ir t. t.

Artikelį **a** žymėsime juodu kvadratėliu. Artikelis **a** = ■

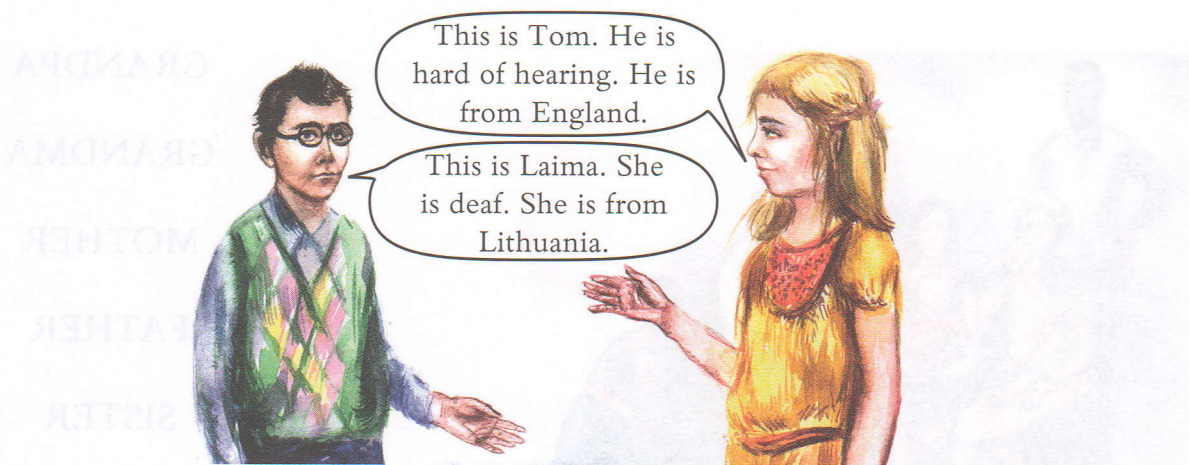
Artikelis **a** prieš žodžius, kurie prasideda balse, tampa **an**. **An** apple, **an** orange, **an** ice cream, **an** eye ir t. t.



Artikelio į lietuvių kalbą neverskite!!!

3. READ AND TELL USING THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE

Perskaityk ir papasakok lietuvių gestų kalba.



4. WRITE ABOUT YOUR CLASSMATES

Parašyk angliškai apie savo klasės draugus, pavyzdžiui:

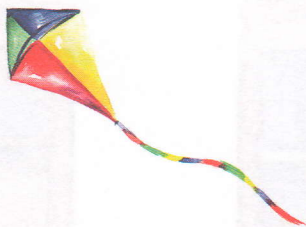
Čia yra Jonas. Jis yra kurčias. Čia yra Rasa. Ji yra neprigirdinti.

5. READ AND TELL USING THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE

Perskaityk ir papasakok lietuvių gestų kalba.



This is **a** hill.



This is **a** kite.



This is **a** bike.

6. WRITE THE WORDS AND FILL IN THE GAPS

Parašyk žodžius ir įrašyk trūkstamas raides.

T__ is is, a k__te, __ bike, a hi__l, sh__, a d__g, an ap__le.

7. WRITE IN ENGLISH

Parašyk angliškai.

- 1) Čia yra ■ aitvaras.
- 2) Čia yra ■ dviratis.
- 3) Čia yra ■ kalva.
- 4) Čia yra Laima.
- 5) Čia yra ■ šuo.

3. Step a

FAMILY



GRANDPA

GRANDMA

MOTHER

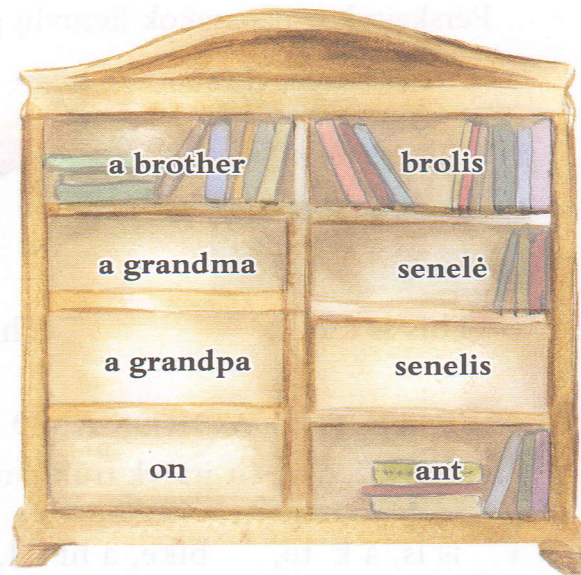
FATHER

SISTER

BROTHER

1. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Įsimink naujus žodžius.



2. DRAW AND NAME THE MEMBERS OF YOUR FAMILY

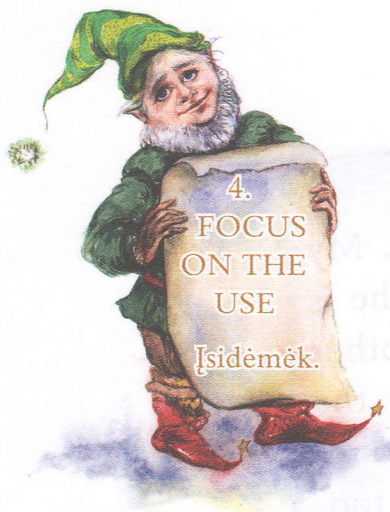
Nupiešk, sužymėk savo šeimos narius ir pristatyk visus lietuvių gestų kalba, o tada sąsiuvinyje aprašyk savo šeimos narius angliškai, remkis žemiau pateiktu pavyzdžiu.

Pvz.: *Hello, I am Jonas. Meet my family: My grandma Ona ir t. t. ...*

3. FIND 7 FAMILY WORDS

Surask 7 žodžius, susijusius su šeima.

A	J	Q	S	H	I	N	O	F	D	U	K	W
I	P	G	A	U	C	G	F	A	M	I	L	Y
X	L	R	E	M	B	Y	M	T	I	Z	Q	I
G	R	A	N	D	M	A	E	H	E	S	U	B
B	D	N	E	K	O	P	Y	E	L	I	X	R
U	N	D	W	O	T	A	K	R	Z	S	A	O
C	A	P	O	S	H	Y	R	T	A	T	P	T
W	I	A	N	G	E	F	B	A	L	E	Z	H
E	N	G	L	U	R	T	Z	E	B	R	Y	E
J	U	X	Q	I	E	S	K	I	L	D	O	R



Prieš žinomų, antrą kartą paminėtų daiktų pavadinimus anglų kalboje vartokite artikelį **the**.

Artikelį **the** žymėsime baltu rombu.

Artikelis **the** = ◇



Artikelio į lietuvių kalbą neverskite!!!

5. TELL USING THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE AND DRAW

Papasakok lietuvių gestų kalba ir nupiešk.

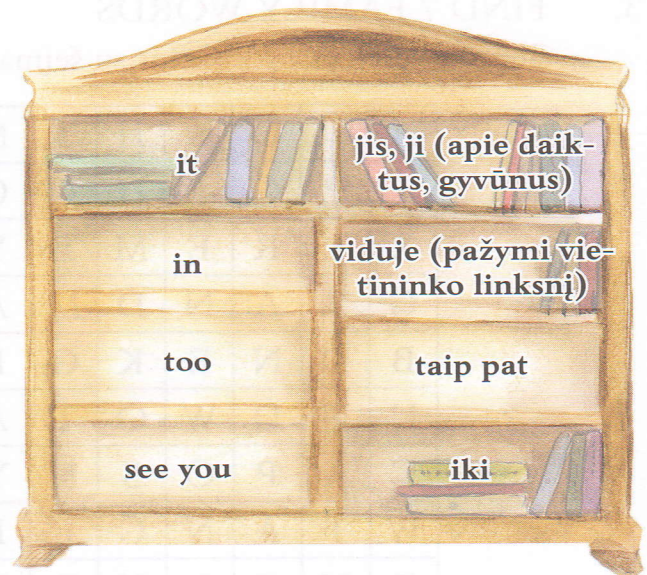
- 1) This is Laima. Laima is on **the** bike. **The** bike is on **the** hill.
- 2) This is **a** kite. **The** kite is on **the** sofa.
- 3) This is **a** dog. **The** dog is on **the** hill.

3. Step b

THIS IS MY FAMILY

1. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Įsimink naujus žodžius.



Hi Laima,
This is my family. My little sister Eve. She is in bed. My big brother David. He is on the sofa. My father John. He is on the sofa too. My mother Ann. She is in the armchair.

See you,
Tom

Eve – Ievutė
David – Deividas
John – Jonas
Ann – Ona

2. IS IT TRUE? CORRECT

Ištaisyk šiuos sakinius.

- 1) Eve is on the sofa.
- 2) David is in bed.
- 3) Ann is in bed too.
- 4) John is in the armchair.



It – jis / ji daiktams ir gyvūnams.

a bed = it, a dog = it.

4. FILL IN THE GAPS

Įrašyk trūkstamus žodžius. Vietoj taškų įrašyk tinkamus įvardžius *she, he, it*.

Pvz.: Rasa = *she*

Laima = ...

a sofa = ...

Bill = ...

Ann = ...

a bike = ...

a dog = ...

a hill = ...

a kite = ...

Tom = ...

5. WRITE THE SENTENCES AND FILL IN THE GAPS

Perrašyk šiuos sakinius ir įrašyk trūkstamas raides.

a) The d__g is __n th__ h__ll.

b) Th__s is Eve. Sh____s in b__d.

c) Th__s is T__m. H____s on the b__ke.

6. WRITE IN ENGLISH

Parašyk angliškai.

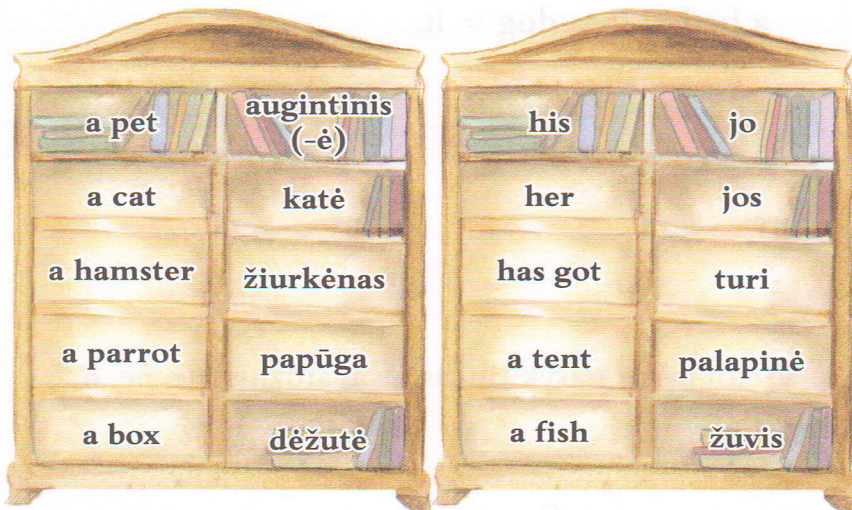
- 1) Čia yra ■ aitvaras. Jis yra ant ◇ didelės lovos.
- 2) Čia yra Jonas. Jis yra ant ◇ sofos.
- 3) Čia yra ■ dviratis. Jis yra ant ◇ kalvos.
- 4) Čia yra Ievutė. Ji yra ant ◇ mažo dviratuko.

4. Step a

PETS

1. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Įsimink naujus žodžius.



Kuris gyvūnas tau labiausiai patinka?



2. READ AND TELL USING THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE

Perskaityk ir papasakok lietuvių gestų kalba.

- 1) Laima has got a hamster. His name is Rikis.
- 2) Tom has got a big dog. His name is Rex.
- 3) Bill has got a parrot. Her name is Polly.

3. IS IT TRUE? CORRECT

Ištaisyk šiuos sakinius.

- 1) Laima has got a parrot.
- 2) Tom has got a hamster.
- 3) Bill has got a dog.

4. READ AND TELL USING THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE

Perskaityk ir papasakok lietuvių gestų kalba.

This is David. He has got a big cat. Her name is Princess. Princess is in her box.

5. WRITE IN ENGLISH

Parašyk angliškai.

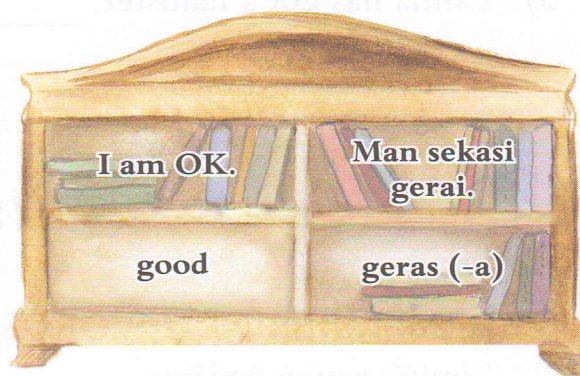
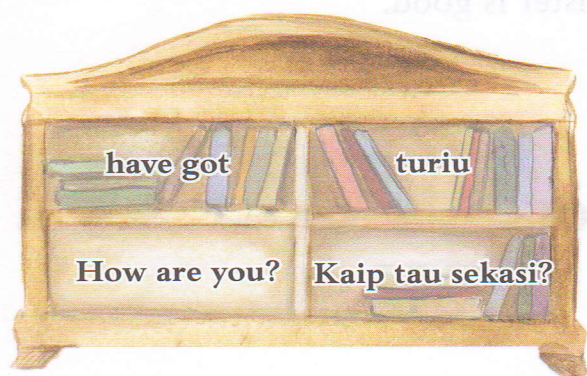
- 1) Tomas turi ■ didelį šunį. Jo šuo yra ◇ palapinėje.
- 2) Laima turi ■ žiurkėną. Jos žiurkėnas yra ◇ dėžėje.
- 3) Mano dviratis yra ant ◇ kalnelio.

4. Step b

MY PET

1. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Įsimink naujus žodžius.



2. READ AND TELL USING THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE

Perskaityk ir papasakok lietuvių gestų kalba.

Hi Tom,

How are you? I'm OK. I have got a sister. Her name is Rasa. I have got a hamster. His name is Rikis. I have got a good bike too.

See you,
Laima

3. MAKE SENTENCES

Sudaryk sakinius.

I	has got	a sister.
Laima		a hamster.
Tom	have got	a brother.
Bill		a dog.
		a parrot.
		a cat.

4. WRITE A MESSAGE

Parašyk žinutę. Parašyk Tomui, kaip jis parašė Laimai; pasiteirauk, kaip jam sekasi, parašyk, kaip tau sekasi, papasakok, kokį gyvūną turi, koks jo vardas.

5. WRITE THE SENTENCES AND FILL IN THE GAPS

Parašyk sakinius ir įrašyk trūkstantus įvardžius *his*, *her*.

- 1) This is a big dog. _____ name is Rex.
- 2) David has got a cat. _____ cat is in the box.
- 3) Laima has got a hamster. _____ hamster is good.

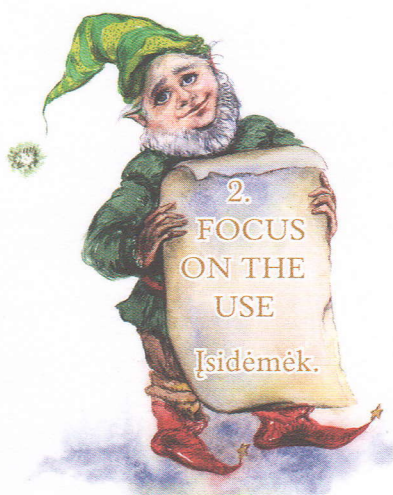
5. Step a

AT SCHOOL

1. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Įsimink naujus žodžius.





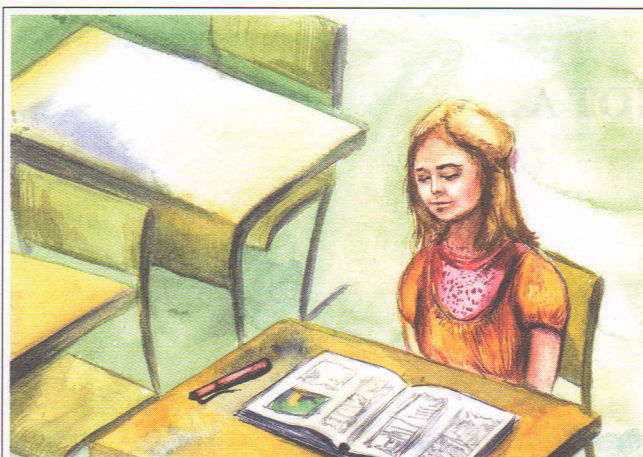
Norėdami paneigti, anglų kalboje pridėkite žodelį **not**.

Neturi

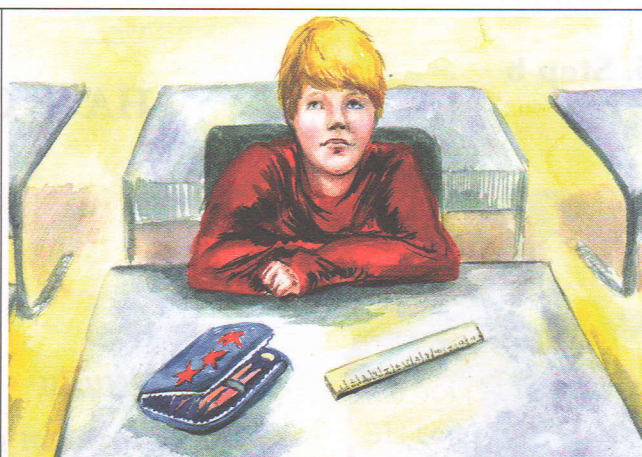
Has **not** got = hasn't got

3. READ

Perskaityk.



Laima is at school. She is in her classroom. She is at her desk. She has got **a** book and **a** pen. She hasn't got **an** eraser and **a** pencil.



Bill is in his classroom too. He has got **a** pencil-case and **a** ruler. He hasn't got **a** book.

- Kiek daiktų Laima turi ant suolo? Kiek – Bilas?

4. IS IT TRUE? CORRECT

Ištaisyk šiuos sakinius.

- 1) Laima is at home.
- 2) She has got **an** eraser.
- 3) She hasn't got **a** pen.
- 4) Bill has got **a** book.
- 5) He hasn't got **a** ruler.

5. FINISH THE SENTENCES

Pabaik sakinius.

1. Laima hasn't got a brother, but she has got a ...
2. Bill hasn't got a dog, but he has got a ...
3. Tom hasn't got a cat, but he has got a ...

6. FILL IN THE GAPS

Įrašyk praleistas raides.

a r _ ler, an _ raser, a b _ g, a bo _ k, a clas _ room, a d _ sk, a p _ ncil, at
h _ me, a p _ n, at scho _ l.

5. Step b

I HAVE GOT A...

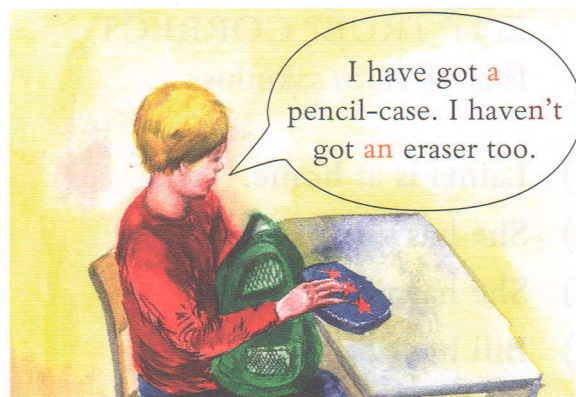
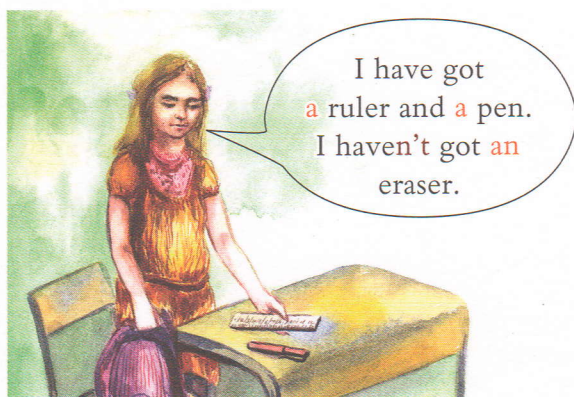


Neturiu

Have not got = haven't got

2. READ

Perskaityk.



- Ko neturi Laima ir Bilas?

3. WRITE

Parašyk, ką tu turi ir ko neturi.

I	have got haven't got	a book. a parrot. a pen. a dog. a sister. a pencil-case. a brother. a ruler. an eraser. a cat. a pencil. a pen. a hamster. a book. a bag.
---	-----------------------------	---

4. READ AND TELL USING THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE

Perskaityk ir papasakok, ką sužinojai apie Bilą.

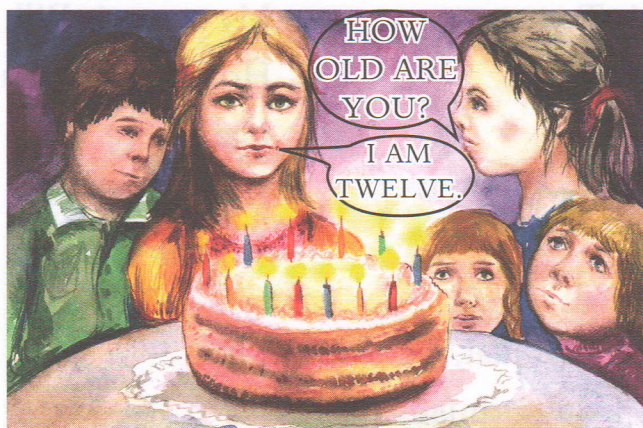
My name is Bill. I haven't got a brother, but I have got a big sister. Her name is Barbara. She is deaf too. I haven't got a dog, but I have got a parrot. Her name is Polly.

5. DO THE CROSSWORD

Išspręsk kryžiažodį. Raidės žodžiuose yra sukeistos vietomis, į kryžiažodį reikia įrašyti taisyklingą žodį (žr. prieduose).

6. Step a

HOW OLD ARE YOU?



1. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

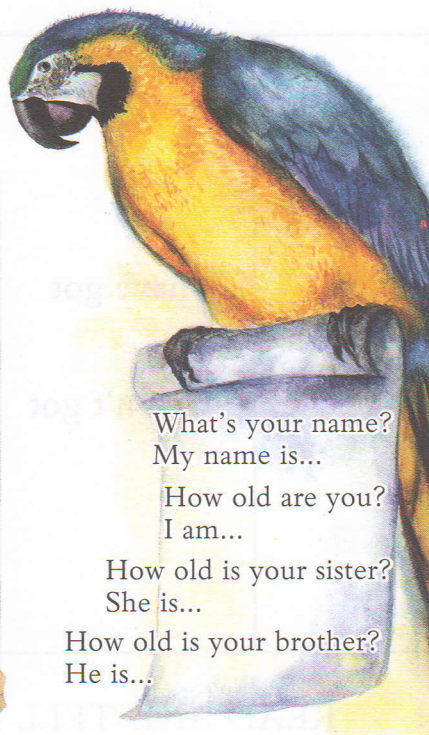
Įsimink naujus žodžius.

1 one	vienas (-a)
2 two	du / dvi
3 three	trys
4 four	keturi (-ios)
5 five	penki (-ios)
6 six	šeši (-ios)
7 seven	septyni (-ios)

8 eight	aštuoni (-ios)
9 nine	devyni (-ios)
10 ten	dešimt
11 eleven	vienuolika
12 twelve	dvylika
your	tavo / jūsų

2. FOCUS ON THE USE

Įsidėmėk.



What's your name?
My name is...

How old are you?
I am...

How old is your sister?
She is...

How old is your brother?
He is...

3. READ

Perskaityk.

a) What's your name?

My name is Laima.

How old are you?

I am twelve.

How old is your hamster?

Rikis is two.



b) What's your name?

My name is Tom.

How old are you?

I am twelve.

How old is your dog?

Rex is six.

c) What's your name?

My name is Bill.

How old are you?

I am eleven.

How old is your parrot?

Polly is three.

- Kiek metų yra Laimai, Tomui ir Bilui?
- Kiek metų jų augintiniams?

4. ANSWER THE QUESTIONS

Atsakyk į klausimus.

- 1) What's your name?
- 2) How old are you?
- 3) How old is your pet?

5. MAKE SENTENCES

Sudaryk sakinius.

How old	your name?
What's	are you?
I'm	a sister.
I've got	from Lithuania.

6. INTERVIEW YOUR FRIENDS

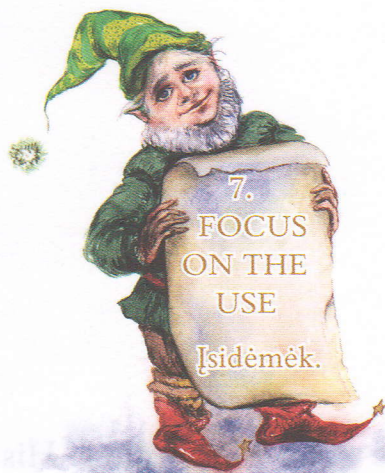
Sužinok savo draugų amžių: parašyk draugo vardą ir kiek jam metų.

Rimas is ten.

Jonas is...

Lina is...

Daiktavardžių daugiskaitos sudarymas.



Jeigu norite parašyti daiktavardžio daugiskaitą, prie jo pridėkite galūnę **-s**: *a bag - two bags*.

Prie daiktavardžių, kurie baigiasi priebalsiais **-s, -x, -z, -sh, -ch**, pridėkite galūnę **-es**: *a box - five boxes*.

Su daiktavardžių daugiskaita nevartokite artikelio **a**.

8. MAKE THE PLURALS

Parašyk daugiskaita.

a pen — 8

eight pens

1. a box — 10

...

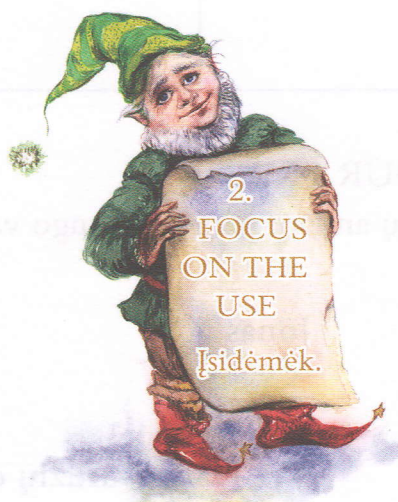
- 2. a kite — 5 ...
- 3. a dog — 2 ...
- 4. a bus — 7 ...
- 5. a desk — 11 ...
- 6. a pencil — 9 ...

6. Step b

HE IS NOT TWELVE, HE IS...

1. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Įsimink naujus žodžius.



I am not = I'm not
 He is not = He isn't
 She is not = She isn't
 It is not = It isn't

3. READ Perskaityk.

Twenty — 20 (*dvidešimt*)

I am Tom. I am twelve and I am a schoolboy. I have got a big brother. His name is David. He isn't a schoolboy. He is *twenty* and he is a student.

I am Bill. I am eleven and I am a schoolboy. I have got a big sister. Her name is Barbara. She isn't a schoolgirl. She is *twenty* and she is a student too.

- Kiek metų Tomo broliui? Ką jis veikia?
- Kiek metų Bilo sesei? Ką ji veikia?

4. MAKE SENTENCES

Sudaryk sakinius.

I	is	a student.
Tom		
Bill	is not	a schoolboy.
Barbara		
David	am	a schoolgirl.
He		
She	am not	a big girl.
		a big boy.

5. WRITE IN ENGLISH

Parašyk angliškai.

- 1) Aš esu ■ didelė mergaitė (didelis berniukas).
- 2) Aš nesu ■ studentas.
- 3) Aš esu kurčias (neprigirdintis).
- 4) Aš esu mokykloje.
- 5) Aš esu ■ mokinys (mokinė).
- 6) Man yra ... (metų).
- 7) Aš turiu ■ sesę / brolių.
- 8) Jam / Jai yra... (metų).

6. Step c

IS HE / SHE TWELVE?

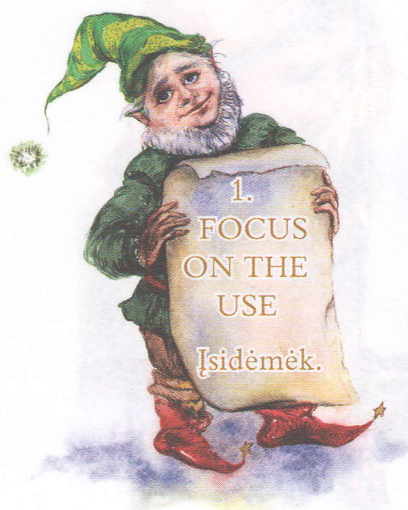
Klausimai, kurie lietuvių kalboje prasideda klausiamuoju žodžiu *ar*, anglų kalboje gali būti pradedami veiksmažodžiu *is, has*:

Is Tom twelve? – *Ar* Tomui dvylika metų?

Has Bill got a sister? – *Ar* Bilas turi sesę?

Atsakydami į tokį klausimą teigiamai, pradėkite sakinį žodžiu *Yes*, paskui vartokite atitinkamą įvardį *he / she / it*, tada pavartokite pirmąjį klausimo žodį *is* arba *has*.

Is Barbara a student? – Yes, she *is*.



Has Tom got a brother? — Yes, he *has*.

Atsakydami neigiamai, sakinį pradėkite žodžiu *No*, pridėkite įvardį *he / she / it*, pakartokite klausimo žodį *is* arba *has* ir dar pridėkite žodelį *not*.

Is Laima a student? — No, she *is* not.

Has Bill got a dog? — No, he *has* not.

2. ANSWER THE QUESTIONS

Atsakyk į klausimus. Prisimink anksčiau skaitytus tekstus.

- 1) Is Barbara ten?
- 2) Is David twenty?
- 3) Is Bill twelve?
- 4) Is Bill deaf?
- 5) Has Bill got a brother?
- 6) Is Laima a student?
- 7) Has Laima got a sister?
- 8) Is Tom hard of hearing?
- 9) Has Tom got a big cat?
- 10) Is Tom a schoolboy?



3. WRITE

Parašyk. Perrašyk klausimus ir pažiūrėjęs į piešinius atsakyk į juos raštu.

- | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1) Has Laima got a hamster? | 6) Is Bill a schoolboy? |
| 2) Is Rikis a big hamster? | 7) Has Tom got a dog? |
| 3) Is Laima a schoolgirl? | 8) Has Tom got a big dog? |
| 4) Has Bill got a parrot? | 9) Has Tom got a little dog? |
| 5) Is Polly a cat? | 10) Is Tom a student? |

4. READ AND WRITE

Perskaityk ir parašyk. Perrašyk tik tuos sakinius, kurie yra teisingi.

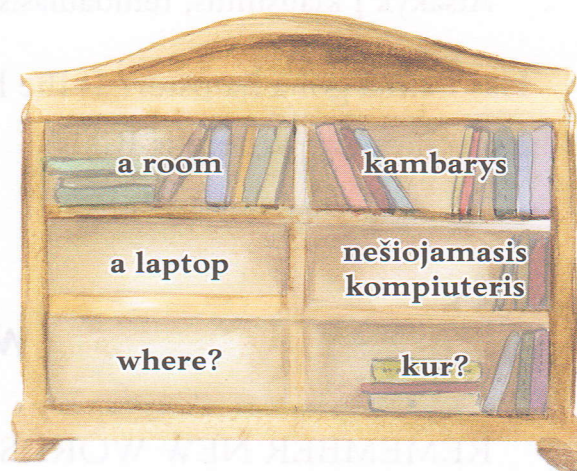
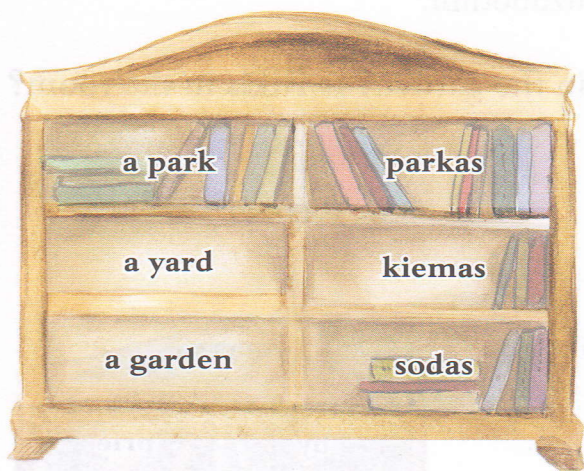
- | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1) Laima has got twelve hamsters. | 4) Laima has got ten books. |
| 2) Tom has got two pens. | 5) Bill has got one sister. |
| 3) Bill has got nine parrots. | 6) Tom has got eleven bikes. |

7. Step a

PLACES

1. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Įsimink naujus žodžius.



2. ANSWER THE QUESTIONS

Atsakyk į klausimus, žiūrėdamas į piešinius.



a) This is Rex. Is Rex in the park? Is he in the yard? Is he in the garden?



b) This is Tom. Is Tom in the yard? Is he in the classroom? Where is Tom? Has Tom got a big bag? Has he got a laptop?

3. READ AND DRAW

Perskaityk ir nupiešk.

In Laima's room – Laimos kambaryje

This is Laima. She is at home. Her hamster Rikis is not in the yard. He is not in the garden. Rikis is on the sofa in Laima's room.

4. ANSWER THE QUESTIONS

Atsakyk į klausimus, remdamasis trečiaja užduotimi.

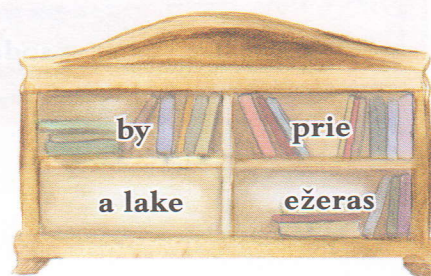
Has Laima got a hamster? Is the hamster in the garden? Is Rikis in the room? Is he on the sofa? Where is Rikis?

7. Step b

WHERE?

1. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Įsimink naujus žodžius.

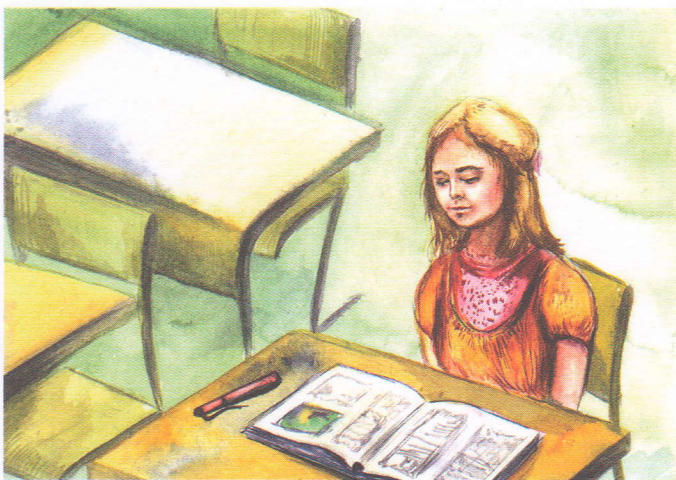




1) Bill is by the lake. He is not in the lake.



2) Tom is on the hill. He is by his tent. He is not in the tent.



3) Laima is at school. She is not at home.

2. ANSWER THE QUESTIONS

Atsakyk į klausimus, žiūrėdamas į piešinius.

1 piešinys:

- | | |
|---------------------|----------------------|
| 1) Is Bill at home? | 3) Has he got a bag? |
| 2) Is he at school? | 4) Where is Bill? |

2 piešinys:

- | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| 1) Is Tom in his classroom? | 3) Where is he? |
| 2) Is he at home? | 4) Has Tom got a tent? |

3 piešinys:

- | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1) Is Laima in the garden? | 3) Is she in the classroom? |
| 2) Is she in the yard? | 4) Where is Laima? |

3. READ AND DRAW

Perskaityk ir nupiešk.

- a) Tom has got a little sister. Her name is Eve. She is on the sofa. Her little bag is on the sofa too.
- b) Bill has got a big sister. Her name is Barbara. Barbara is on her bike. She is by the lake.

4. IS IT TRUE? CORRECT

Ištaisyk šiuos teiginius.

- 1) Tom has got a big sister.
- 2) Little Eve is in the classroom.
- 3) Bill has got a big brother.
- 4) Eve has got a big bag.
- 5) Barbara is at home.

5. INSERT A OR THE

Įrašyk artikelį *a* arba *the*.

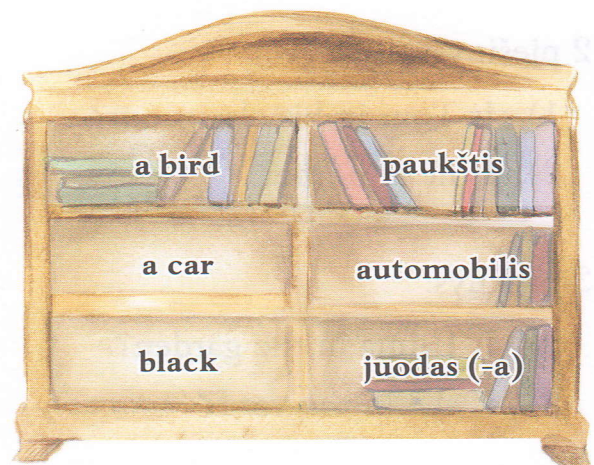
- 1) This is _____ book. _____ book is on my desk.
- 2) Tom has got _____ tent. His dog Rex is in _____ tent.

7. Step c

ABOUT GIRLS AND BOYS

1. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Įsimink naujus žodžius.



2. INSERT IN, ON, AT, BY

Irašyk *in, on, at* arba *by*.

- 1) Little Eve is ____ home. She is ____ the sofa.
- 2) My book is ____ my bag.
- 3) Barbara is not ____ school.
- 4) Tom has got a tent. His tent is ____ the hill.
- 5) Bill is ____ the lake.

3. IS IT TRUE? CORRECT

Ištaisyk šiuos sakinius.

- 1) This is a park.
- 2) Rex is in the garden.
- 3) The black cat has got a big bird.



4. TELL USING THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE

Papasakok lietuvių gestų kalba, ką sužinojai apie savo vadovėlio veikėjus: Bilą, Tomą ir Laimą. Pasakyk, kas jie yra ir ką jie turi. Jei pamiršai, tau padės priminimas.

Bill is a deaf schoolboy. He is from the USA. Bill has got a big sister Barbara. She is a student. Bill has got a parrot Polly.

Tom is a hard of hearing schoolboy. He is from England. Tom has got a big brother David and a little sister Eve. David is a student. Tom has got a big dog Rex.

Laima is a deaf schoolgirl. She is from Lithuania. Laima has got a sister Rasa and a hamster Rikis.

5. WRITE IN ENGLISH

Parašyk angliškai.

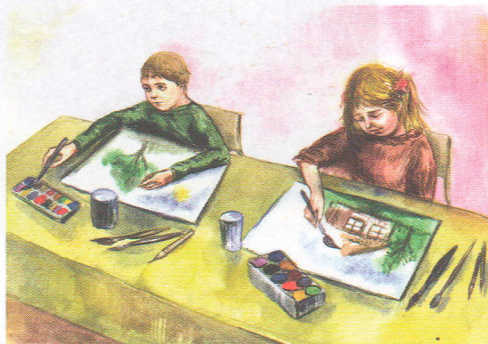
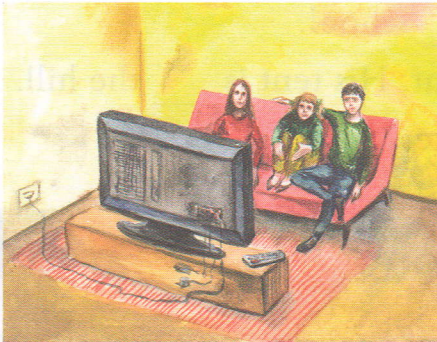
- 1) ■ mažas paukštelis yra ant ◇ didelio automobilio.
- 2) Barbara nėra ■ mokinė, ji (yra) ■ studentė.
- 3) Rikis nėra ■ katinas, jis (yra) ■ žiurkėnas.
- 4) Tomas turi ■ gerą palapinę.
- 5) ■ automobilis yra ◇ kieme.

8. Step a

ACTIONS

1. WHAT DO YOU LIKE TO DO AFTER SCHOOL?

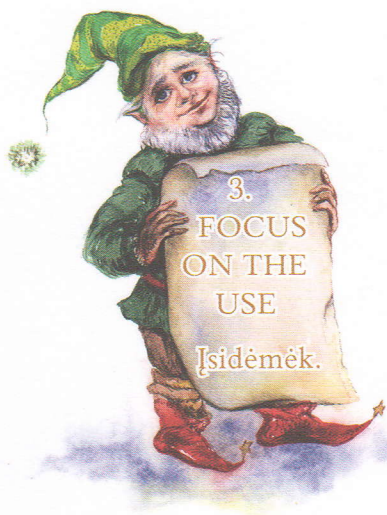
Ką mėgsti veikti po pamokų?



2. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Įsimink naujus žodžius.





He / she /it

LIVES – gyvena

DANCES – šoka

PLAYS – žaidžia

SWIMS – plaukioja

SURFS THE NET – naršo internete

WATCHES TV – žiūri televizorių

DRAWS – piešia

SLEEPS – miega

4. READ AND ANSWER

Perskaityk ir atsakyk.

Laima surfs the Net. Her sister draws a picture. Tom watches TV. His big brother David watches TV too. Bill plays basketball. He plays basketball every day.

a) Ką laisvalaikio veikia Laima, Tomas ir Bilas?

Laima lives in Vilnius. Her sister Rasa lives in Vilnius too.

Tom lives in London. His little sister Eve lives in London too.

Bill lives in New York. His big sister Barbara lives in New York too.

David lives in Oxford.

b) Kur gyvena mūsų vadovėlio veikėjai?

5. FILL IN THE GAPS

Įrašyk tinkamą veiksmąžodį.

1. Rasa _____	in Vilnius.	sleeps
2. David _____	on his sofa.	surfs
3. Rex _____	in the lake.	lives
4. Bill _____	basketball.	swims
5. Laima _____	the Net.	plays

6. WRITE IN ENGLISH

Parašyk angliškai.

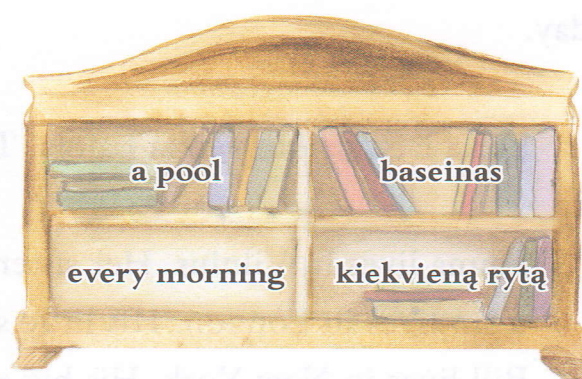
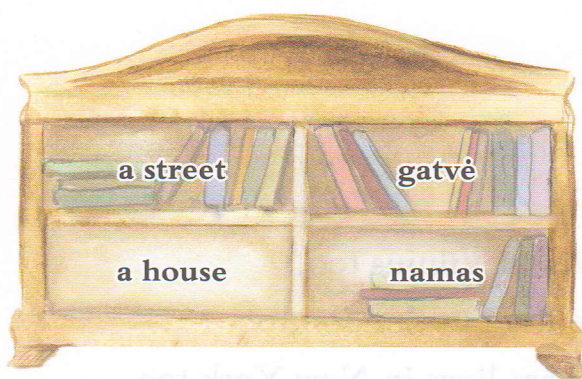
1. ■ mažas paukštelis gyvena ◇ sode.
2. Mano katinas miega ◇ dėžutėje.
3. ■ didelis šuo plaukioja ◇ ežere.
4. Bilas žaidžia krepšinį ◇ kieme.
5. Laima naršo internete kiekvieną dieną.

8. Step b

MY FRIEND LIVES IN ...

1. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Įsimink naujus žodžius.



2. WRITE ABOUT YOUR CLASSMATES

Parašyk apie klasės draugus: kokiam mieste (kaime), kokioje gatvėje gyvena tavo klasės draugas, pvz., *Daiva lives in Palanga. She lives in Basanavičius street.*

3. READ AND TELL USING THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE

Perskaityk ir papasakok lietuvių gestų kalba, ką sužinojai apie Semą:

This is a black boy. His name is Sam. Sam lives in the USA. He lives in Los Angeles. The house where Sam lives has got a big yard. The house has got a good garden too. Every morning Sam swims in the pool.



4. WRITE ABOUT YOUR BEST FRIEND

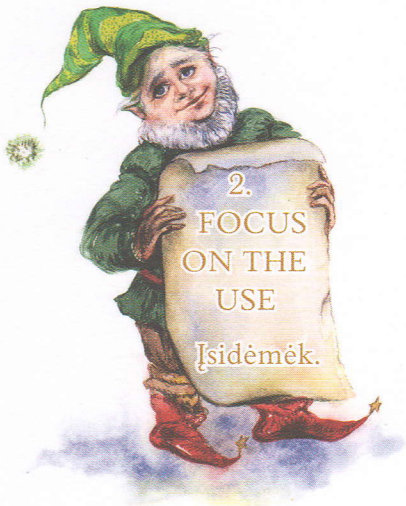
Anglų kalba parašyk penkis sakinius apie savo geriausią draugą. Remkis trečiaja užduotimi.

8. Step c

EVERY DAY, EVERY SUMMER OR WINTER

1. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Įsimink naujus žodžius.



in summer — vasarą
in winter — žiemą
to the lake — prie ežero
to the sea — prie jūros

to Palanga — į Palangą
to the seaside — į pajūrį
to the yard — į kiemą



with his sister

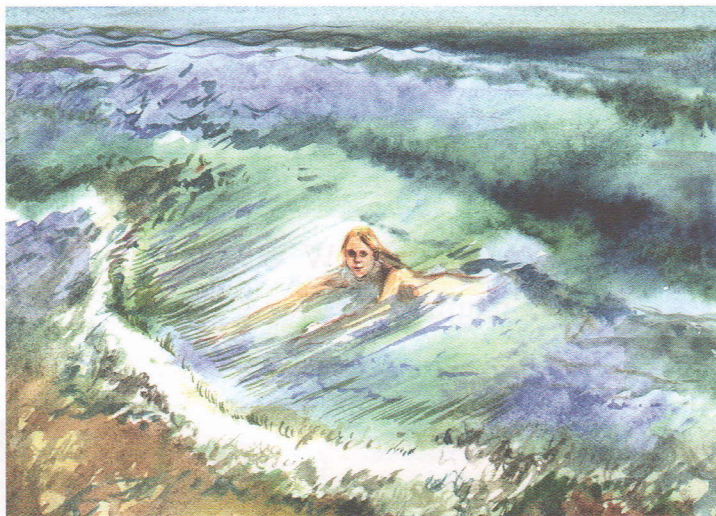


to Palanga

3. READ AND TELL USING THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE

Perskaityk ir papasakok lietuvių gestų kalba, ką sužinojai apie Rasą:

Every summer Rasa goes to the seaside. A big bus takes Rasa to Palanga. Rasa goes to the seaside every day. She has got a dog. His name is Sargis. Rasa takes her dog Sargis to the sea. She swims in the sea. The dog runs and plays with Rasa.



4. IS IT TRUE? CORRECT

Ištaisyk šiuos sakinius.

- 1) Rasa takes her hamster to Palanga.
- 2) She swims in the lake.
- 3) Sargis plays with Rex.

5. WRITE IN ENGLISH

Parašyk angliškai:

- 1) Autobusas važiuoja į Kauną kiekvieną dieną.
- 2) Kiekvieną vasarą ji plaukioja jūroje.
- 3) Rasa žiemą gyvena Vilniuje.
- 4) Jis eina prie ežero kiekvieną rytą.
- 5) Ievutė žaidžia su Tomu kieme.

6. WRITE ABOUT YOUR BEST FRIEND

Parašyk po 2–3 sakinius, kokius daiktus tavo draugas pasiima eidamas: a) prie jūros, b) prie ežero, c) į kiemą.

9. Step a

FRUIT

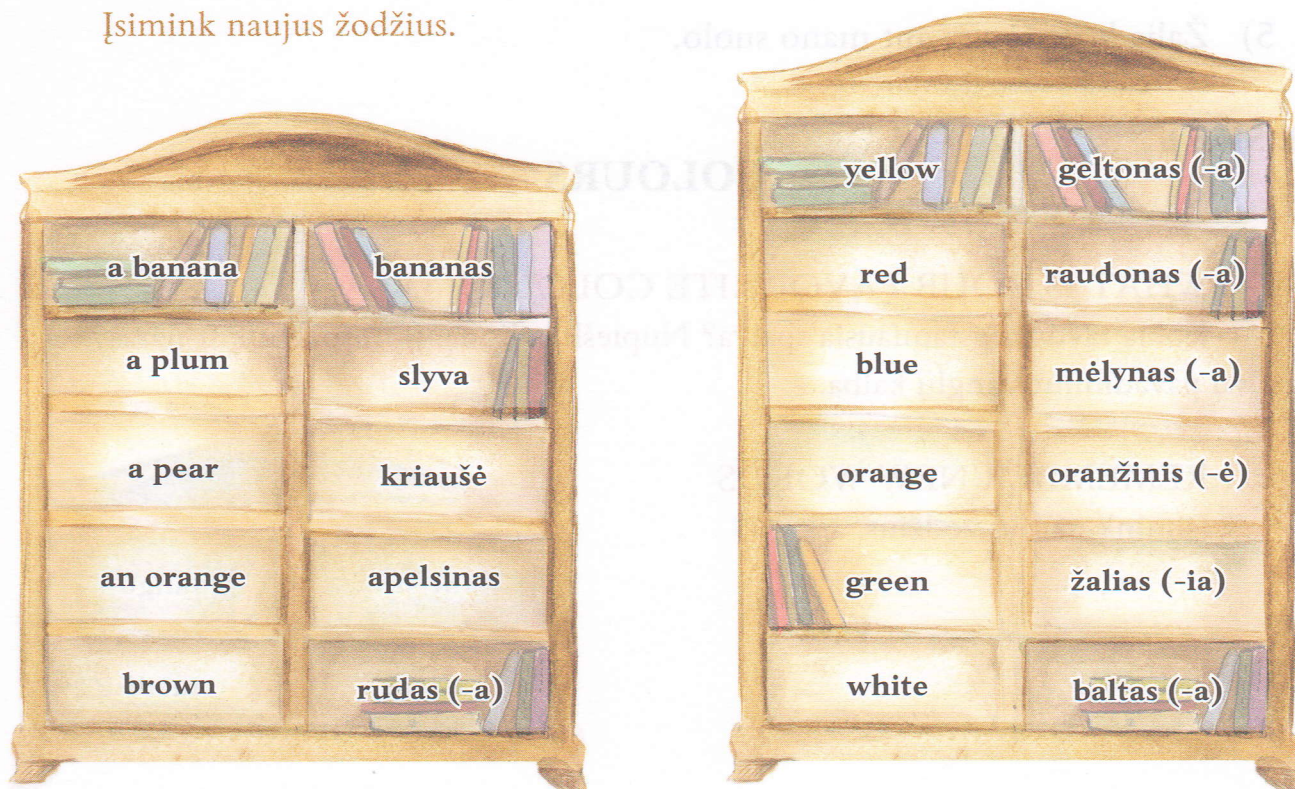
1. NAME THE FRUIT. WHAT IS YOUR FAVOURITE FRUIT?

Išvardyk nupieštus vaisius. Pasakyk, koks tavo mėgstamiausias vaisius.



2. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Išimink naujus žodžius.



3. IS IT TRUE? CORRECT

Ištaisyk žodžių junginius.

- | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| 1) a red banana | 4) a green orange |
| 2) a blue apple | 5) a white plum |
| 3) an orange pear | |

4. READ AND DRAW

Perskaityk ir nupiešk.

- 1) An orange orange is on the brown desk.
- 2) A yellow banana is in the blue box.
- 3) A red apple is in the black bag.

5. WRITE IN ENGLISH

Parašyk angliškai.

- 1) Geltona katė yra kieme.
- 2) Mano mėlynas parkeris yra mano penale.
- 3) Raudonas obuolys yra sode.
- 4) Mano oranžinis dviratis yra ant žalios kalvos.
- 5) Žalia kriaušė yra ant mano suolo.

9. Step b

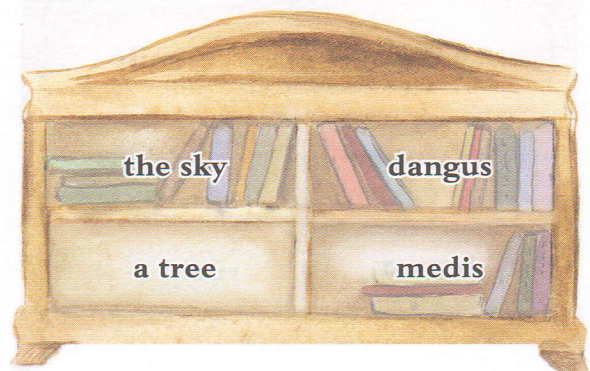
COLOURS

1. WHAT IS YOUR FAVOURITE COLOUR?

Kokia tavo mėgstamiausia spalva? Nupiešk balioną, jį nuspalvink ir užrašyk spalvų pavadinimus anglų kalba.

2. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Įsimink naujus žodžius.



3. TELL USING THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE

Papasakok lietuvių gestų kalba, kokių spalvų yra mūsų vadovėlio veikėjų augintiniai. Kokie jų vardai?

Laima has got a little brown hamster. His name is Rikis. Tom has got a big black dog. His name is...

Bill has got a big white parrot. Her name is...

4. FILL IN THE GAPS

Įrašyk praleistas raides.

- 1) The sk__ is bl__e. It is not brow__.
- 2) The yello__ tent is not on the hil___. The gr__ _n tree is __n the hill to __.
- 3) Tom has got a re__ pen. His pen is in h__s oran__e ba__.
- 4) David has got a b__g __ellow cat. H__s cat is in t__e box.
- 5) The g__rden is gree__.

5. MAKE SENTENCES

Sudaryk sakinius.

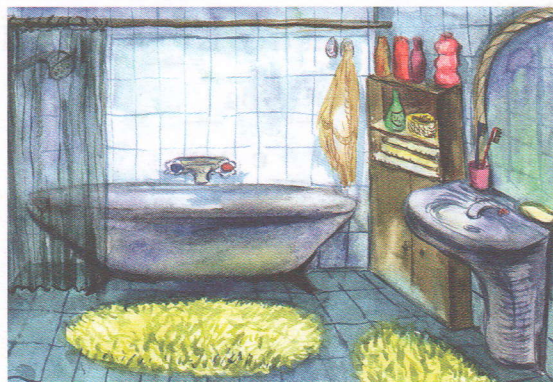
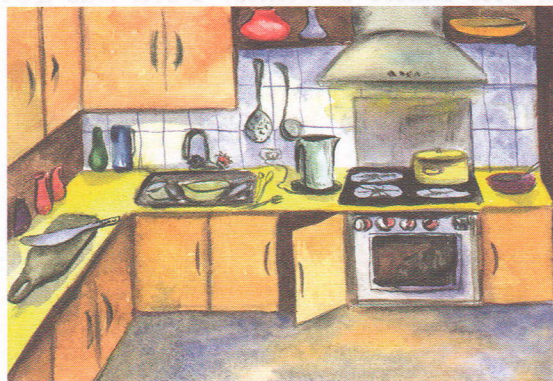
Laima	is	a black pen.
Tom	has got	on a green hill.
Bill	is not	a little brown hamster.
He	have got	an orange bag.
She	am	at school.
I		by the lake (prie ežero).
The dog		

10. Step a

ROOMS

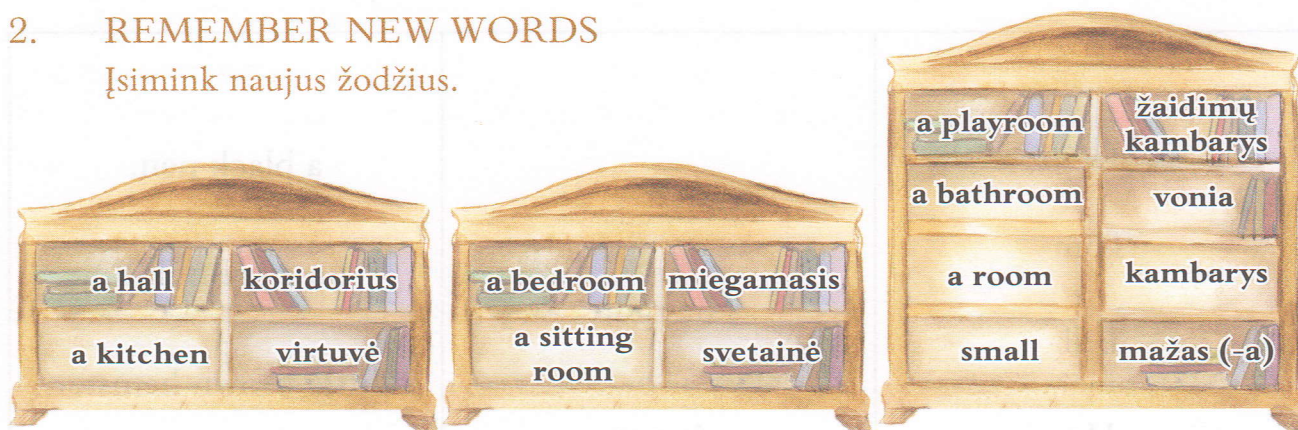
1. WHAT ROOMS ARE IN YOUR HOME?

Kokie kambariai yra tavo namuose?



2. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Įsimink naujus žodžius.



3. READ AND TELL USING THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE

Perskaityk ir papasakok lietuvių gestų kalba.

Bill lives in New York. He lives in a big house. The house where Bill lives has got a hall, a kitchen, a bathroom, a sitting room and a playroom. Bill sleeps in his bedroom. He surfs the Net in the playroom and watches TV in the sitting room.

- Kokie kambariai yra Bilo namuose?
- Kur Bilas žiūri televizorių, naršo internete, miega?

4. IS IT TRUE? CORRECT

Ištaisyk šiuos sakinius.

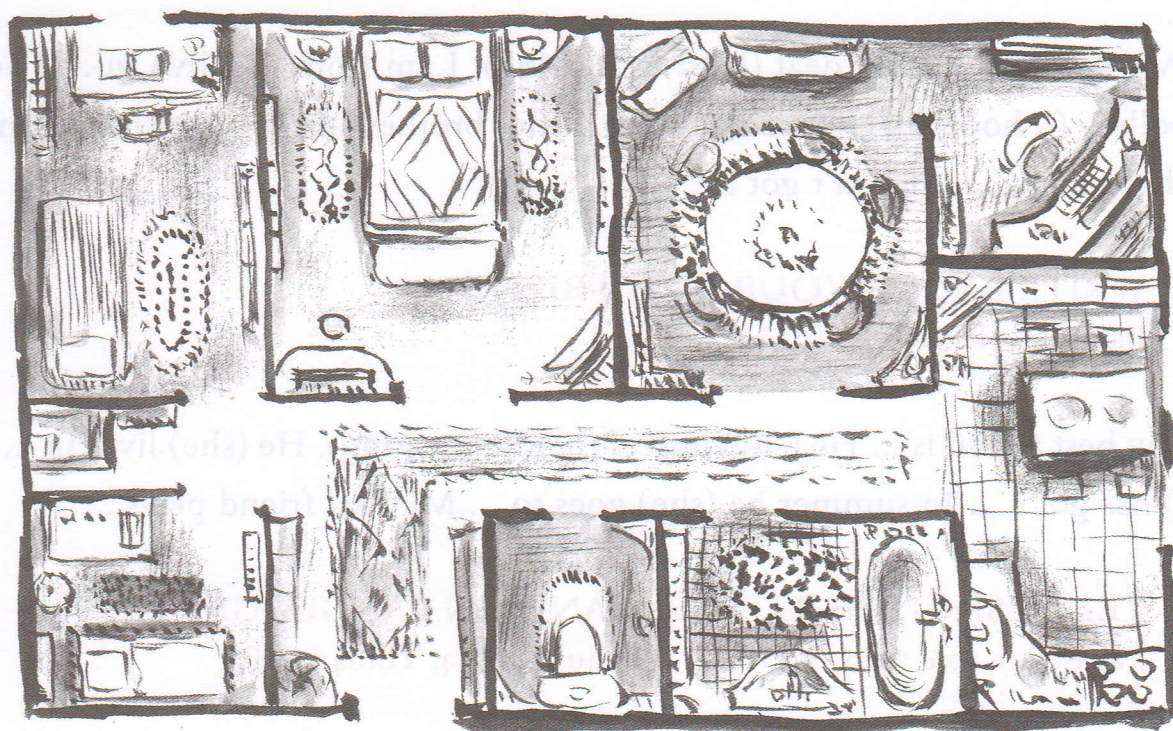
- 1) Bill lives in Vilnius.
- 2) He lives in a small house.
- 3) Bill sleeps in the playroom.
- 4) He watches TV in the kitchen.
- 5) Bill surfs the Net in his bedroom.

10. Step b

MY ROOM

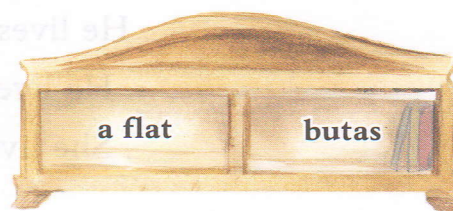
1. MAKE A PLAN OF YOUR HOUSE (FLAT)

Sudaryk savo namo (buto) planą.



2. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Įsimink naujus žodžius.



3. WRITE ABOUT YOUR HOUSE (FLAT)

Parašyk apie savo namą (butą).

- | | |
|--|----------------------|
| 1) I live in ... | 4) I sleep in ... |
| 2) I live in a big (small) house (flat). | 5) I watch TV in ... |
| 3) The house (flat) where I live has got a ... | |

4. DRAW YOUR DREAM HOUSE

Nupiešk savo svajonių namą.

11. REVISION LESSON

KARTOJIMO PAMOKA

1. WRITE ABOUT YOURSELF

Parašyk apie save.

My name is ... I am deaf (hard of hearing). I am from ... I live in ... I am a schoolboy (schoolgirl). I have got a big (little) brother (sister). His (her) name is ... I have got a ... I haven't got a ...

2. WRITE ABOUT YOUR BEST FRIEND

Parašyk apie savo geriausią draugą.

My best friend is ... He (she) is deaf (hard of hearing). He (she) lives in ... He (she) has got a ... In summer he (she) goes to ... My best friend plays ...

3. TELL USING THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE

Papasakok apie savo vadovėlio veikėjus: Laimą, Tomą ir Bilą.

4. FILL IN THE GAPS

Įrašyk trūkstantus žodžius. Parašyk, ką žinai apie savo vadovėlio veikėjų augintinius.

Rex is a _____. He lives with _____.

Rikis is a _____. He lives with _____.

Polly is a _____. She lives with _____.

5. MAKE THE PLURALS

Parašyk daugiskaita.

- 1) a ruler – 10 ten rulers
- 2) a bus – 2 _____
- 3) a girl – 4 _____

- 4) a box – 8 _____
- 5) a boy – 12 _____
- 6) a dog – 3 _____

12. Step a

WE'RE HAPPY IN WINTER

1. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Įsimink naujus žodžius.



2. READ AND TELL USING THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE

Perskaityk ir papasakok lietuvių gestų kalba.

Laima: I'm happy in winter. I like winter and snow.

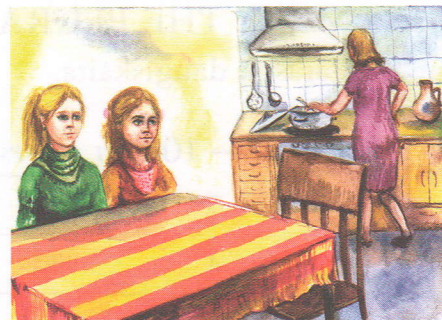
Rasa: I'm happy too. I like white trees and snow.

Laima: I'm hungry. I want to eat.

Rasa: I'm thirsty. I want to drink. I want to go home.



Girls: We're hungry. We want to eat. We're thirsty. We want to drink.



Rikis: They aren't hungry. They aren't thirsty. They're happy.

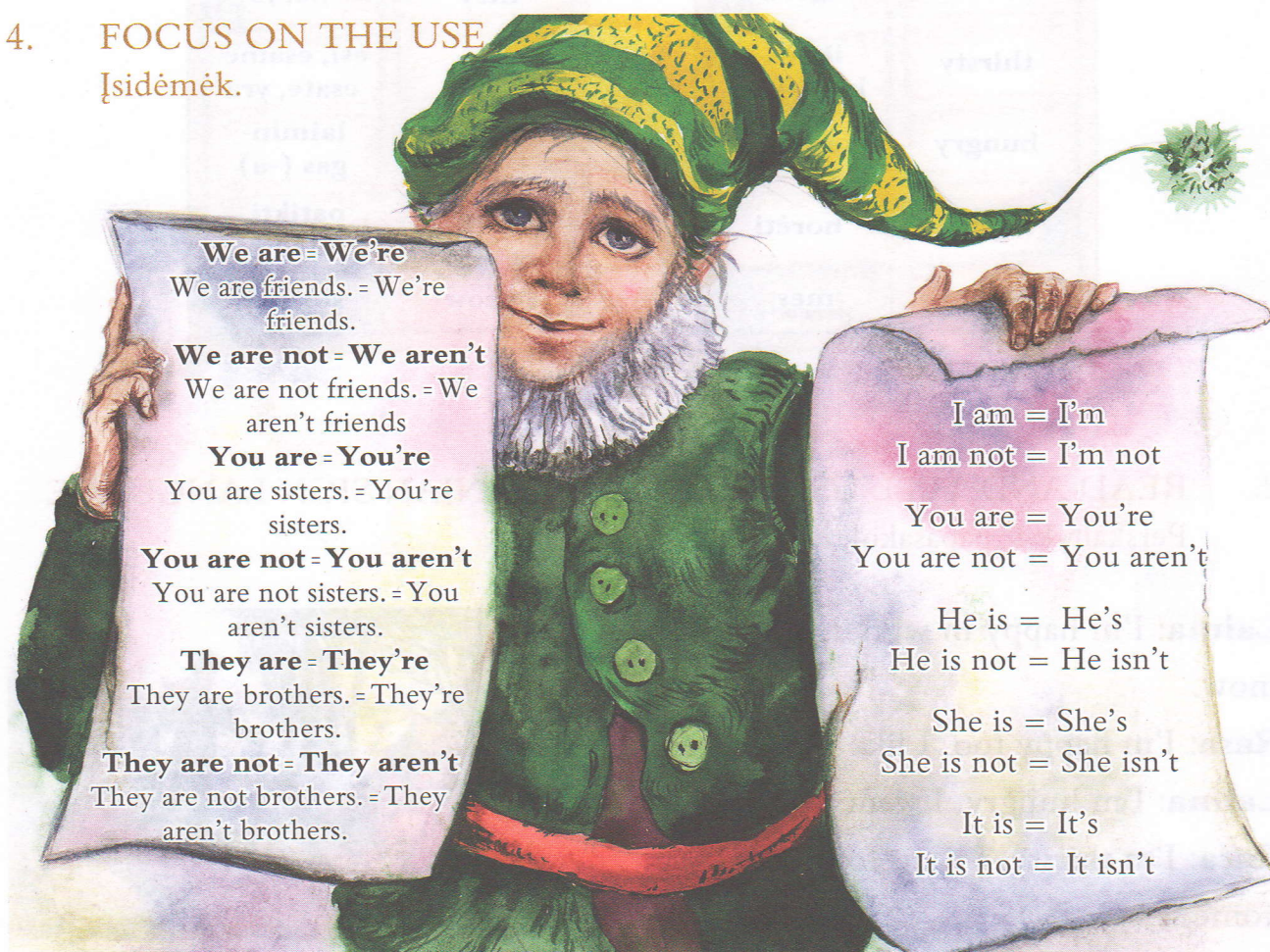


3. READ AND ANSWER: WHO SAID IT?

Perskaityk ir atsakyk, kas tai pasakė:

- | | |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1) "I'm thirsty. I want to drink." | 4) "I like winter and snow." |
| 2) "We're hungry." | 5) "They aren't thirsty." |
| 3) "They're happy." | |

4. FOCUS ON THE USE Isidėmėk.



5. WRITE

Parašyk. Pakeisk įvardžiais.

- 1) Bill = he.
- 2) Laima = _____.
- 3) Box = _____.
- 4) Tom and David = _____.
- 5) I and you = _____.

6. WRITE

Parašyk. Naudokis duotu pavyzdžiu.

- 1) He is a grandpa. He's a grandpa but he isn't a grandma.
- 2) We _____ brothers.
- 3) You _____ a little girl.
- 4) It _____ a desk.
- 5) She _____ a schoolgirl.
- 6) You _____ students.

7. MAKE SENTENCES

Sudarykite sakinius. Dirbdami poromis, sudarykite kuo daugiau teigiamų ir neigiamų sakinių (žr. pavyzdį). Laimės ta pora, kuri sudarys daugiausia teisingų sakinių.

Bill	isn't	sisters.
Laima and Rasa	am not	hungry.
Rikis	is	brown.
Tom and David	am	brothers.
I	are	happy.
Barbara and David	aren't	a student.

Pvz.: 1. Bill is a student. He is a student. He's a student.

2. Bill is not hungry. He is not hungry. He isn't hungry.

12. Step b

ARE THEY HAPPY IN WINTER?

1. READ AND TELL USING THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE.

Perskaityk ir papasakok lietuvių gestų kalba.

Birds: Are you thirsty?

No, I am not.

Are we hungry?

Yes, we are.

Laima: Are they hungry?

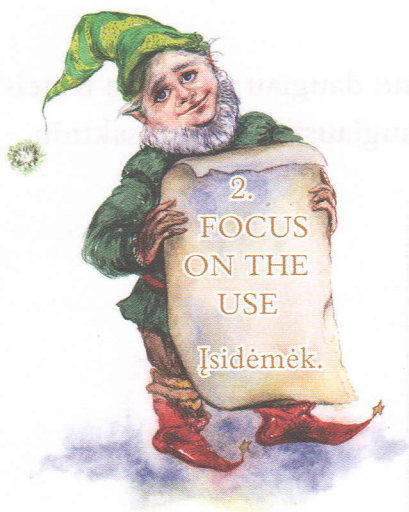
Rasa: Yes, they are.

Laima: Are they happy?

Rasa: No, they aren't.

Laima: Are you thirsty?

Rasa: Yes, I am.



+	You	are	a schoolgirl.
?	Are	you	a schoolgirl?
Yes, I am.			
No, I'm not.			
+	We	are	students.
?	Are	we	students?
Yes, we are.			
No, we aren't.			
+	You	are	schoolgirls.
?	Are	you	schoolgirls?
Yes, we are.			
No, we aren't.			
+	They	are	schoolboys.
?	Are	they	schoolboys?
Yes, they are.			
No, they aren't.			

3. ANSWER THE QUESTIONS

Atsakyk į klausimus.

- 1) Are you a schoolboy?
- 2) Are you a schoolgirl?
- 3) Are you a student?
- 4) Are you schoolboys?
- 5) Are you a bird?
- 6) Are you a cat?

4. WRITE IN ENGLISH

Parašyk angliškai.

- 1) Reksas yra alkanas. Jis nėra laimingas.
- 2) Mes esame mergaitės. Mes nesame berniukai.
- 3) Laima ir Rasa yra seserys. Jos nėra studentės.
- 4) Sargis yra didelis šuo. Jis nėra mažas paukštis.
- 5) Jūs esate ištroškę. Jūs nesate alkani.

5. FIND THE WORDS

Surask pasislėpusius žodžius, išdaktiliuok ir pasakyk juos lietuvių gestų kalba.

Kiek žodžių pavyko surasti?

Thirsty want are happy eat hungry they we kitchen you winter

6. DRAW










Nupiešk, kaip tu galėtum padėti paukščiams žiemą. Piešinį pavadink: Birds are happy in winter.

13. Step a

FOOD

1. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Įsimink naujus žodžius.

	milk	pienas	tea	arbata	
	juice	sultys	chicken	vištiena	
	an ice cream	ledai	an egg	kiaušinis	
	pizza	pica	soup	sriuba	
	a sandwich	sumuštinis	please	prašau	
			food	maistas	

2. READ AND TELL USING THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE.

Perskaityk ir papasakok lietuvių gestų kalba.

Mother Ann:

I'm hungry. I want to eat.

Father John and Tom:

We're hungry too. We want to eat.

Mother Ann:

I like soup, chicken and green tea.

Father John:

I like pizza and orange juice.

Tom:

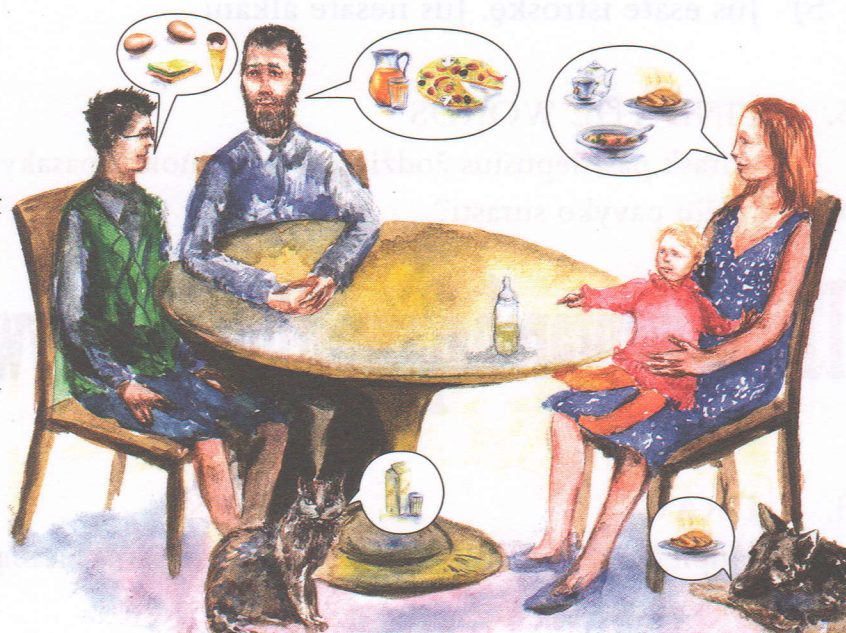
I want two eggs, a big sandwich and ice cream.

Cat Princess:

I'm thirsty. I want to drink. Milk, please...

Dog Rex:

Chicken, please...



3. FILL IN

Užpildyk lentelę. Kas ką mėgsta?

Name	Food
Mother Ann	
Father John	
Tom	
Eve	
Cat Princess	
Dog Rex	

4. WRITE

Parašyk: Kas ką mėgsta?

1. *Mother Ann likes soup,*

5. ASK YOUR FRIENDS AND FILL IN

Paklausk draugų ir užpildyk lentelę.

Names	milk	tea	juice	ice cream	pizza	sandwiches	chicken	eggs	soup
Andrius			+	+			+		

6. WRITE

Parašyk, ką mėgsta tavo draugai.

Pvz.: *1. Andrius likes juice, ice cream and chicken.*

7. DRAW AND WRITE

Nupiešk ir parašyk, ką tu mėgsti valgyti ir gerti.

13. Step b

I DON'T LIKE...

1. FOCUS ON THE USE

Įsidėmėk.

+ teigiamas sakinys – neigiamas sakinys

+	I	like	pizza.
–	I	do not like	pizza.
		don't like	
+	We	play	football.
–	We	do not play	football.
		don't play	
+	You	draw	a picture.
–	You	do not draw	a picture.
		don't draw	
+	They	drink	milk.
–	They	do not drink	milk.
		don't drink	

+	I	watch	TV.
	You		
	We		
	You		
-	They	do not watch	TV.
	I		
	You		
	We		
-	You	don't watch	TV.
	They		
	I		
	You		

2. READ AND TELL USING THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE.

Perskaityk ir papasakok lietuvių gestų kalba.

Elf: I like apples and orange juice but I don't like sandwiches. I play basketball but I don't play ice hockey.

Princess and Rex:
We like milk, pizza and chicken but we don't like juice, pears and plums. We play with Tom but we don't surf the Net.



3. CORRECT

Ištaisyk neteisingus sakinius.

- 1) Elf likes pears and apple juice.
- 2) Princess likes sandwiches.

- 3) Princess and Rex like juice, pears and plums.
- 4) Elf plays ice hockey.
- 5) Elf plays with Tom.
- 6) Princess and Rex surf the Net.
- 7) Princess and Rex don't like chicken.

4. MAKE SENTENCES

Sudaryk kuo daugiau teisingų sakinių.

I	don't	draw	TV	in the bedroom.
		eat	sandwiches	in the kitchen.
		play	pictures	in the hall.
		drink	ice hockey	in the playroom.
		watch	chicken	in the sitting room.

5. WRITE IN ENGLISH

Parašyk angliškai.

- 1) Man patinka rudi šunys.
- 2) Aš mėgstu geltonus obuolius.
- 3) Aš nemėgstu vištienos ir sumuštinių.
- 4) Man nepatinka žiurkėnai ir katės.
- 5) Man patinka futbolas ir krepšinis.

6. WRITE ABOUT YOURSELF

Parašyk apie save.

- 1) I'm _____.
- 2) I'm not _____.
- 3) I've got _____.
- 4) I haven't got _____.
- 5) I like _____.
- 6) I don't like _____.
- 7) I eat _____.
- 8) I don't eat _____.
- 9) I drink _____.
- 10) I don't drink _____.

7. FIND 10 WORDS

Surask 10 pasislėpusių žodžių (žr. prieduose).

14. Step a

YOU CAN SEE SANTA CLAUS

1. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Įsimink naujus žodžius.



2. FOCUS ON THE USE

Įsidėmėk

+	I	can	see.
	You		
	He		
	She		
	It		
	We		
	You		
	They		

—	I	can not	fly.
	You		
	He		
	She		
	It	can't	
	We		
	You		
	They		

3. READ AND TELL USING THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE

Perskaityk ir papasakok lietuvių gestų kalba.

- 1) This is a picture.
- 2) We can see Santa Claus in the picture. He's happy.
- 3) He has got many letters in his sitting room.
- 4) Santa Claus can read and write letters but he can't fly.



- 5) Santa Claus has got many presents for good girls and boys.
- 6) We can see three bears in the picture. They're white. They can swim.
- 7) We can see four reindeer in the picture. They're brown. They can run.
- 8) We can see two birds in the picture. They're yellow, red and black. They can fly.
- 9) We can see three dogs in the picture. They're black. They can play.

4. FILL IN THE GAPS

Irašyk trūkstamus žodžius (žr. 3 užduotį).

- 1) Santa Claus has got many presents.
- 2) We _____ see three white bears in the picture.
- 3) Santa Claus _____ happy.
- 4) Santa Claus can't _____.
- 5) We can _____ three dogs in the picture. _____ black.
- 6) Santa Claus has got many _____ in the _____ room.
- 7) Santa Claus can _____ and _____.
- 8) Birds can _____.

5. WRITE

Parašyk sakinius.

- 1) White bears can swim in the sea but they can't _____.
- 2) Reindeer can run fast (greitai) but they can't _____.
- 3) Birds can fly but they can't _____.
- 4) Dogs can play but they can't _____.
- 5) Cats can drink milk but they can't _____.

6. DRAW SANTA CLAUS AND COLOUR IN RED, WHITE, BROWN, BLUE AND BLACK

Nupiešk Kalėdų Senelį ir nuspalvink jį taip, kaip nurodyta užduotyje anglų kalba.

14. Step b

HELLO, I'M SANTA CLAUS

1. READ

Perskaityk.



2. WRITE YOUR ADDRESS

Parašykite savo adresą.

3. MAKE SENTENCES

Sudaryk sakinius.

	read	fly	write	swim
Laima	+	-	+	-
Birds	-	+	-	-
Santa Claus	+	-	+	+
White bears	-	-	-	+
Bill	+	-	+	+

1. *Laima can read and write but she can't fly and swim.*

4. ASK YOUR CLASSMATES AND WRITE SENTENCES

Paklausk savo klasės draugų, ką jie gali, moka ir ko negali, nemoka, ir parašyk sakinius (žr. 3 užduotį).

Names	dance	write a letter	swim	play ice hockey

5. MAKE WORDS

Sudaryk žodžius.

- | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----|---|---|---|---|----|---|---|---|----|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1. | B | R | E | A | 4. | E | P | R | S | N | E | T | | |
| 2. | R | R | E | N | I | D | E | E | 5. | T | S | A | A | N |
| 3. | T | L | T | E | E | R | | | A | C | L | S | U | |

6. WRITE ABOUT YOURSELF

Parašyk apie save.

- | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1) I'm _____. | 6) I haven't got _____. |
| 2) I'm not _____. | 7) I like _____. |
| 3) I live in _____. | 8) I don't like _____. |
| 4) I don't live in _____. | 9) I can _____. |
| 5) I have got _____. | 10) I can't _____. |

7. WRITE ABOUT YOUR FRIEND

Parašyk apie savo draugą.

- | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------|
| 1) He's _____. | 6) He likes _____. |
| 2) He isn't _____. | 7) He plays _____. |
| 3) He lives in _____. | 8) He can _____. |
| 4) He has got _____. | 9) He can't _____. |
| 5) He hasn't got _____. | |

15. Step a

CHRISTMAS

1. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Įsimink naujus žodžius.



2. READ AND TELL USING THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE

Perskaityk ir papasakok lietuvių gestų kalba.



3. WRITE A LETTER TO SANTA CLAUS

Parašyk laišką Kalėdų Seneliui (žr. 2 užduotį).

Dear Santa Claus,

My name is _____. I live in _____. It's _____ in Lithuania in winter. I'm _____. I've got _____.

I like _____. I can _____.

I like Christmas. We have got _____. I'm a good _____. Please, _____.

_____.

4. WRITE ADDRESSES

Užrašyk savo ir Kalėdų Senelio adresus ant savo voko.

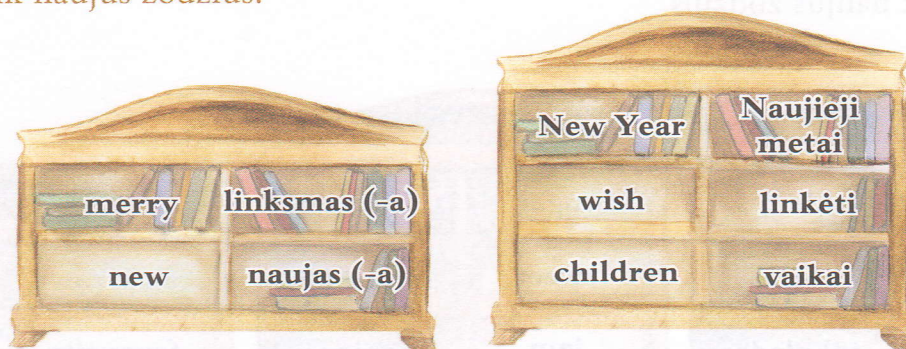


15. Step b

MERRY CHRISTMAS!!!

1. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Įsimink naujus žodžius.



2. READ AND TELL USING THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE

Perskaityk ir papasakok lietuvių gestų kalba.



3. MAKE A POSTCARD

Nupiešk atviruką ir užrašyk linkėjimus (žr. 2 užduotį).

4. JOIN THE DOTS AND COLOUR

Sujunk taškus ir nuspalvink (žr. prieduose).

5. DO THE CROSSWORD

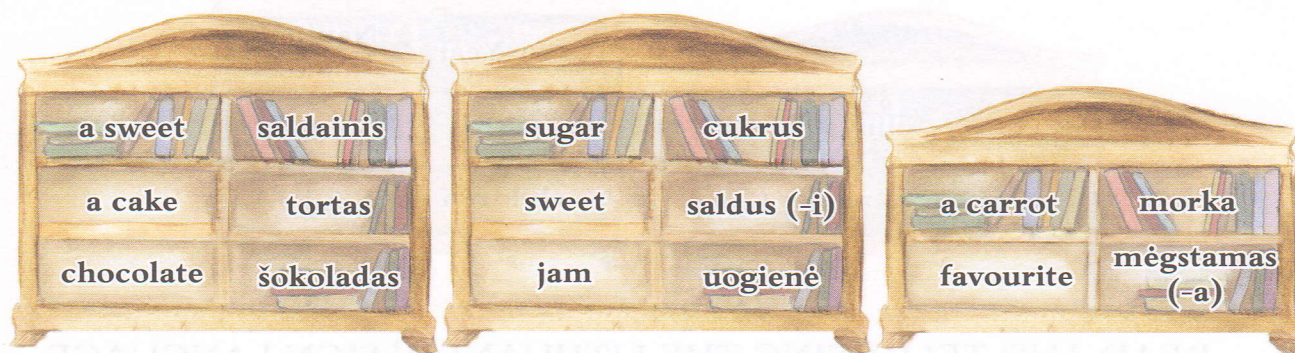
Įsprendž kryžiažodį (žr. prieduose).

16. Step a

DO YOU LIKE CAKES?

1. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Įsimink naujus žodžius.



2. FOCUS ON THE USE

Įsidėmėk.

Do you like pizza?	Do you swim in the sea?	Do they eat ice cream?
Yes, I do. No, I don't.	Yes, I do. No, I don't.	Yes, they do. No, they don't.

3. READ AND TELL USING THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE

Perskaityk ir papasakok lietuvių gestų kalba.

Laima: Do you like ice cream?

Tom: No, I don't. I like chocolate. White chocolate.

Bill: Yes, I do. I eat ice cream in summer but I don't eat it in winter.

Laima: And how about your pets? Do they like jam?

Tom: No, they don't. Rex likes sweets and Princess likes sweet milk and fish.

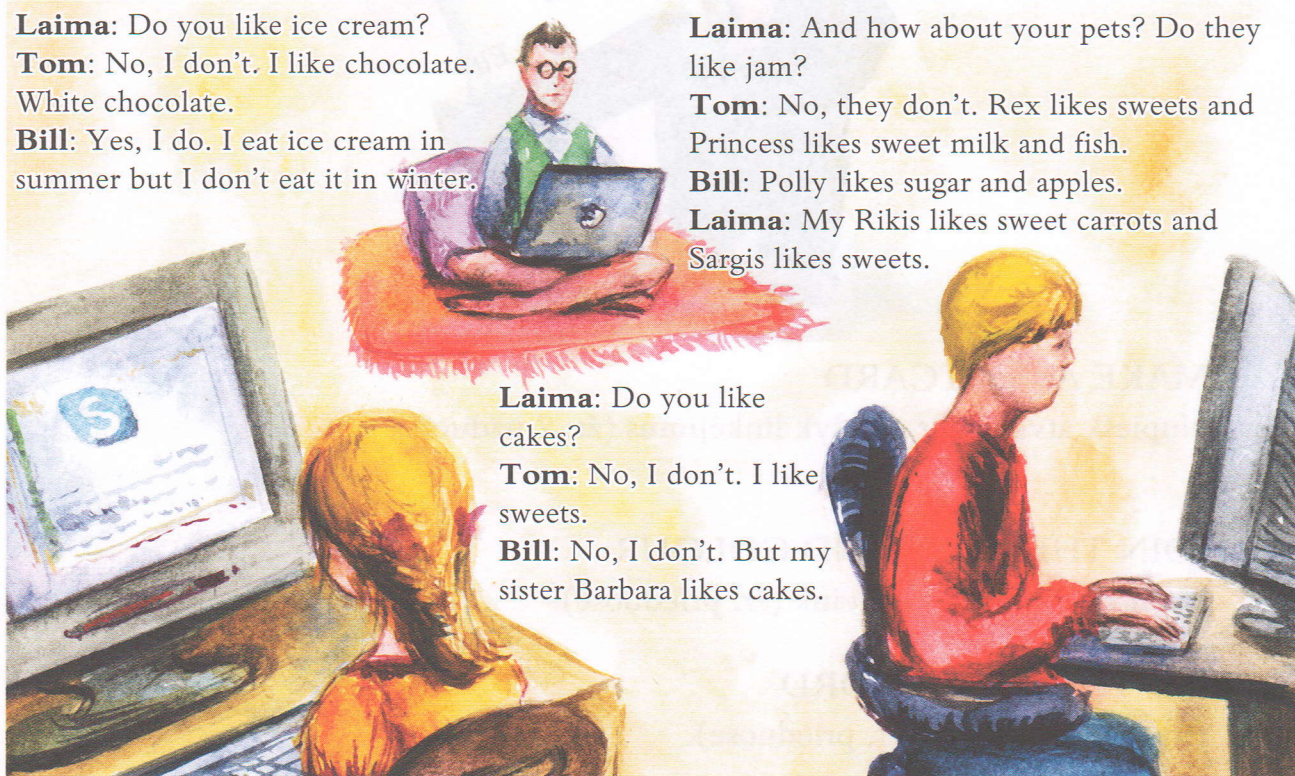
Bill: Polly likes sugar and apples.

Laima: My Rikis likes sweet carrots and Sargis likes sweets.

Laima: Do you like cakes?

Tom: No, I don't. I like sweets.

Bill: No, I don't. But my sister Barbara likes cakes.



4. FILL IN THE GAPS

Įrašyk trūkstantus žodžius (žr. 3 užduotį).

- 1) Tom likes _____ and _____.
- 2) Bill likes _____.
- 3) Barbara likes _____.
- 4) Polly likes _____.
- 5) Rex and Sargis like _____.
- 6) Princess likes _____ and _____.
- 7) Rikis likes _____.

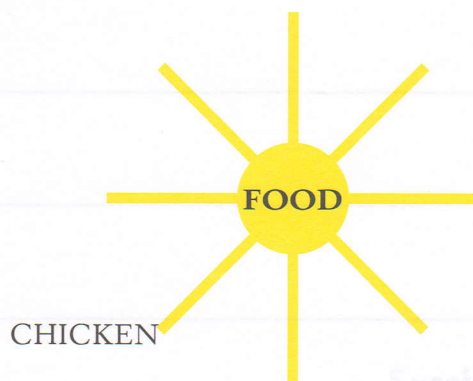
5. ANSWER THE QUESTIONS

Atsakyk į klausimus.

- | | |
|---------------------------|------------------------|
| 1) Do you like ice cream? | 4) Do you like sweets? |
| 2) Do you eat chocolate? | 5) Do you drink milk? |
| 3) Do you like fish? | |

6. WRITE

Parašyk, ką tu mėgsti valgyti.



16. Step b

DO YOU LIKE...?

1. FILL IN

Užpildyk anketą. Rašyk gražiai ir aiškiai, nes tavo atsakymus skaitys tavo klasės draugas ar klasės draugė (žr. prieduose).

2. READ AND WRITE

Perskaityk klasės draugo užpildytą anketą ir parašyk, ką jis ar ji mėgsta.

Pvz.: *Greta likes ice cream, chicken, eggs and milk.*

3. WRITE IN ENGLISH

Parašyk angliškai.

- 1) Aš geriu pieną ir slyvų sultis.
- 2) Rikis mėgsta saldžias morkas.
- 3) Aš noriu ledų, bet nenoriu sumuštinį.
- 4) Vaikai mėgsta saldinius ir apelsinų uogienę.
- 5) Mes nemėgstame sriubos ir saldžių kriausių.
- 6) Nykštukas valgo tortus ir geltonas slyvas.
- 7) Mano močiutė mėgsta baltąjį šokoladą.
- 8) Laima ir Bilas nori saldinių, bet jie nenori žuvies.

4. WRITE THE SENTENCES.

Parašyk sakinius su *in*, *under* ar *on*.

Where is Rikis?

1. *He is under the book.*

2. _____

3. _____

4. _____



Where are children?

1. *They are in the tent.*

2. _____

3. _____

4. _____



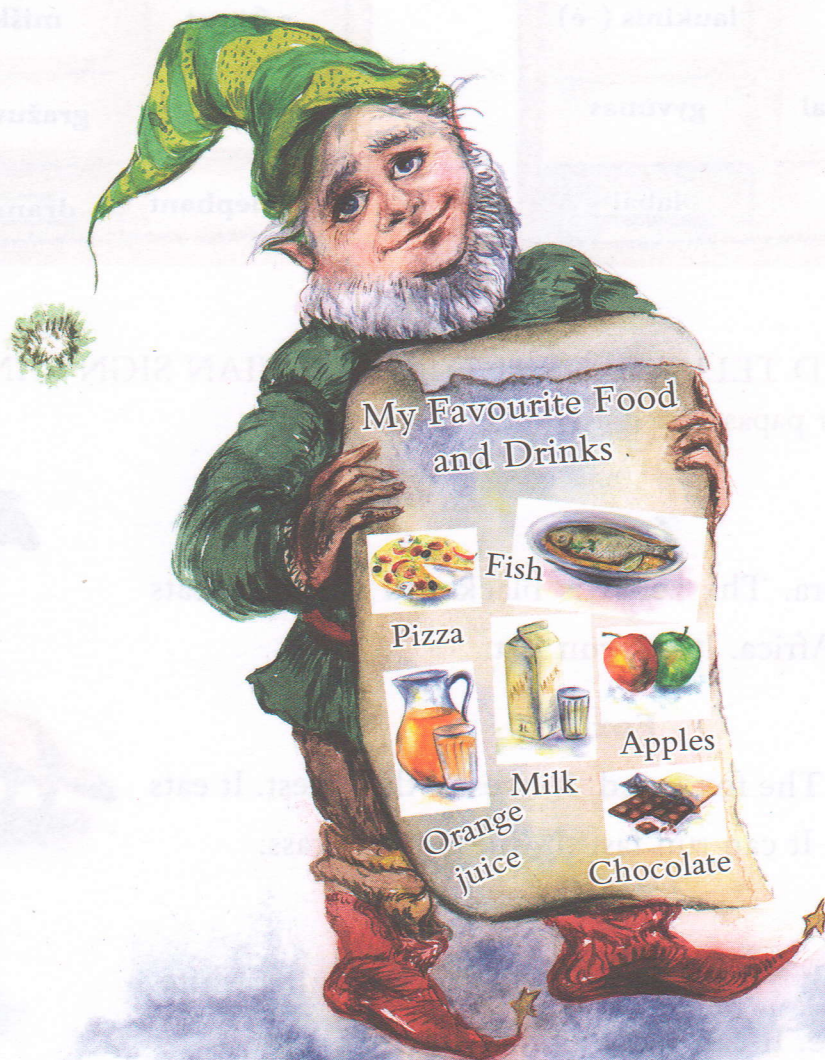
5. READ THE SENTENCES AND FINISH THE PICTURE

Perskaityk sakinius ir pabaik piešti piešinėlį (žr. prieduose).

- 1) This is a picture.
- 2) We can see a girl in the picture.
- 3) The girl has got a kite. It's orange and green.
- 4) The girl has got three yellow pears, two bananas and seven blue sweets.

6. MAKE A POSTER "OUR FAVOURITE FOOD AND DRINKS"

Padarykite plakatą „Mūsų mėgstamiausias maistas ir gėrimai“ su draugu ir pristatykite jį kitiems klasės draugams. Maisto produktus galima nupiešti arba iškirpti iš žurnalų. Nepamirškite parašyti jų pavadinimų angliškai.



17. Step a

WILD ANIMALS

1. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Įsimink naujus žodžius.



2. READ AND TELL USING THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE

Perskaityk ir papasakok lietuvių gestų kalba.

Zebra

This is a zebra. The zebra is black and white. It eats grass. It lives in Africa. It can run fast.



Fox

This is a fox. The fox is red. It lives in the forest. It eats rabbits and hens. It can run fast. It doesn't eat grass.



Swan

This is a swan. The swan is a beautiful bird. It's white. It lives in the lake. It can swim and fly.



Lion

This is a lion. The lion is a big animal. It's yellow. It lives in Africa. It eats zebras. It can run very fast.



3. ANSWER

Atsakyk.

1. The swan is ...

- a) red,
- b) white,
- c) yellow.

4. The fox lives ...

- a) in the lake,
- b) in the garden,
- c) in the forest.

2. The zebra eats ...

- a) rabbits,
- b) hens,
- c) grass.

5. The swan can ...

- a) run fast,
- b) swim and fly,
- c) dance.

3. The lion is ...

- a) orange and black,
- b) yellow,
- c) brown.

4. FOCUS ON THE USE

Isidèmèk.

+	He	likes	pizza.
-	He	does not like	pizza.
		doesn't like	

+	She	draws	a picture.
-	She	does not draw	a picture.
		doesn't draw	

+	It	eat	grass.
-	It	does not eat	grass.
		doesn't eat	

+	I	drink	milk.
	You	drink	
	He	drinks	
	She	drinks	
	It	drinks	
-	They	drink	milk.
	You	drink	
	They	drink	
	I	don't drink	
	You	don't drink	
	He	doesn't drink	
	She	doesn't drink	
	It	doesn't drink	
	We	don't drink	
	You	don't drink	
	They	don't drink	

5. WRITE

Parašyk. Išsmenuok žodžius (žr. 4 užduotį).

- I run, go, sleep, draw, fly.
I don't run, don't go, don't sleep, don't draw, don't fly.

6. WRITE

Parašyk. Daugiskaitą pakeisk vienaskaita.

- 1) Zebras live in Africa but they don't live in Lithuania.
A zebra lives in Africa but it doesn't live in Lithuania.
- 2) Zebras eat grass but they don't eat hens.
- 3) Foxes live in the forest but they don't live in the playroom.
- 4) Foxes eat hens and rabbits but they don't eat chocolate.
- 5) Swans live in the lake but they don't live in the bedroom.
- 6) Lions eat zebras but they don't eat grass.

7. MAKE THE SENTENCES

Sudaryk sakinius.

Laima	doesn't	make	a snowman.
Rex		play	in Africa.
Rasa		live	grass.
Elf		eat	ice hockey.
Eve		sleep	in the street.

8. GUESS AND DRAW

Atspėk ir nupiešk. Parašyk gyvūno pavadinimą angliškai.

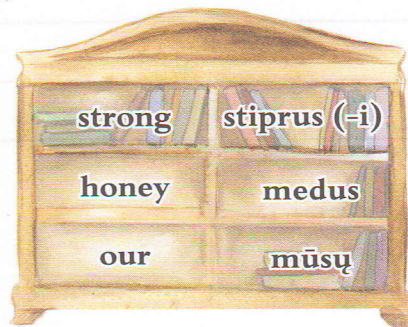
- 1) It lives in Africa.
- 2) It is a big, grey animal with big ears and a long trunk. (a trunk — *straublys*)
- 3) It likes to eat grass.

17. Step b

IT LIKES HONEY

1. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Įsimink naujus žodžius.



2. READ AND TELL USING THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE

Perskaityk ir papasakok lietuvių gestų kalba.

Bear

This is a bear. The bear is a big and very strong wild animal. It's brown and very beautiful. It lives in the forest. It likes honey and rabbits. It can run and swim. It sleeps in winter.



3. IS IT TRUE? CORRECT

Ištaisyk neteisingus sakinius.

- | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 1) The bear is a wild animal. | 5) It lives in the lake. |
| 2) It isn't very strong. | 6) It can run and swim. |
| 3) It's beautiful. | 7) It sleeps in summer. |
| 4) It's black and white. | 8) It doesn't like honey and rabbits. |

4. ANSWER THE QUESTIONS

Atsakyk į klausimus.

- 1) Is the bear a very strong wild animal?
- 2) Is it red?
- 3) Is it brown?
- 4) Is it a beautiful animal?

5. WRITE

Parašyk. 2 užduoties sakinius pakeisk neigiamais sakiniais.

It isn't a big and very strong wild animal. It isn't

6. WRITE ABOUT YOURSELF

Parašyk apie save.

My name is _____.

I'm _____.

My address is: _____

My favourite food is _____.

My favourite drink is _____.

My favourite colour is _____.

My favourite pet is _____.

My favourite wild animal is _____.

7. WRITE IN ENGLISH

Parašyk angliškai.

- 1) Laima nežaidžia krepšinio gatvėje.
- 2) Rikis nemiega dėžutėje.
- 3) Tu nenaršai internete.
- 4) Nykštukas nemėgsta sumuštinių.
- 5) Reksas neplaukioja baseine.
- 6) Sargis nepiešia paveikslėlių.
- 7) Vaikai nemėgsta sriubos.
- 8) Polly neskraido virtuvėje.

8. FIND THE WORDS

Surask pasislėpusius žodžius, išdaktiliuok ir pasakyk juos lietuvių gestų kalba.
Kiek žodžių pavyko surasti?

animallionfoxzebrarabbithengrassbearhoneyswanveryforest

18. step a

IN THE ANIMAL WORLD

1. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Įsimink naujus žodžius.



2. READ AND TELL USING THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE.

Perskaityk ir papasakok lietuvių gestų kalba.

Giraffe

1. This is a giraffe.
2. It lives in Africa.
3. It is a very tall animal.
4. It's brown and white.
5. It has got a long neck.
6. It has got long legs and a long tail too.
7. It can run.
8. It eats grass and leaves (lapus).



Penguin

1. This is a penguin.
2. It lives in Antarctica (*Antarktidoje*).
3. It's a bird.
4. It's white and black.
5. It has got wings.
6. It can swim but it can't fly.
7. It eats fish.



3. CHOOSE THE RIGHT ANSWER

Pasirink teisingą atsakymą.

Giraffe	Penguin	
	+	eats fish.
		lives in Africa.
		can swim.
		has got a long neck.
		eats grass and leaves.
		has got a long tail.
		lives in Antarctica.
		is white and black.
		is a bird.
		is brown and white.

4. WRITE

Parašykite su draugu, ką jūs žinote apie tigrą.

- 1) This is a _____.
- 2) It's a _____ wild animal.
- 3) It lives in _____.
- 4) It's orange and _____.
- 5) It has got _____.
- 6) It can _____.
- 7) It can't _____.
- 8) It eats _____.
- 9) It doesn't eat _____.



5. WRITE IN ENGLISH

Parašyk angliškai.

- 1) Laima negyvena JAV. Ji gyvena Lietuvoje.
- 2) Bilas neplaukioja ežere. Jis plaukioja jūroje.
- 3) Aš nežaidžiu ledo ritulio. Aš žaidžiu futbolą.
- 4) Jūs nepiešiate paveikslėlių ežere.
- 5) Aš turiu pieštuką, liniuotę ir knygą.
- 6) Jis nevalgo vištienos.
- 7) Tomas žaidžia futbolą ir krepšinį.

6. FIND THE WORDS

Surask žodžius.

1. E N P N G U I
2. R T E I G
3. A G R I F E F
4. R W L O D
5. G N S R T O

7. GUESS AND DRAW

Atspėk ir nupiešk. Parašyk gyvūno pavadinimą.

This is an animal. It's very strong. It's green, black and orange. It has got four legs, three long necks and two long wings. It can run and fly.

18. Step b

WHAT CAN ANIMALS DO?

1. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Įsimink naujus žodžius.



2. FOCUS ON THE USE

Isidèmèk.

Can	I	run?	Yes, I can. No, I can't.
Can	you	walk?	Yes, I can. No, I can't.
Can	he	jump?	Yes, he can. No, he can't.
Can	she	write?	Yes, she can. No, she can't.
Can	it	eat?	Yes, it can. No, it can't.
Can	we	draw?	Yes, we can. No, we can't.
Can	you	swim?	Yes, we can. No, we can't.
Can	they	dance?	Yes, they can. No, they can't.

3. ANSWER THE QUESTIONS

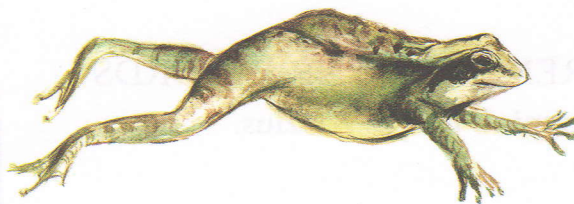
Atsakyk ì klausimus.

1. Can you swim?
2. Can you fly?
3. Can you walk?
4. Can you write a letter?
5. Can you make a cake?
6. Can you jump?

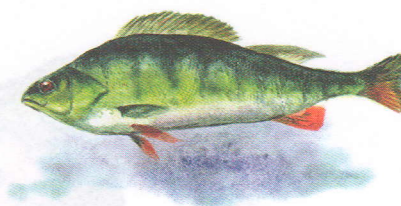
4. ANSWER THE QUESTIONS

Atsakyk ì klausimus.

- 1) Can it eat?
Yes, it can.
- 2) Can it fly?
- 3) Can it jump?
- 4) Can it draw pictures?
- 5) Can it swim?



- 1) Can it walk?
- 2) Can it swim?
- 3) Can it jump?
- 4) Can it fly?
- 5) Can it see?



- 1) Can they jump?
- 2) Can they see?
- 3) Can they walk?
- 4) Can they swim?
- 5) Can they fly?



- 1) Can they run?
- 2) Can they drink?
- 3) Can they fly?
- 4) Can they jump?
- 5) Can they walk?



5. WRITE

Parašyk klausimus ir atsakymus.

Can he...?



jump	run	make a cake	draw a frog	fly in the sky
+	+	-	+	-

1. Can he jump?

Yes, he can.

Can they...?



dance	surf the Net	swim in the sea	write a letter	make a kite
-	+	+	-	+

6. DO THE CROSSWORD

Išspręsk kryžiažodį (žr. prieduose).

7. MAKE A POSTER "OUR FAVOURITE WILD ANIMALS"
Padarykite plakatą su draugu ir pristatykite jį kitiems klasės draugams.



19. Step a

FRIENDS

1. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Įsimink naujus žodžius.

a friend	draugas	meat	mėsa	well	gerai
love	mylėti	tennis	tenisas	about	apie
grey	pilkas (-a)	tell	pasakoti	best	geriausias (-ia)

2. READ AND TELL USING THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE.

Perskaityk laišką ir papasakok lietuvių gestų kalba.

Dear Bill,

I want to tell you about my friend.

Sandra is my best friend. She lives in Vilnius. Sandra is a schoolgirl. She's eleven.

Sandra has got a mother, a father and a brother. Her brother is a student. His name is Kęstutis. He is a good student. Sandra loves her family.

Sandra has got a dog. His name is Tobis. He's grey. He likes meat.

Sandra likes pizza and fish. She doesn't like sandwiches.

My friend plays basketball and tennis well. She can swim too.

Please, write about your friend.



See you,
Laima

3. FINISH THE SENTENCES

Pabaik sakinius (žr. 2 užduotį).

1. Sandra lives in _____.
2. She's a _____.
3. Sandra has got _____.
4. Kęstutis is a _____.
5. Sandra loves _____.
6. Tobis is _____.
7. Tobis likes _____.
8. Sandra doesn't like _____.
9. She plays _____.
10. Sandra can _____.

4. FOCUS ON THE USE

Isidémek.

Does	he	play	tennis?	Yes, he does. No, he doesn't.
Does	she	swim	in the sea?	Yes, she does. No, she doesn't.
Does	it	run	fast?	Yes, it does. No, it doesn't.

5. ANSWER THE QUESTIONS

Atsakyk į klausimus.

1) Does he play ice hockey?

Yes, he does.

No, he doesn't.

2) Does she make a cake?

3) Does it swim in the lake?

4) Does Inga play tennis?

5) Does Karolis watch TV?

6) Does a fish eat grass?

6. ANSWER THE QUESTIONS

Atsakyk į klausimus (žr. 2 užduotį).

1) Does Sandra live in Vilnius?

2) Is she a schoolgirl?

3) Has Sandra got a sister?

4) Is Kęstutis a good student?

5) Does Sandra love her family?

6) Has Sandra got a dog?

7) Is Tobis black?

8) Does Tobis like meat?

9) Does Sandra like sandwiches?

10) Does Sandra play tennis and basketball well?

11) Can she swim?

7. FILL IN THE GAPS

Įrašyk trūkstamas raides.

1. T _ N _ I S

2. F R _ N

3. W _ R L

4. _ B O _ T

5. _ R _ F F _

6. P _ N G _ N

7. R E _ N D _ R

19. Step b

MY BEST FRIEND

1. READ AND TELL USING THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE

Perskaityk laišką ir papasakok lietuvių gestų kalba.

Dear Laima,

Thanks for your letter.

I want to tell you about my best friend James.

James lives in New York. He's a schoolboy. He's twelve.

James has got a mother and a sister. His sister is a schoolgirl. Her name is Ann. James loves his family.

James has got a cat. Her name is Tara. She's black. She likes chicken.

James likes fish and milk. He doesn't like pizza.

My friend plays basketball and football well. He can dance too.

See you,

Bill

2. ANSWER THE QUESTIONS

Atsakyk į klausimus.

- | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1) Does James live in Vilnius? | 7) Does Tara like chicken? |
| 2) Is he a schoolboy? | 8) Does James like pizza? |
| 3) Has James got a sister? | 9) Does James play basketball and |
| 4) Does James love his family? | football well? |
| 5) Has James got a dog? | 10) Can he dance? |
| 6) Is Tara black? | |

3 FOCUS ON THE USE

Įsidėmėk.

Where	do	I	live?
		you	sleep?
		we	read?
		you	swim?
		they	eat?

4. ANSWER THE QUESTIONS

Atsakyk į klausimus.

- 1) Where do you live?
I live in Klaipėda.
- 2) Where do you sleep?
I sleep in _____.
- 3) Where do you read?
- 4) Where do you swim?
- 5) Where do you eat?
- 6) Where do you watch TV?
- 7) Where do you surf the Net?
- 8) Where do you make a snowman?

5. ANSWER THE QUESTIONS

Atsakyk į klausimus.

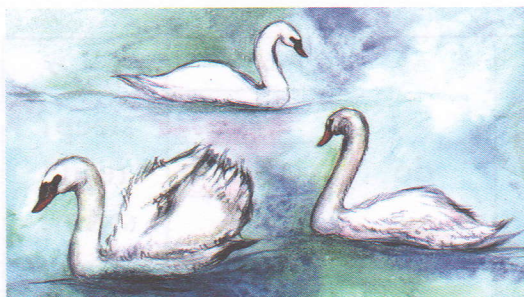
- 1) Are they white?
- 2) Are they green?
- 3) Can they swim?
- 4) Can they fly?
- 5) Where do they live?



- 1) Are they small?
- 2) Are they grey?
- 3) Can they fly?
- 4) Can they run?
- 5) Where do they live?



- 1) Are they white?
- 2) Are they yellow?
- 3) Can they walk?
- 4) Can they jump?
- 5) Where do they live?



- 1) Are they blue?
 - 2) Are they red?
 - 3) Can they run?
 - 4) Can they sleep?
 - 5) Where do they live?
- (a desert – *dykuma*)



6. WRITE A LETTER ABOUT YOUR BEST FRIEND

Parašyk laišką mokytojai apie savo geriausią draugą ar draugę.

Dear _____,

I want to tell you about my friend. _____ is my best friend. _____
lives in _____. _____ is a _____. _____ is _____. _____ has got a
_____, a _____ and a _____.
_____ loves _____.

_____ has got a _____. _____ name is _____.
_____ likes _____. _____ doesn't like _____.
My friend plays _____ and _____ well. _____ can _____ too.

Please, write about your friend.

See you,

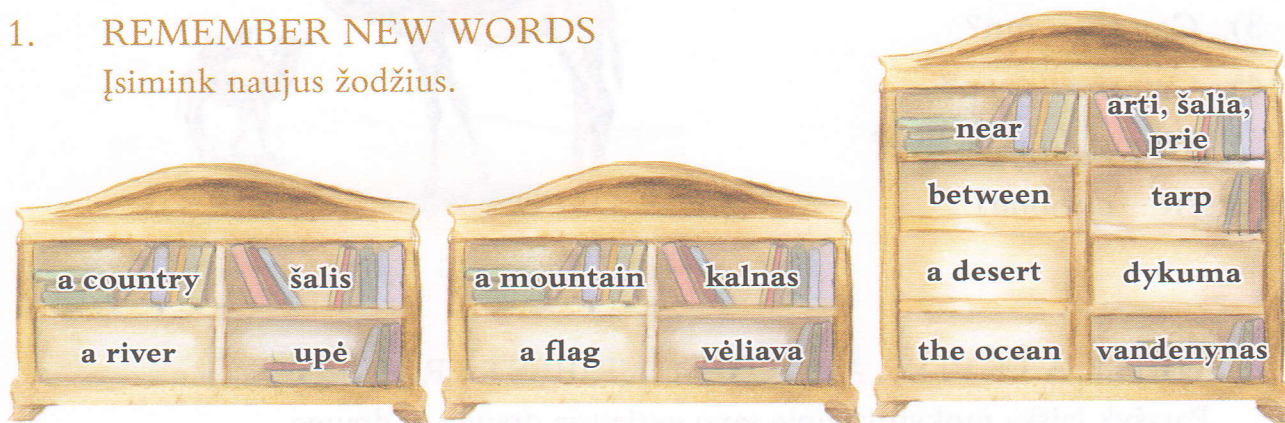


20. Step a

COUNTRIES

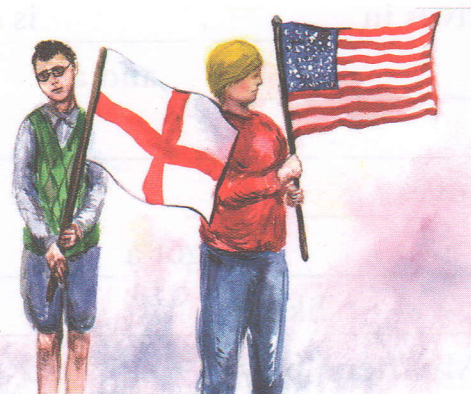
1. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Įsimink naujus žodžius.



2. READ AND TELL USING THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE

Perskaityk ir papasakok lietuvių gestų kalba.



Tom lives in England. It's in Europe. England has got forests, rivers and hills. It's near the sea and the ocean. It has got a red and white flag. Tom loves his country.

Bill lives in the USA. It's in America. The USA is very big. It has got forests, rivers, lakes, deserts and big mountains. It's between two oceans. The USA has got a red, white and blue flag. Bill loves his country.

3. IS IT TRUE? CORRECT

Ištaisyk neteisingus sakinius.

- 1) Tom lives in Lithuania.
- 2) England is in Europe.
- 3) England has got a red and white flag.

- 4) Tom doesn't love his country.
- 5) Bill lives in England.
- 6) Bill loves his country.
- 7) The USA is small.
- 8) The USA is between two oceans.

4. ANSWER THE QUESTIONS

Atsakyk į klausimus.

- 1) Is England in Europe?
- 2) Is England near the sea and the ocean?
- 3) Has England got a red and yellow flag?
- 4) Is the USA in America?
- 5) Has the USA got big mountains?
- 6) Has the USA got deserts?
- 7) Does Bill love his country?

5. FOCUS ON THE USE

Įsidėmėk.

Where	does	he	live?
		she	sleep?
		it	read?
			swim?
			eat?

6. ANSWER THE QUESTIONS

Atsakyk į klausimus.

- 1) Where does Bill live?
- 2) Where does Tom live?
- 3) Where does a fox live?
- 4) Where does a fish swim?
- 5) Where does a bird fly?

- 6) Where does she swim?
- 7) Where does he read?
- 8) Where does it eat?
- 9) Where does your friend live?
- 10) Where does he play?

7. CUT, COLOUR AND WRITE

1. Iškirpk ir nuspelvink Anglijos ir JAV vėliavas (žr. prieduose).
2. Priklijuok vėliavas savo sąsiuvinyje ir parašyk šalių pavadinimus angliškai.

20. Step b

I LOVE LITHUANIA!

1. READ AND TELL USING THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE

Perskaityk ir papasakok lietuvių gestų kalba.

Laima lives in Lithuania. It's a small country in Europe. It's near the Baltic (Baltijos) sea. Vilnius is the capital (sostinė) of Lithuania.

Lithuania is a very beautiful country. It has got many rivers, lakes and forests. It has got hills too.

Lithuania has got a yellow, green and red flag. Laima loves her country.



2. IS IT TRUE? CORRECT

Ištaisyk neteisingus sakinius.

- 1) Lithuania is a small country in America.
- 2) Lithuania is near the Baltic sea.
- 3) Klaipėda is the capital of Lithuania.
- 4) Lithuania has got deserts.
- 5) Lithuania has got a yellow, green and blue flag.
- 6) Lithuania is a very beautiful country.
- 7) Laima loves Lithuania.

3. ANSWER THE QUESTIONS

Atsakyk į klausimus.

- 1) Is Lithuania in America?
- 2) Is Lithuania a small country?
- 3) Is Vilnius the capital of Lithuania?
- 4) Has Lithuania got deserts?
- 5) Has Lithuania got a yellow, green and red flag?
- 6) Does Laima love her country?

4. ANSWER THE QUESTIONS

Atsakyk į klausimus.

- 1) Where does Laima live?
- 2) Where does Tom live?
- 3) Where does Bill live?
- 4) Where do you live?
- 5) Does Laima love Lithuania?
- 6) Does Tom love England?
- 7) Does Bill love the USA?
- 8) Do you love Lithuania?

5. DRAW AND WRITE

Nupiešk Lietuvos vėliavą ir užrašyk anglų kalba: „Aš myliu Lietuvą!“

6. MAKE A POSTER ABOUT LITHUANIA

Padarykite plakatą apie Lietuvą grupėse.



21. REVISION LESSON

KARTOJIMO PAMOKA

1. READ AND TELL USING THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE

Perskaityk ir papasakok lietuvių gestų kalba.

a stork – *gandras*

mice – *pelės*

Stork

This is a stork. The stork lives in Lithuania. It is white and black. It has got long red legs. The stork can fly and walk but it can't swim. The stork eats frogs and mice. It doesn't eat chocolate.



2. ANSWER THE QUESTIONS

Atsakyk į klausimus.

- | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1) Is the stork a bird? | 6) Can it walk? |
| 2) Where does the stork live? | 7) Can the stork swim? |
| 3) Is it red and orange? | 8) Does the stork eat frogs? |
| 4) Has it got long blue legs? | 9) Does the stork eat chocolate? |
| 5) Can the stork fly? | 10) Do you like storks? |

3. READ AND TELL USING THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE

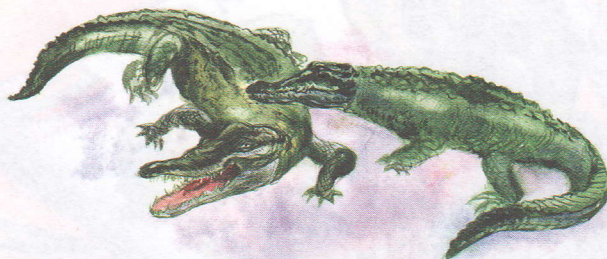
Perskaityk ir papasakok lietuvių gestų kalba.

a crocodile – *krokodilas*

a mouth – *nasrai*

Crocodiles

You can see two crocodiles. They live in Africa. They are green. Crocodiles have got big mouths. They can walk and swim. They can't jump and fly. Crocodiles eat meat. They don't drink milk.



4. ANSWER THE QUESTIONS

Atsakyk į klausimus.

- | | |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1) Where do crocodiles live? | 5) Can they jump? |
| 2) Are they yellow and orange? | 6) Do crocodiles eat meat? |
| 3) Have they got big mouths? | 7) Do they drink milk? |
| 4) Can they swim? | |

5. ANSWER THE QUESTIONS

Atsakyk į klausimus.

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1) Where do you live? | 7) Where do they surf the Net? |
| 2) Where does your friend live? | 8) Where does your mother sleep? |
| 3) Where do foxes live? | 9) Where does a fish live? |
| 4) Where does a swan live? | 10) Where does a stork fly? |
| 5) Where do you play ice hockey? | |
| 6) Where do children make a snowman? | |

6. WRITE ABOUT YOURSELF

Parašyk apie save.

- 1) I'm _____.
- 2) I'm not _____.
- 3) I live in _____.
- 4) I don't live in _____.
- 5) I have got _____.
- 6) I haven't got _____.
- 7) My best friend is _____.
- 8) I like _____.
- 9) I don't like _____.
- 10) My favourite food is _____.
- 11) My favourite drink is _____.
- 12) My favourite wild animal is _____.

- 13) My favourite pet is _____.
- 14) My favourite colour is _____.
- 15) I can _____.
- 16) I can't _____.
- 17) I love _____.

7. WRITE ABOUT YOUR BEST FRIEND

Parašyk apie savo geriausią draugą ar draugę.

- 1) He's _____.
- 2) He isn't _____.
- 3) He lives in _____.
- 4) He has got _____.
- 5) He likes _____.
- 6) He doesn't like _____.
- 7) His favourite food is _____.
- 8) His favourite drink is _____.
- 9) His favourite wild animal is _____.
- 10) His favourite pet is _____.
- 11) His favourite colour is _____.
- 12) He can _____.
- 13) He loves _____.

8. DO THE CROSSWORD

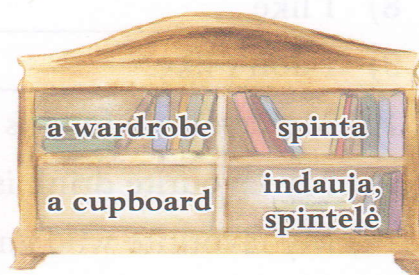
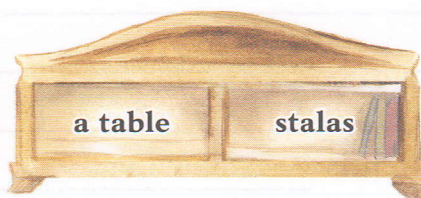
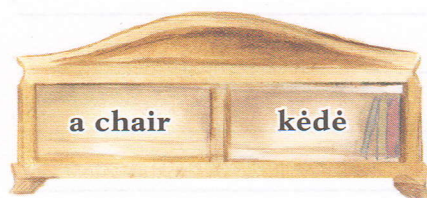
Išspręsk kryžiažodį (žr. prieduose).

22. Step a

AT HOME

1. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Išimink naujus žodžius.



2. WHAT FURNITURE HAVE YOU GOT IN YOUR ROOM?

Kurie baldai yra tavo kambaryje?



Pvz.: I have got a

3. READ AND TELL USING THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE

Perskaityk ir papasakok lietuvių gestų kalba apie Linos kambarį.

My room

My name is Lina. We have got a big flat in Vilnius. We have got four rooms. I have got one room too. I like my room.

I have got a bed, a wardrobe, a desk and two chairs in it. I have got a computer too.

I have got two pictures in my room. I have got a good picture of three cats. The cats in the picture are black and white. I have got a small picture of the dog too. The dog in the picture is not black, it is brown. I like my pictures.

In my room I have got a map of Lithuania. On my desk I have got books, pencils, a pen, an eraser and a ruler.

4. IS IT TRUE? CORRECT

Išsakyk neteisingus sakinius.

- 1) Lina has got a small flat in Vilnius.
- 2) Lina has got one room.
- 3) Lina doesn't like her room.
- 4) She has got a table, a sofa and three chairs in her room.

- 5) Lina has got four pictures in her room.
- 6) The cats in the picture are yellow and black.
- 7) The dog in the picture is brown.
- 8) She likes her pictures.
- 9) Lina has got a map of England.
- 10) Lina has got sweets on her desk.

5. DRAW YOUR ROOM

Nupiešk savo kambarį ir parašyk baldų pavadinimus angliškai.

6. WRITE ABOUT YOUR ROOM

Parašyk apie savo kambarį (žr. 3 užduotį).

My room

My name is _____. We have got a _____ flat (house) in _____. We have got _____ rooms. I have got one room too. I _____ my room.

I have got _____ in it. I have got _____ too.

I have got _____ pictures in my room. I _____ my pictures.

In my room I have got _____. On my desk I have got _____.

7. FILL IN THE GAPS

Įrašyk trūkstamas raides.

1.

	U	P	B	O		R	D
--	---	---	---	---	--	---	---
2.

K	I		C		E	N
---	---	--	---	--	---	---
3.

	L	A		R		O	M
--	---	---	--	---	--	---	---
4.

C		A		R
---	--	---	--	---
5.

	O	M			T	E	
--	---	---	--	--	---	---	--
6.

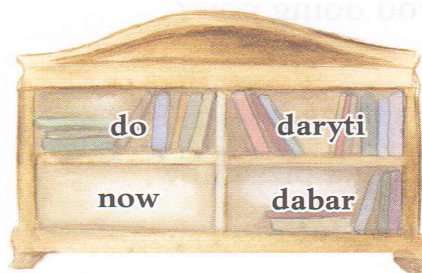
	R	M		H	A		R
--	---	---	--	---	---	--	---

22. Step b

WHAT ARE YOU DOING NOW?

1. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Įsimink naujus žodžius.



2. FOCUS ON THE USE

Įsidėmėk.

What are you doing now ?			
I	am	writing	a letter.
		watching	TV.
		playing	basketball.

3. WRITE

Parašyk.

1) write + ing = writing

6) make

2) give + ing = giving

7) draw

3) dance

8) eat

4) take

9) play

5) sleep

10) watch

!!!

run + ing = running
put + ing = putting
swim + ing = swimming

4. READ AND TELL USING THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE

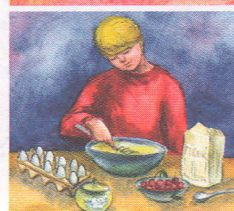
Perskaityk ir papasakok lietuvių gestų kalba.

Elf: What are you doing **now**?

Laima: I am reading a book.

Tom: I am surfing the Net.

Bill: I am making a cake.



5. WRITE

Parašyk.

What are you doing **now**?

- | | |
|--|----------------------------------|
| 1) I (make) a pizza.
I am making a pizza now. | 6) I (run) in the park. |
| 2) I (draw) a picture. | 7) I (swim) in the pool. |
| 3) I (watch) TV. | 8) I (dance) at home. |
| 4) I (surf) the Net. | 9) I (go) to the shop. |
| 5) I (write) a letter. | 10) I (put) a book on the table. |

6. MAKE SENTENCES

Sudaryk sakinius.

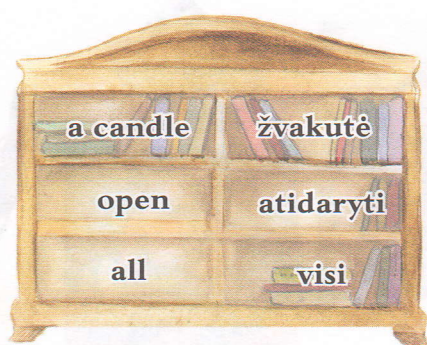
1.	in the bedroom	I	sleeping	am
2.	I	reading	am	a book
3.	playing	am	in the playroom	I
4.	I	sitting	am	in the kitchen
5.	am	I	eating	chicken

23. Step a

BIRTHDAY

1. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Įsimink naujus žodžius.



2. READ AND TELL USING THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE

Perskaityk ir papasakok lietuvių gestų kalba.

Barbara: It's your day today!
Happy birthday, Bill!

Bill: Thank you. I've got a cake with twelve candles.

Jack: Hi, Bill. Happy birthday!

Bill: Hi, Jack. Thanks!

Jack: How old are you? Are you eleven?

Bill: No, I'm not. I'm twelve.

Jack: Open the present. It's for you.

Bill: It's a kite. It's yellow and blue. I like it. Thanks.

Parrot Polly: Happy birthday, Bill!

All: Happy birthday to you.

Happy birthday to you.

Happy birthday, dear Bill,

Happy birthday to you.



3. IS IT TRUE? CORRECT

Ištaisyk neteisingus sakinius.

- 1) Bill is eleven.
- 2) Bill has got a pizza with twelve candles.
- 3) Bill likes the present.
- 4) The kite is orange and red.
- 5) Bill is happy.

4. ANSWER THE QUESTIONS

Atsakyk į klausimus.

- 1) Is Bill ten?
- 2) Is Bill twelve?
- 3) Has he got a cake with twelve candles?

- 4) Has he got a cake with eight candles?
- 5) Does Bill like his present?
- 6) Is the kite orange and green?
- 7) Is the kite yellow and blue?
- 8) Is Bill happy?

5. MAKE WORDS AND WRITE

Sudėliok žodžius ir parašyk.

1.

A	B	Y	I	T	R	H	D
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
2.

E	P	R	N	S	E	T
---	---	---	---	---	---	---
3.

A	C	E	K
---	---	---	---
4.

R	A	D	C
---	---	---	---
5.

A	C	N	E	D	L
---	---	---	---	---	---

6. READ THE CARD AND FILL IN THE GAPS

Perskaityk atviruką ir įrašyk trūkstantus žodžius.

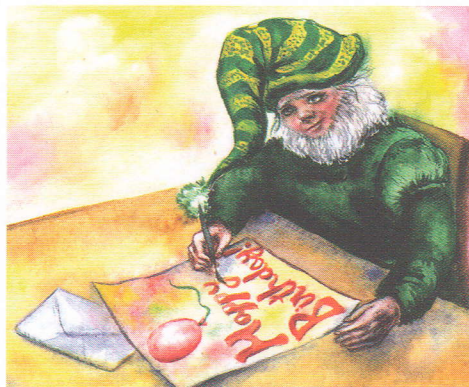
twelve	Bill	birthday
--------	------	----------

Dear ,
 You are today.
 Happy to you.

Love,
 Barbara

7. DRAW A BIRTHDAY CARD AND WRITE

Nupiešk gimtadienio atviruką ir parašyk sveikinimą (žr. 6 užduotį).

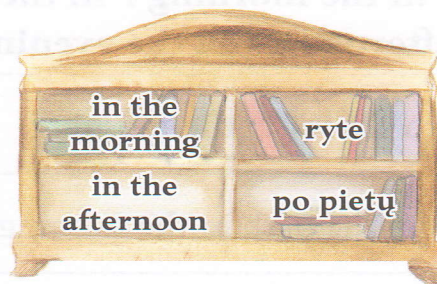
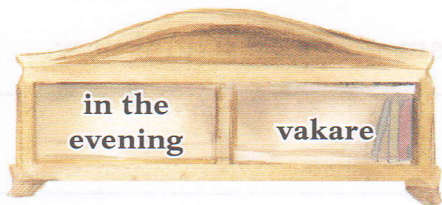


23. Step b

I AM FLYING A KITE NOW

1. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Įsimink naujus žodžius.



2. WRITE

Parašyk.

What are you doing now?



1. I am flying a kite



2.



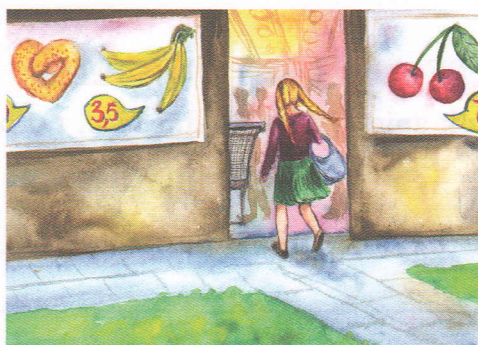
3.



4.



5.



6.

3. **WRITE**
Parašyk.

	in the morning / in the afternoon / in the evening	now
1.	I go to school in the morning.	I am going to school now.
2.	I run in the park in the evening.	
3.	I read a book in the afternoon.	
4.	I surf the Net in my room in the evening.	
5.	I sleep in the bedroom in the evening.	
6.	I drink juice in the kitchen in the morning.	
7.	I write a letter in the afternoon.	
8.	I watch TV in the sitting room in the evening.	
9.	I swim in the lake in the morning.	
10.	I play with my hamster in the afternoon.	
11.	I walk in the forest in the afternoon.	
12.	I draw a picture in the classroom in the morning.	

4. **WRITE ABOUT YOURSELF**

Parašyk apie save, ką veiki ryte, po pietų, vakare ir ką veiki dabar.

- 1) I _____ in the morning.
- 2) I _____ in the afternoon.
- 3) I _____ in the evening.
- 4) I _____ now.

5. READ AND FIND THE ODD WORD

Perskaityk ir surask prie kitų trijų netinkantį žodį.

Birthday	cake	present	candle	tree
Colour	green	orange	forest	yellow
Classroom	desk	snowman	rubber	bag
Room	table	hill	wardrobe	armchair
Animal	elephant	penguin	reindeer	pear
Food	sandwich	chicken	pencil	fish

6. WORDSEARCH

Surask žodžius ir juos parašyk.

- 1) Spinta _____
- 2) Indauja _____
- 3) Šiandien _____
- 4) Gimtadienis _____
- 5) Kėdė _____
- 6) Atidaryti _____
- 7) Žvakė _____
- 8) Atvirukas _____
- 9) Visi _____
- 10) Stalas _____

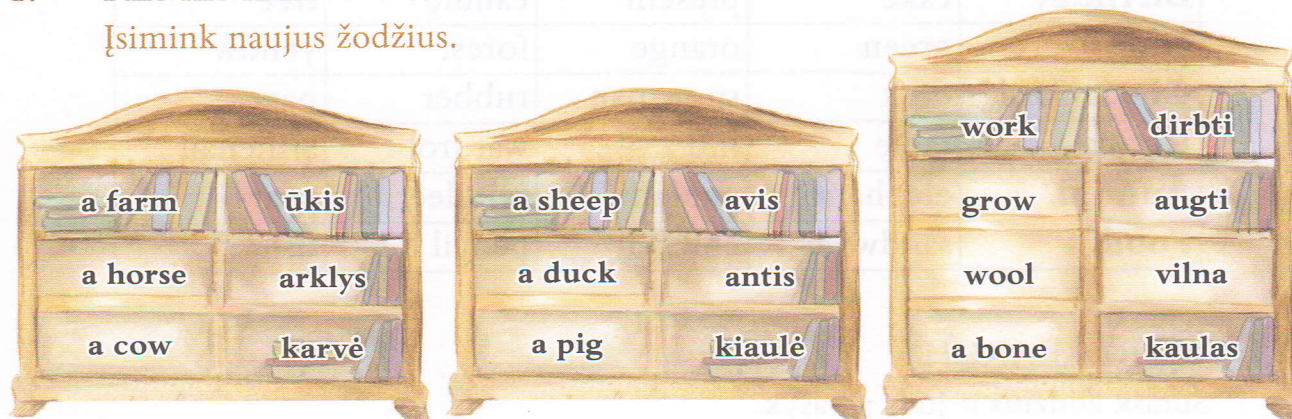
C	A	W	A	R	D	R	O	B	E
U	G	W	F	T	Y	U	I	O	A
P	F	B	I	R	T	H	D	A	Y
B	J	S	W	R	Y	R	U	F	K
O	D	D	T	V	O	P	E	N	K
A	F	F	O	R	Y	J	L	M	H
R	G	C	D	S	C	T	C	Y	I
D	H	B	A	W	A	G	H	Y	H
L	A	M	Y	D	N	Y	A	J	H
Y	L	N	Q	C	D	H	I	K	F
K	L	Y	T	S	L	E	R	L	H
J	E	R	Y	U	E	A	H	E	Y
C	A	R	D	R	T	S	T	W	U
A	Q	E	K	T	A	B	L	E	I

24. Step a

FARM ANIMALS

1. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Įsimink naujus žodžius.



2. FOCUS ON THE USE

Įsidėmėk.

What is he doing **now**?

What is she doing **now**?

What is it doing **now**?

He		reading	a book.
She	is	working	in the garden.
It		swimming	in the river.

3. READ AND TELL USING THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE

Perskaityk ir papasakok lietuvių gestų kalba.

Elf: What are you doing now?

Horse: I am working.

Cow: I am eating grass and making milk.

Sheep: I am growing wool.

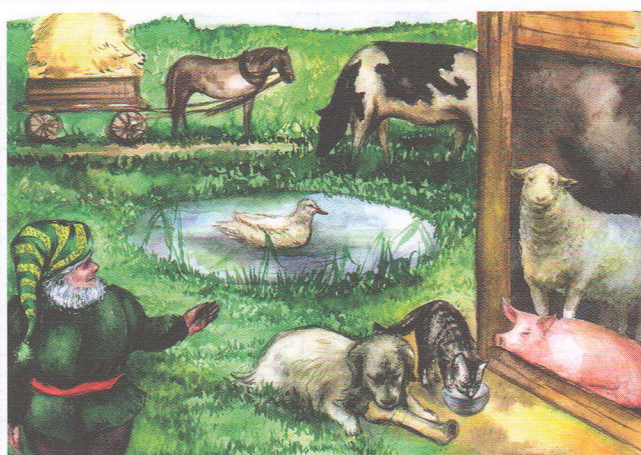
Duck: I am swimming.

Cat: I am drinking milk.

Dog: I am eating a bone.

Pig: I am sleeping.

Elf: The horse is working. The cow is eating grass and making milk. The sheep is growing wool. The duck is swimming. The cat is drinking milk. The dog is eating a bone. The pig is sleeping.



4. IS IT TRUE? CORRECT

Ištaisyk neteisingus sakinius.

- | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1) The cat is making milk. | 5) The duck is swimming. |
| 2) The dog is eating a cake. | 6) The pig is playing basketball. |
| 3) The horse is working. | 7) The cow is eating grass and |
| 4) The sheep is making a card. | growing wool. |

5. WRITE

Parašyk.

	What are you doing now?	What is he, she, it doing now?
1.	I am going to the seaside now.	My mother is going to the seaside now.
2.	I am running in the park now.	Laima
3.	I am reading a letter now.	Rasa
4.	I am making milk now.	A cow
5.	I am growing wool now.	A sheep
6.	I am drinking juice in the kitchen now.	Bill
7.	I am eating grass in the garden now.	A horse
8.	I am watching TV in the sitting room now.	Barbara
9.	I am swimming in the pool now.	Sam
10.	I am working in the forest now.	My father
11.	I am walking in the park now.	My sister
12.	I am playing football in the yard now.	Tom

6. WRITE

Parašyk, ką dabar veiki tu ir ką dabar veikia kiti.

- What are you doing now?
- What is your friend doing now?

- 3) What is your teacher doing now?
- 4) What is your mother doing now?
- 5) What is your father doing now?

7. WRITE THE NAME OF THE ANIMAL

Parašyk gyvūno pavadinimą.

- 1) This animal eats grass. It makes milk. _____
- 2) This animal is fat (riebus). It gives us meat. _____
- 3) This animal eat grass and gives us wool. _____
- 4) This animal likes milk and mice. _____
- 5) This animal likes bones and meat. _____

24. Step b

ON THE FARM

1. READ AND TELL USING THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE

Perskaityk ir papasakok lietuvių gestų kalba.

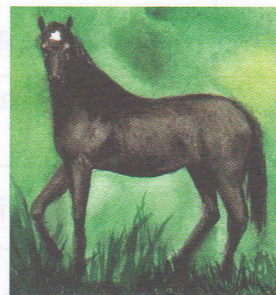
Juodis

grandpa's — *senelio*

Rima has got a grandpa. Her grandpa lives on the farm. He has got many horses, two cows, four fat pigs and a big dog.

The grandpa works with two horses. Rima likes the black horse with a white star on his head. His name is Juodis. Rima goes to the forest on her grandpa's horse. Juodis likes grass, apples and sugar. He can run fast and swim in the river.

Juodis likes playing with a ball and swimming in the river, but he doesn't like working.



2. ANSWER THE QUESTIONS

Atsakyk į klausimus.

- 1) Where does Rima's grandpa live?
- 2) Does the grandpa work with two cows?
- 3) Does Rima like the black horse with a white star on his head?

- 4) Where does Rima go on her grandpa's horse?
- 5) Does Juodis like apples and sugar?
- 6) Can he run fast and swim?
- 7) Can he fly in the sky?
- 8) Does Juodis like playing with a ball?
- 9) Does Juodis like working?
- 10) Does he like swimming?

3. WRITE Parašyk.

	in the morning/ in the afternoon/ in the evening	now
1.	I work in the garden in the evening.	I am working in the garden now.
2.	He plays basketball in the afternoon.	
3.	Rasa reads a book in the evening.	
4.	Tomas eats a sandwich in the morning.	
5.	It swims in the sea in the afternoon.	
6.	Laura drinks juice in the kitchen in the morning.	
7.	It eats grass in the forest in the evening.	
8.	I surf the Net in the sitting room in the afternoon.	
9.	Lukas runs in the yard in the evening.	
10.	It flies in the sky in the morning.	

4. WRITE Parašyk.

- 1) I (draw) a picture now.
I am drawing a picture now.
- 2) Laima (go) to school in the morning.

- 3) He (walk) in the park in the afternoon.
- 4) It (eat) grass now.
- 5) She (dance) at home in the evening.
- 6) Tomas (sleep) in the bedroom now.
- 7) I (fly) a kite in the seaside now.
- 8) It (swim) in the lake in the afternoon.
- 9) Lina (make) a card now.
- 10) Simas (run) in the yard in the evening.

5. DRAW AND WRITE.

Nupiešk ir parašyk. Nupiešk dvi saulutes ir parašyk kuo daugiau laukinių žvėrių ir naminių gyvulių pavadinimų angliškai.

☀ Wild animals ☀ Farm animals

6. MAKE A POSTER “FARM ANIMALS”

Padarykite plakatą „Naminiai gyvuliai“ su draugu ir pristatykite jį kitiems klasės draugams. Naminius gyvulius galima nupiešti arba iškirpti iš žurnalų. Nepamirškite parašyti jų pavadinimų angliškai.

25. Step a

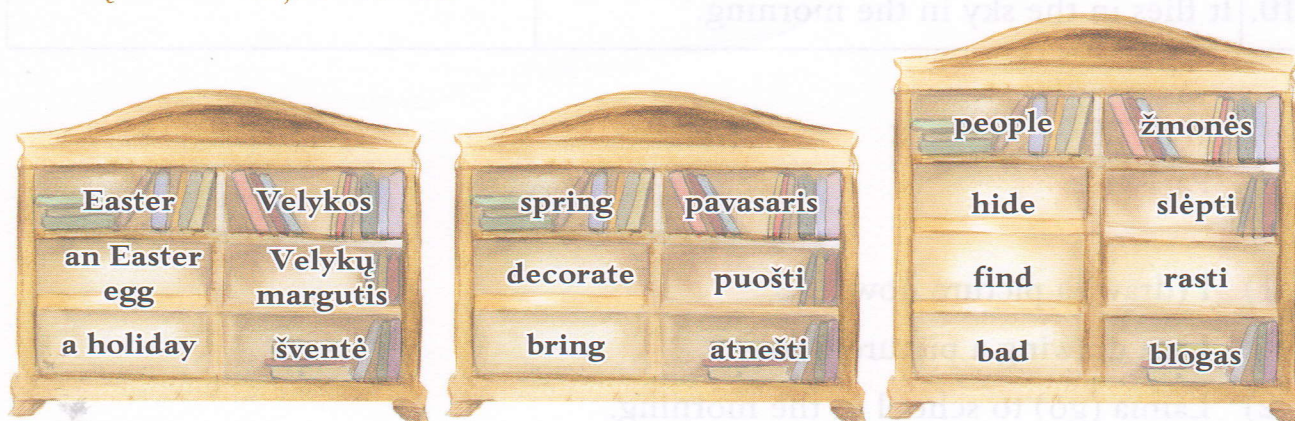
EASTER

1. TALK ABOUT EASTER IN YOUR FAMILY

Papasakok, kaip tavo šeima švenčia Velykas.

2. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Įsimink naujus žodžius.



3. READ AND TELL USING THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE

Perskaityk ir papasakok lietuvių gestų kalba.

Easter in England

Easter is a nice spring holiday. People in England celebrate (švenčia) Easter every spring. At Easter they decorate eggs.

Easter is an interesting holiday for children. They play many interesting games. Easter Bunny brings Easter eggs for good children. Easter Bunny hides them (juos) in the gardens. Children try (bando) to find Easter eggs.



4. IS IT TRUE? CORRECT

Ištaisyk neteisingus sakinius.

- 1) Easter is a nice winter holiday.
- 2) At Christmas people decorate eggs.
- 3) At Easter children play many interesting games.
- 4) Santa Claus brings Easter eggs for good children in England.
- 5) Easter Bunny hides Easter eggs in the gardens.
- 6) Children try to find sweets in the gardens.

5. ANSWER THE QUESTIONS

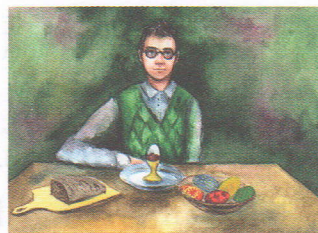
Atsakyk į klausimus.

- 1) Is Easter a nice spring holiday?
- 2) Is Easter a nice summer holiday?
- 3) Do children play many interesting games?
- 4) Does Easter Bunny bring eggs for bad children?
- 5) Does Easter Bunny bring eggs for good children?
- 6) Where does Easter Bunny hide Easter eggs?
- 7) Do children try to find Easter eggs?

6. ANSWER THE QUESTIONS

Atsakyk į klausimus.

- 1) What is Easter Bunny doing now? 2) What is Tom doing now?



- 3) What is Bill doing now? 4) What is Laima doing now?



- 5) What are you doing now?
6) What is your friend doing now?

7. CUT AND COLOUR EASTER EGGS (žr. prieduose)

- 1) Iškirpk ir nuspelvink Velykų margučius.
- 2) Padovanok juos klasės draugams.
- 3) Tau padovanotus margučius priklijuok sąsiuvinio puslapyje ir užrašyk, kas tai yra.

25. Step b

HAVE YOU GOT AN EASTER EGG?

1. FOCUS ON THE USE

Įsidėmėk.

Have	I	got	a parrot?
Yes, I have.			
No, I haven't.			

Have	you	got	an Easter egg?
Yes, I have.			
No, I haven't.			
Has	he	got	an Easter card?
Yes, he has.			
No, he hasn't.			
Has	she	got	friends?
Yes, she has.			
No, she hasn't.			
Has	it	got	wings?
Yes, it has.			
No, it hasn't.			
Have	we	got	many presents?
Yes, we have.			
No, we haven't.			
Have	you	got	books?
Yes, we have.			
No, we haven't.			
Have	they	got	apples?
Yes, they have.			
No, they haven't.			

2. ANSWER THE QUESTIONS

Atsakyk į klausimus.

- 1) Have you got a dog?
No, I haven't. I've got a cat.
- 2) Have you got a TV?
Yes, I have.
- 3) Have you got a rabbit?
- 4) Have you got many books?
- 5) Has your friend got a laptop?
- 6) Has your mother got a bike?
- 7) Has a dog got four legs?
- 8) Has a fish got wings?
- 9) Have we got Easter eggs at Easter?
- 10) Have your friends got pencils?

3. MAKE SENTENCES

Sudaryk sakinius.

Laima	play basketball	in the kitchen	in the morning.
Easter Bunny	surfs the Net	in the gardens	in the afternoon.
Children	is decorating eggs	in the yard	in the evening.
Rasa	hides Easter eggs	to school	now.
Bill	goes	at home	at Easter.

4. DO THE CROSSWORD

Išspręsk kryžiažodį (žr. prieduose).

5. READ THE CARD AND FILL IN THE GAPS

Perskaityk atviruką ir įrašyk trūkstantus žodžius.

Easter, children, wish.

Dear ,
I you a very Happy
..... !

Elf



6. MAKE A CARD

Padaryk Velykinį atviruką ir užrašyk sveikinimą (žr. 5 užduotį).

26. Step a

THE DAYS OF THE WEEK

1. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Įsimink naujus žodžius.



2. ANSWER

Atsakyk į klausimą.

What day is it today?

It's

3. WRITE

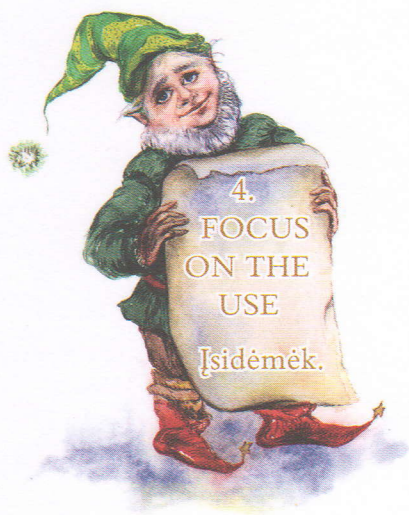
Parašyk, ką Bilas veikia kiekvieną savaitės dieną.

1) On Monday Bill plays basketball.

Monday
play basketball
Tuesday
ride a bike in the forest

Wednesday
read a book at home
Thursday
play tennis in the yard
Friday
swim in the pool

Saturday
walk in the park
Sunday
fly a kite



to play	Play!	Let's...	Let's play!
to run	Run!		Let's run!
to go	Go!		Let's go!

5. WRITE

Parašyk (žr. 3 užduotį).

It's Monday.	<i>Let's play basketball!</i>
It's Tuesday.	
It's Wednesday.	
It's Thursday.	
It's Friday.	
It's Saturday.	
It's Sunday.	

6. WRITE

Parašyk (žr. 3 užduotį).

- 1) Today Bill plays basketball. It's Monday.
- 2) Today Bill flies a kite. It's _____.
- 3) Today Bill reads a book. It's _____.
- 4) Today Bill plays tennis in the yard. It's _____.
- 5) Today Bill walks in the park. It's _____.
- 6) Today Bill swims in the pool. It's _____.
- 7) Today Bill rides a bike in the forest. It's _____.

7. WRITE

Įrašyk *on* arba *in*.

- 1) Let's play tennis _____ Sunday.
- 2) We go to school _____ the morning.
- 3) I drink juice _____ the afternoon.
- 4) Laima writes a letter _____ Tuesday.
- 5) Children watch TV _____ the evening.
- 6) They eat chicken _____ Saturday.
- 7) Girls walk in the park _____ Friday.
- 8) Tom surfs the Net _____ the afternoon.

8. WRITE

Įrašyk *to*, *in* arba *at*.

- 1) We decorate eggs _____ the kitchen.
- 2) I can read and write _____ school.
- 3) People are walking _____ the park.
- 4) Let's go _____ the yard!
- 5) Bill is drawing a picture _____ home.
- 6) Let's go _____ the garden!
- 7) He is swimming _____ the pool.
- 8) It swims _____ the river every day.

26. Step b

IN A WEEK

1. MAKE A TIMETABLE AND WRITE ABOUT YOURSELF

Sudaryk savo tvarkaraštį ir parašyk, ką veiki kiekvieną savaitės dieną.

Monday	Thursday	Sunday
Tuesday	Friday	
Wednesday	Saturday	

1) On Monday I

2. ANSWER THE QUESTIONS ABOUT YOUR CLASSMATE

Atsakyk į klausimus apie savo klasės draugą.

- 1) What does she/he do on Thursday?
- 2) What does she/he do on Monday?
- 3) What does she/he do on Saturday?
- 4) What does she/he do on Sunday?
- 5) What does she/he do on Friday?
- 6) What does she/he do on Wednesday?
- 7) What does she/he do on Tuesday?

3. WRITE IN ENGLISH

Parašyk angliškai.

- 1) Pirmadienį aš einu į mokyklą.
- 2) Ketvirtadienį jie žaidžia futbolą.
- 3) Šeštadienį aš žaidžiu su savo žiurkėnu.
- 4) Antradienį mes naršome internete.
- 5) Penktadienį visi vaikai plaukioja baseine.
- 6) Trečiadienį Bilas važinėja dviračiu.
- 7) Sekmadienį Laima bėgioja parke.

4. FOCUS ON THE USE

Įsidėmėk.

What are we doing now?

What are you doing now?

What are they doing now?

We		sitting	in the playroom.
You	are	working	in the garden.
They		swimming	in the sea.

5. ANSWER THE QUESTIONS

Atsakyk į klausimus.

- What are we doing now? (dance)
We are dancing in the sitting room now.
- What are you doing now? (write a letter in the bedroom)
- What are your friends doing now? (read a card in the playroom)
- What is your teacher doing now? (sit in the classroom)
- What is a cow eating now? (grass in the garden)
- What is a sheep growing now? (wool in the garden)
- What are children eating now? (chocolate in the kitchen)
- What is a parrot doing now? (fly in the room)

6. FILL IN THE GAPS

Įrašyk trūkstamas raides.

- T E D A Y
- E D E D A Y
- S A R D A
- T U D Y
- S D A Y

7. WRITE AN E-MAIL

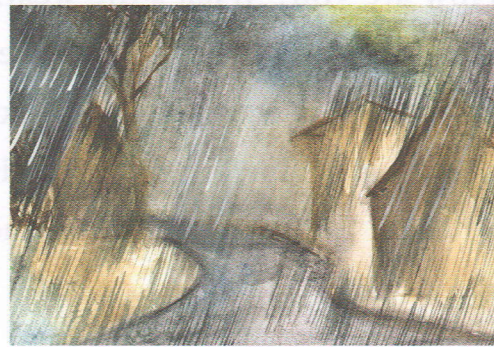
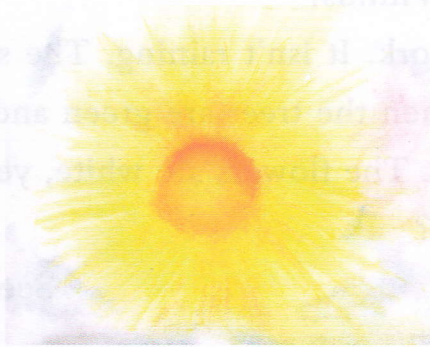
Parašyk elektroninę žinutę draugui apie tai, ką tu veiki kiekvieną savaitės dieną.

27. Step a

WHAT'S THE WEATHER LIKE?

1. WHAT IS YOUR FAVOURITE WEATHER?

Pasakyk, koks oras tau labiausiai patinka.

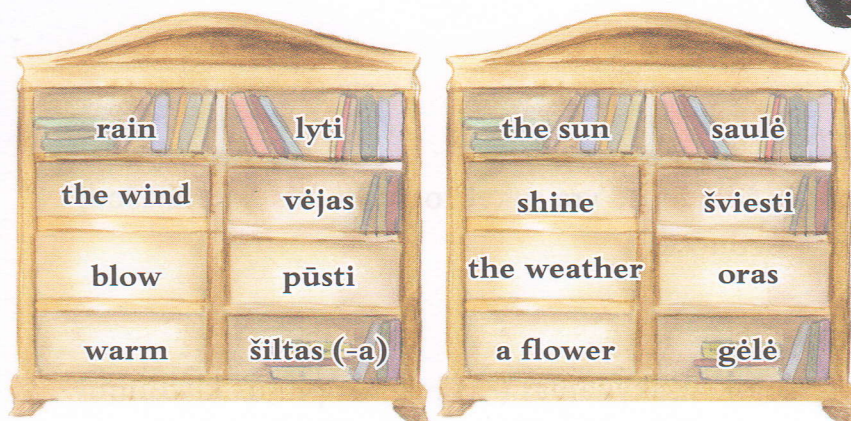


2. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Įsimink naujus žodžius.

3. FOCUS ON THE USE

Įsidėmėk.



4. READ AND TELL USING THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE
Perskaityk Bilo elektroninę žinutę ir papasakok, koks oras Niujorke.

Hi Laima,

How are you? What's the weather like in Vilnius?

I am OK. The weather is nice in New York. It isn't raining. The sun is shining and it is warm today. I like spring when the trees are green and you can see a lot of flowers and birds in the parks. The flowers are white, yellow, red or blue. I like flowers very much. Do you?

See you,
Bill

5. IS IT TRUE? CORRECT
Ištaisyk šiuos sakinius.

- 1) The weather isn't nice in New York.
- 2) The wind is blowing and it is cold in New York today.
- 3) Bill doesn't like spring.
- 4) We can't see a lot of flowers and birds in the parks in spring.
- 5) The flowers are black or brown.

6. WHAT IS THE WEATHER LIKE TODAY?

Koks šiandien oras? Parašyk, šilta ar šalta? Ar šviečia saulė? Gal lyja lietus ar pučia vėjas?

It is.... The...is...

7. DO THE CROSSWORD

Išspręskite kryžiažodį. Raidės žodžiuose yra sukeistos vietomis, į kryžiažodį reikia įrašyti taisyklingą žodį (žr. prieduose).

8. WRITE AN E-MAIL

Parašyk elektroninę žinutę Bilui, atsakydamas (-a) į jam rūpimus klausimus: kaip tau sekasi, koks oras šiandien, ar patinka gėlės (žr. 4 užduotį).

27. Step b

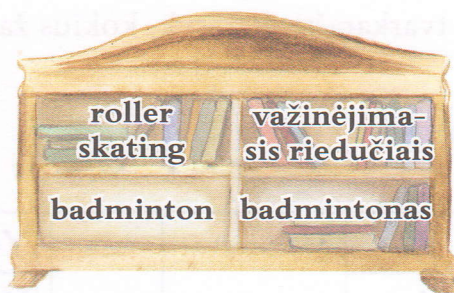
WEATHER AND GAMES

1. WHAT'S THE WEATHER LIKE TODAY?

Koks oras yra šiandien? Pasakyk išdaktiliuodamas angliškus žodžius. Kokius žaidimus galime žaisti tokiu oru?

2. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Įsimink naujus žodžius.



3. READ AND TELL USING THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE

Perskaityk ir papasakok lietuvių gestų kalba.

On Monday...

Laima:

Today is the Roller skating day. The sun is shining and it is warm today. It's a nice day. We can go roller skating.

On Wednesday...

Tom:

Today is the Football day. Is the sun shining? Oh, no. It is raining and the wind is blowing. We can't play football today and I can't go roller skating today.

On Friday...

Bill:

Today is the Badminton day. The sun is shining, but the wind is blowing. It's very strong. We can't play badminton today, but I can ride a bike today.

4. ANSWER THE QUESTIONS

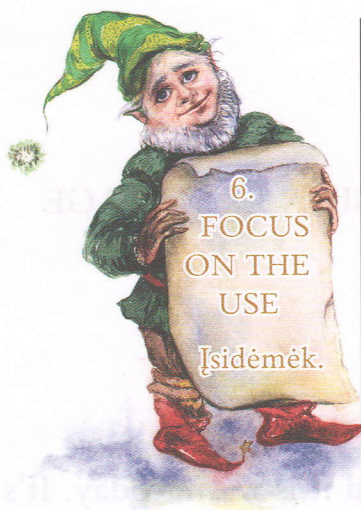
Atsakyk į klausimus.

- 1) Can the children go roller skating on Monday? Why?
- 2) Can the children play football on Wednesday? Why?
- 3) Can the children play badminton on Friday? Why?
- 4) What do you do when it rains?

5. MAKE YOUR GAMES' TIMETABLE

Sudaryk savo žaidimų tvarkaraštį. Parašyk, kokius žaidimus ir kurią savaitės dieną žaidi.

Pvz.: *Monday – Roller skating.*



Am	I	swimming in the lake?	Yes, I am.	No, I'm not.
Is	he		Yes, he is.	No, he isn't.
Is	she		Yes, she is.	No, she isn't.
Is	it		Yes, it is.	No, it isn't.
Are	we		Yes, we are.	No, we aren't.
Are	you		Yes, you are.	No, you aren't.
Are	they		Yes, they are.	No, they aren't.

7. MATCH

Sujunk klausimą su atsakymu.

Is the wind blowing?
Is Tom playing football?
Are you surfing the Net?
Are the boys swimming in the sea?
Is Laima writing a letter?
Are the swans flying?
Is Bill reading?

Yes, they are.
No, I'm not.
Yes, it is.
No, he isn't. He is writing.
No, they aren't. They are swimming.
Yes, he is.
No, she isn't. She is reading.

28. Step a

SEASONS AND GAMES

1. WHAT IS YOUR FAVOURITE SEASON?

Koks metų laikas tau labiausiai patinka? Kodėl?



2. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Įsimink naujus žodžius.



Po veiksmažodžio *like* kitą veiksmažodį vartokite su galūne – **ing**, pavyzdžiui:
Aš mėgstu naršyti internete. – *I like surfing the Net.*

4. READ AND TELL USING THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE

Perskaityk ir papasakok lietuvių gestų kalba.

Laima:

I like winter. I like skiing and skating. I often come to the skating-rink with my sister Rasa.

Tom:

I like summer. In summer I go to the seaside. I like swimming in the sea and playing football with my friends.

Bill:

I like spring when the trees are green and you can see a lot of nice flowers in the parks. I like looking at the flowers and riding a bike in the park.

- Koks metų laikas patinka Laimai? Kodėl?
- Koks metų laikas patinka Tomui? Kodėl?
- Koks metų laikas patinka Bilui? Kodėl?

5. TRUE OR FALSE?

Perrašyk sakinius ir prie teisingų parašyk raidę T, prie neteisingų – F.

Pvz.:

Laima likes winter. T

Tom like autumn. F

- 1) Laima likes spring.
- 2) She likes playing football with friends.
- 3) Laima often comes to the skating-rink in winter.
- 4) Tom likes summer.
- 5) In summer he goes to the seaside.
- 6) Tom likes playing football with his brother.
- 7) Bill likes autumn.
- 8) He likes looking at the flowers in the park.
- 9) Bill likes riding a bike in the garden.

6. INTERVIEW YOUR FRIEND

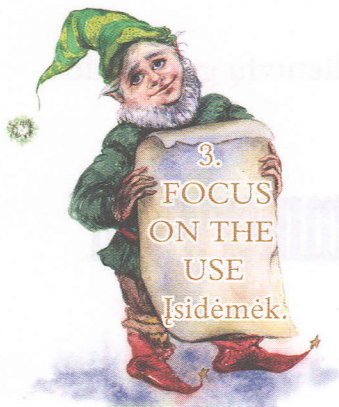
Paklausk savo klasės draugo lietuvių gestų kalba, koks metų laikas jam labiausiai patinka ir ką jis mėgsta veikti tuo metu. Atsakymus užrašyk į sąsiuvinį.

My friend is...(name). He / she likes...(season). He / she likes...(doing).

7. ANSWER THE QUESTIONS

Atsakyk į klausimus.

- 1) Do you like spring?
- 2) What games do you play in spring?
- 3) What can you see in your yard, in the gardens and parks in spring?
- 4) Do you like looking at the flowers?
- 5) Are the days in spring long or short?



Kai norite pasakyti, kokios jūsų pareigos, ką turite / privalote atlikti, vartokite *have to*.

Pvz.: *I have to help my mother* ir t. t.

5. READ AND TELL USING THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE

Perskaityk ir papasakok lietuvių gestų kalba.

Today is Friday. The sun is shining and it is warm. Bill wants to play badminton with his friend, but he can't. He has to do his homework and tidy up his room. It is spring, so in the evening Bill has to help his father in the garden. His friend has to help his mother in the kitchen.

So – taigi

- Kokia savaitės diena aprašyta tekste?
- Koks oras minimas tekste?
- Kodėl Bilas negali žaisti badmintono?

6. IS IT TRUE? CORRECT

Ištaisyk šiuos teiginius.

- 1) Today is Monday.
- 2) It is raining.
- 3) Bill wants to play basketball.
- 4) It is autumn.
- 5) Bill has to help his father in the park.
- 6) His friend has to help his father in the kitchen.

7. WRITE

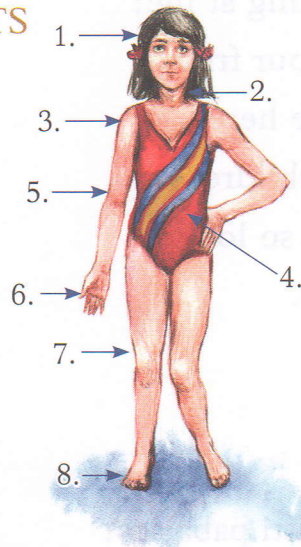
Parašyk 2 sakinius apie tai, ką tu turi / privalai daryti namuose.

29. Step a

BODY PARTS

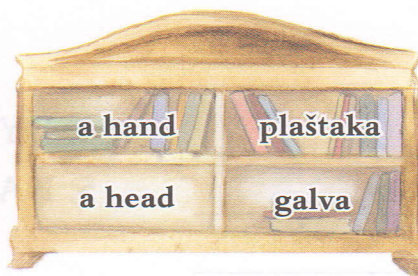
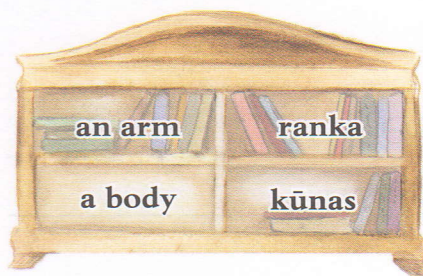
1. NAME THE BODY PARTS

Išvardyk kūno dalis.



2. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Įsimink naujus žodžius.



3. LABEL THE PICTURE

Sužymėk paveikslėlyje pavaizduotas kūno dalis.

1 – <u>head</u>	5 – _____
2 – _____	6 – _____
3 – _____	7 – _____
4 – _____	8 – _____

4. READ AND DRAW

Perskaityk ir nupiešk, ką susapnavo Tomas.

A STRANGE DREAM

a strange dream – keistas sapnas

at him – (j) jį

a monster – pabaisa

at me – (i) mane

Tom is sleeping and dreaming. In his dream **a monster** is looking **at him**. It

is tall and has two heads with one long neck, three short arms with six hands and four long legs with seven feet.

Tom: Why are you looking **at me**?

Monster: I want to be your friend.

Tom: Why do you come here?

Monster: To play with children.

Tom: Why is your neck so long?

Monster: I like to watch.

Tom: Why.....

- Kodėl atėjo pabaisa?
- Ko tu norėtum paklausti pabaisos?

5. FIND THE WORDS

Surask žodžius.

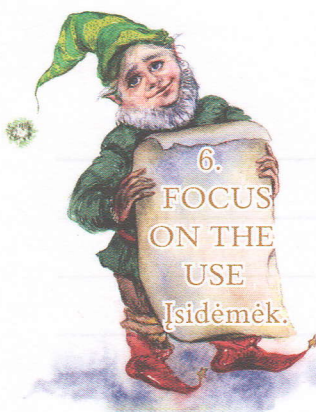
1. CKEN = _____

4. DYBO = _____

2. TEFÉ = _____

5. NADH = _____

3. RSOHUDLE = _____



Why	am	I here?
	are	you hungry?
	is	he in the park?
	is	she at home?
	is	it so long?
	are	we in the hall?
	are	you cold?
	are	they so big?

Why	do	I come here?
	do	you drink milk?
	does	he watch TV?
	does	she surf the Net?
	does	it swim in the lake?
	do	we go to school?
	do	you write letters?
	do	they eat sandwiches?

7. THINK AND ANSWER

Pagalvok ir atsakyk lietuvių gestų kalba.

- | | |
|--|------------------------------------|
| 1) Why do children go to school? | 3) Why do children like chocolate? |
| 2) Why do children write letters to Santa Claus? | 4) Why do children like pets? |
| | 5) Why do children go to the ZOO? |

8. WRITE IN ENGLISH

Parašyk angliškai.

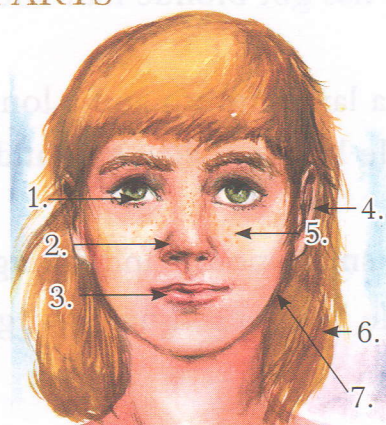
- 1) Kodėl jis žaidžia krepšinį?
- 2) Kodėl jūs mėgstate picą?
- 3) Kodėl tu laimingas?
- 4) Kodėl ji yra virtuvėje?
- 5) Kodėl mes naršome internete?

29. Step b

FACE PARTS

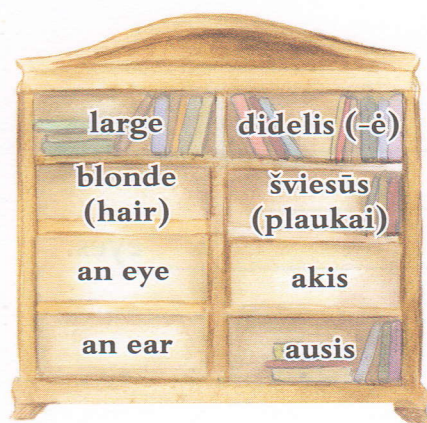
1. NAME THE FACE PARTS

Išvardyk veido dalis.



2. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Įsimink naujus žodžius.



3. LABEL THE PICTURE

Sužymėk paveikslėlyje pavaizduotas veido dalis.

- 1 – eye.
- 2 – _____
- 3 – _____
- 4 – _____

- 5 – _____
- 6 – _____
- 7 – _____

4. READ AND DRAW THE FACES

Perskaityk ir nupiešk veidus, kaip nurodyta aprašyme (žr. prieduose).

1) This is Greta. Draw a small mouth and a small nose. Draw large eyes. Her hair is long and wavy. She has got red hair and blue eyes. She has got freckles.

2) This is Peter. Draw a small mouth and a long nose. Draw small eyes. His hair is short and straight. He has got brown hair and green eyes.

3) This is Jane. Draw a large mouth and a small nose. Draw small eyes. Her hair is long and straight. She has got blonde hair and blue eyes.

4) This is Andrew. Draw a large mouth and a long nose. Draw large eyes. His hair is short and curly. He has got black hair and brown eyes.

5) This is Patrick. Draw a small mouth and a long nose. Draw small eyes. His hair is short and wavy. He has got red hair and green eyes.

5. DESCRIBE YOUR FRIEND

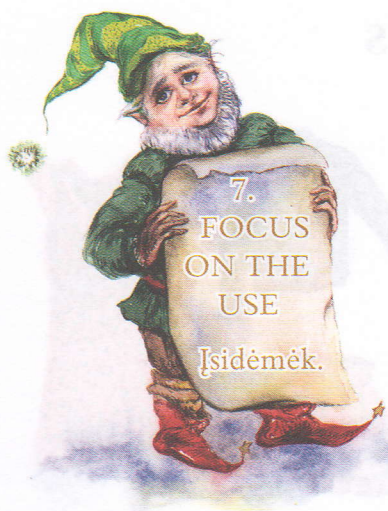
Aprašyk savo draugo išvaizdą.

- 1) This is _____ (name).
- 2) He / she has got a _____ and a _____.
- 3) His / her hair is _____ and _____.
- 4) He / she has got _____ hair and _____ eyes.

6. FILL IN THE GAPS

Įrašyk trūkstamas raides.

- 1) Strai__ht h__ir.
- 2) La__ge e__es.
- 3) Sma__l mo__th.
- 4) Lo__g n__se.
- 5) Fre__kles.



Kieno? – Laimos, mamos, katės ir t. t.

Prie vienaskaitos daiktavardžio pridėkite **'s**: Laima**'s**, mother**'s**, cat**'s**.

Prie daugiskaitos daiktavardžio pridėkite tik **'**: boys**'** (*berniukų*), girls**'** (*mergaičių*).

Prie vienaskaitos daiktavardžio, kuris baigiasi **-s**, taip pat pridėkite tik **'**: Jonas**'** (*Jono*), Marius**'** (*Mariaus*).

Kas?	Kieno?
I	My
He	His
She	Her
It	Its
We	Our
You	Your

Kas?	Kieno?
They	Their
Tom	Tom 's
My friend	My friend 's
My friends	My friends '
Giedrius	Giedrius '

8. FILL IN THE GAPS

[rašyk *my, your, his, her, its, our, their*:

- 1) The little cat sleeps in _____ box.
- 2) I have got five pencils in _____ pencil-case.
- 3) We often play with _____ friends.
- 4) They have got a big tent. They often take _____ tent to the seaside.
- 5) Laima has got a pen in _____ hand.
- 6) Tom plays games in _____ playroom.
- 7) I like you and want to be _____ friend.

9. ANSWER THE QUESTIONS

Atsakyk.

- 1) What is your mother's name?
- 2) What is your best friend's name?
- 3) What is your pet's name?

30. Step a

SHOPPING FOR CLOTHES



1. WHAT ARE YOUR FAVOURITE CLOTHES?

Ką tu mėgsti vilkėti?

2. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Įsimink naujus žodžius.



3. READ AND TELL USING THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE

Perskaityk ir papasakok lietuvių gestų kalba.

Looking for – ieškau

Size – dydis

Here you are – prašom

Shop assistant: Can I help you?

Laima: Yes, I'm **looking for** a jacket, jeans and shoes.

Shop assistant: Do you like this nice yellow jacket?

Laima: No, I want an orange jacket and blue jeans.

Shop assistant: What **size** are you?

Laima: I am a small.

Shop assistant: Here you are.

Laima: Thank you.

Shop assistant: Do you want trainers or shoes?

Laima: Black shoes, please.

Shop assistant: Here you are.

Laima: Thanks and goodbye.

- Kokius drabužius nusipirko Laima?
- Kokios spalvos batelius ji nusipirko?

4. LOOK AT THE TABLE. WHAT SIZE IS LAIMA? WHAT SIZE ARE YOU?

Pažiūrėk į lentelę ir pasakyk, kokio dydžio drabužius dėvi Laima? Kokius tu?

small (S) 6–8	large (L) 14–16
medium (M) 10–12	x-large (XL) 18–20

5. FIND 7 CLOTHES

Surask 7 drabužių pavadinimus.

T	R	O	U	S	E	R	S	N	A	R	D
W	A	N	G	J	U	C	X	J	V	Q	R
K	O	R	Z	X	T	J	B	A	P	B	E
H	S	W	E	A	T	E	R	M	L	I	S
J	U	R	O	Q	C	A	Z	Q	Y	U	S
O	W	M	E	S	S	N	Y	U	S	K	G
U	G	Q	L	N	P	S	F	E	O	A	V
N	Y	E	L	J	A	T	I	Z	C	S	N
S	K	I	R	T	F	J	A	C	K	E	T

6. FILL IN THE GAPS

Įrašyk trūkstamas raides.

1) TR ____ S ____ RS

2) DR ____

3) TR ____ N ____ R

4) SW ____ T ____ R

5) J ____ CK ____

6) ____ - S ____ R ____

7) SH ____

7. WRITE

Parašyk, ką tu mėgsti vilkėti ir ko nemėgsti.

I like wearing.... I don't like...

8. WRITE IN ENGLISH

Parašyk angliškai.

- 1) Laimos juodi batai; mano mamos suknelė; jų brolio švarkas.
- 2) Tomo raudonas dviratis; mūsų draugų palapinė; tavo sesers sijonas.
- 3) Bilo rudos kelnės; mano draugo megztinis; jų geltonas aitvaras.
- 4) Laima mėgsta vilkėti oranžinį švarkelį ir mėlynus džinsus.
- 5) Bilas nemėgsta vilkėti geltono megztinio ir rudų kelnų.

30. Step b

LET'S DO OUR SHOPPING

1. FOCUS ON THE USE

Įsidėmėk.



Countable nouns Skaičiuotiniai daiktavardžiai



One apple



two apples

Uncountable nouns Neskaičiuotiniai daiktavardžiai.



Some cheese

Neskaičiuotiniai daiktavardžiai reiškia daiktus, kurių negalima suskaičiuoti. Juos vartojame su tam tikrais žodžiais: *a kilo of, a piece of, a cup of* ir t. t.

2. WHICH ARE COUNTABLE / UNCOUNTABLE

Kurie daiktavardžiai yra skaičiuotiniai, kurie – neskaiciuotiniai?

- | | |
|-----------|--------------|
| 1) pear | 6) cake |
| 2) tea | 7) egg |
| 3) plum | 8) chocolate |
| 4) soup | 9) cheese |
| 5) banana | |

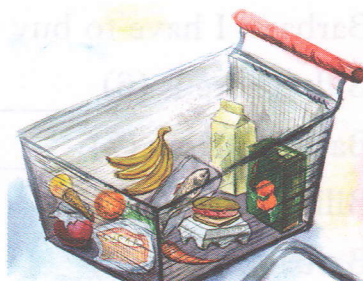


COUNTABLE NOUNS		
+	There is an apple.	There are some apples.
-	There isn't an apple.	There aren't any apples.
?	Is there an apple?	Are there any apples?
How many apples have we got?		

UNCOUNTABLE NOUNS		
+	There is some cheese.	
-	There isn't any cheese.	
?	Is there any cheese?	
How much cheese have we got?		

How **many** – kiek?

How **much** – kiek?



4. WRITE A, AN OR SOME

Įrašyk *a*, *an* arba *some*.

- | | |
|------------------------|--------------------|
| 1) <u>an</u> ice cream | 7) _____ eggs |
| 2) _____ milk | 8) _____ jam |
| 3) _____ orange | 9) _____ carrot |
| 4) _____ bananas | 10) _____ fish |
| 5) _____ sugar | 11) _____ sandwich |
| 6) _____ juice | |

5. WRITE SOME OR ANY

Įrašyk *some* arba *any*.

- 1) There isn't _____ milk.
- 2) Is there _____ tea?
- 3) There _____ pears.
- 4) Are there _____ bananas?
- 5) There is _____ sugar.
- 6) Have we got _____ carrots?
- 7) We have got _____ oranges.

6. READ AND WRITE MUCH, MANY, ANY OR SOME.

Perskaityk ir įrašyk *much*, *many*, *any* arba *some*.

flour – miltai

shopping list – pirkinių sąrašas

buy – pirkti

Barbara is at home. She and her brother Bill are in the kitchen. Barbara wants to make a cake, so she's writing her **shopping list**.

Barbara: How (1) _____ eggs have we got?

Bill: Ten.

Barbara: How (2) _____ sugar is there?

Bill: There isn't (3) _____ sugar.

Barbara: I have to **buy** (4) _____ sugar. How (5) _____ milk have we got?

Bill: There is (6) _____ milk.

Barbara: How (7) _____ apples have we got?

Bill: Five.

Barbara: How (8) _____ **flour** is there?

Bill: There isn't (9) _____ flour.

Barbara: I have to **buy** (10) _____ flour and (11) _____ sugar.

7. IS IT TRUE? CORRECT

Ištaisyk šiuos teiginius.

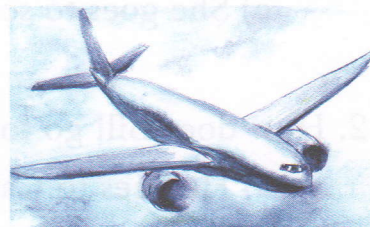
- 1) Barbara is in the kitchen with her mother.
- 2) She wants to make ice cream.
- 3) She is writing a letter.
- 4) Barbara has got four apples.
- 5) She has to buy ten bananas.

31. Step a

MEANS OF TRANSPORT

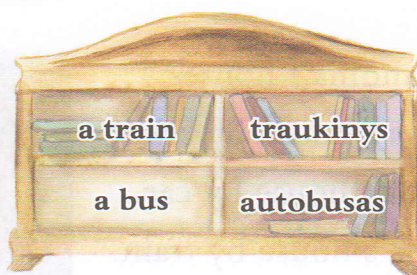
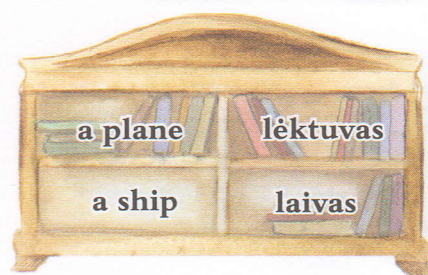
1. WHICH MEANS OF TRANSPORT CAN YOU SEE IN THE PICTURES?

Kokias transporto priemones matai paveikslėliuose?



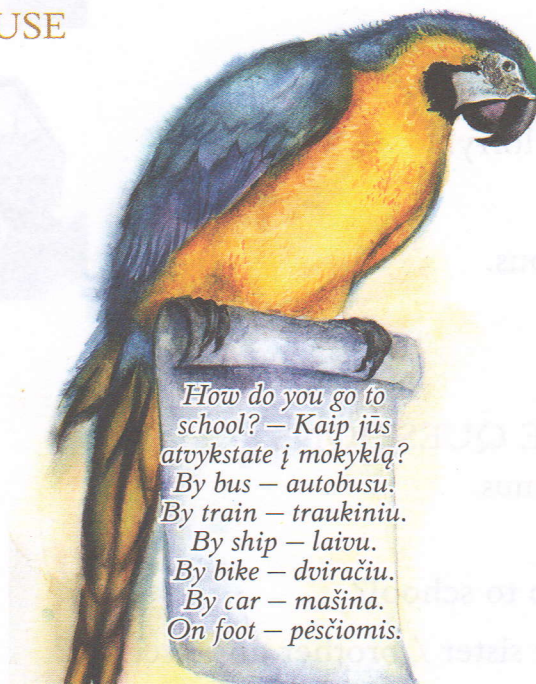
2. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Įsimink naujus žodžius.



3. FOCUS ON THE USE

Įsidėmėk.

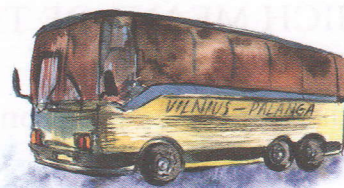


How do you go to school? — Kaip jūs atvykstate į mokyklą?
By bus — autobusu.
By train — traukiniu.
By ship — laivu.
By bike — dviračiu.
By car — mašina.
On foot — pėsčiomis.

4. LOOK AT THE PICTURES AND CHOOSE THE RIGHT ANSWER
Pagal paveikslėlių pasirink teisingą atsakymą į klausimą.

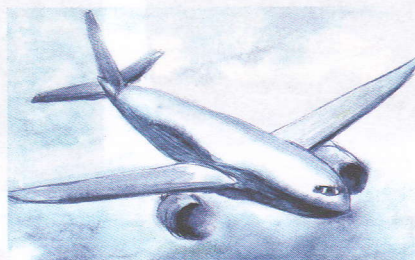
1. How does Laima go to school?

- a) She goes to school on foot.
- b) She goes to school by bus.
- c) She goes to school by car.



2. How does Bill go to Canada?

- a) He goes to Canada by train.
- b) He goes to Canada by lorry.
- c) He goes to Canada by plane.



3. How do Bill and Barbara go to the shop?

- a) They go to the shop by car.
- b) They go to the shop by ship.
- c) They go to the shop by bus.



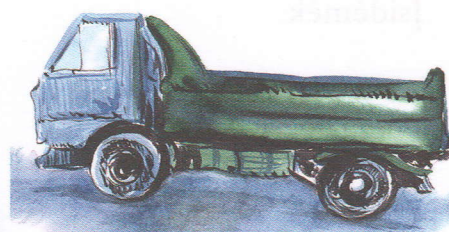
4. How does Tom go to grandma's house?

- a) He goes to grandma's house by bike.
- b) He goes to grandma's house by car.
- c) He goes to grandma's house by train.



5. How does Laima's father go to work?

- a) He drives a lorry.
- b) He walks.
- c) He takes a bus.



5. ANSWER THE QUESTIONS
Atsakyk į klausimus.

- 1) How do you go to school?
- 2) How does your sister / brother go to school?

- 3) How does your mother go to work?
- 4) How does your friend go to school?
- 5) How do you go to grandma's house?

6. FIND THE WORDS

Surask žodžius.

1. ELAPN = _____
2. ROLYR = _____
3. ARINT = _____
4. PHIS = _____
5. ARC = _____
6. KEBI = _____

7. WRITE IN ENGLISH

Parašyk angliškai.

- 1) Rasa vyksta į Kauną traukiniu.
- 2) Tomas mėgsta važinėti dviračiu. Jis dažnai vyksta į mokyklą dviračiu.
- 3) Laimos mama nemėgsta autobuso. Ji eina į darbą pėsčiomis.
- 4) Jie vyksta į Londoną lėktuvu.
- 5) Jos tėtis vairuoja sunkvežimį.

8. GUESS AND DRAW

Atspėk ir nupiešk. Apie kokią transporto priemonę kalbama?

water — vanduo

land — žemė

- 1) It is a big means of transport. It goes **on water**. It carries people or goods. Colour it yellow.
- 2) It is a big means of transport. It can fly. Colour it blue.
- 3) It is a small means of transport. It goes **on land**. It carries people. Colour it red.
- 4) It is a small means of transport. You can ride it. Colour it green.

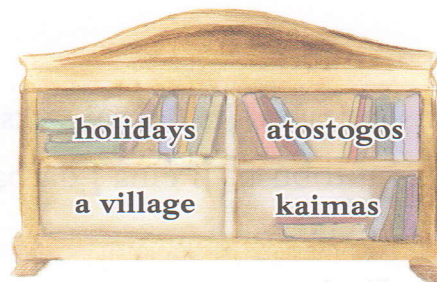
31. Step b

GOODBYE!



1. REMEMBER NEW WORDS

Įsimink naujus žodžius.



2. READ AND TELL USING THE LITHUANIAN SIGN LANGUAGE

Perskaityk ir papasakok lietuvių gestų kalba bei atsakyk į tekste pateiktus klausimus.

1) Bill is going to Canada for summer holidays. He wants to take his parrot to Canada. Polly doesn't like trains and cars. Bill can't take his parrot on a plane. How can he and Polly go to Canada?

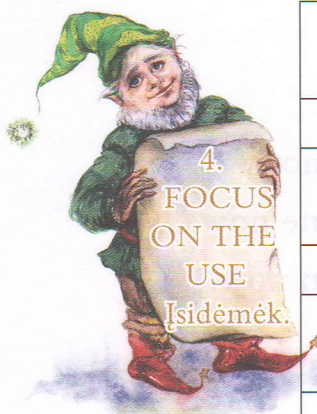
2) Laima and Rasa are going to the seaside for summer holidays. They want to take their hamster and their dog to Nida. Rikis doesn't like buses and Sargis doesn't like ships. How can they go to Nida?

3) Tom is going to his grandma for summer holidays. His grandma lives in the village. Tom wants to take his dog with him. Rex doesn't like lorries, buses and trains. How can Tom and Rex go to the village?

3. IS IT TRUE? CORRECT

Ištaisyk šiuos sakinius.

- 1) Bill is going to Canada for autumn holidays.
- 2) He wants to take his bike to Canada.
- 3) His parrot doesn't like ships and cars.
- 4) Laima and Rasa are going to the USA for summer holidays.
- 5) Rikis likes buses and Sargis likes ships.
- 6) Tom is going to his friend for summer holidays.
- 7) His grandma lives in London.
- 8) Rex doesn't like lorries, cars and trains.



I	am surfing	the Net.	I	am not surfing	the Net.
He	is eating	a cake.	He	isn't eating	a cake.
She	is drinking	tea.	She	isn't drinking	tea.
It	is flying	in the sky.	It	isn't flying	in the sky.
We	are playing	basketball.	We	aren't playing	basketball.
You	are swimming	in the sea.	You	aren't swimming	in the sea.
They	are drawing	trees.	They	aren't drawing	trees.

5. CHANGE AND MATCH

Pakeisk ir suderink. Sakinį iš kairiojo stulpelio pakeisk į neigiamą sakinį. Neigiamam sakiniui parink tinkamą sakinį iš dešiniojo stulpelio.

I am surfing the Net now. I'm not surfing the Net. I am watching TV.

I am surfing the Net now.	She is taking him to the seaside.
I'm wearing a red sweater and blue jeans today.	I am watching TV.
Bill is going to Lithuania.	They are watching football on TV.
Laima is taking her hamster to grandma.	I'm wearing a red jacket and brown trousers.
Look! The boys are playing football.	They are looking at the flowers in the park.
Look! The girls are drawing flowers.	He is going to Canada.

6. INSERT A SUITABLE VERB FROM THE LIST

Įrašyk į sakinius trūkstantus veiksmažodžius iš pateikto sąrašo. Remkis 22. Step b, 24. Step a ir 26. Step b gramatinėmis lentelėmis.

swim go write read wear drink walk do watch drive ~~eat~~.

I 'm eating pizza.

- 1) Laima _____ a letter to Bill now.
- 2) The swans _____ in the lake now.
- 3) I _____ basketball on TV now.
- 4) Tom _____ with his dog in the park now.
- 5) We _____ our homework now.
- 6) My mother _____ a car now.
- 7) You _____ a book now.
- 8) Laima's sister _____ a nice dress now.
- 9) My friends _____ to the USA by plane now.
- 10) Bill _____ apple juice in the kitchen now.

7. CHANGE

Iš 6 užduoties teigiamų sakinių sudaryk neigiamus sakinius.

32. REVISION LESSON

KARTOJIMO PAMOKA

1. READ AND FIND THE ODD WORD.

Perskaityk ir surask prie kitų trijų netinkamą žodį.

Birthday	horse	present	candle	cake
Easter	Easter egg	cupboard	Easter Bunny	spring
Classroom	desk	eraser	Tuesday	bag
Room	chair	week	wardrobe	armchair
Farm animal	elephant	cow	duck	pig
Week	Sunday	Monday	pencil	Wednesday

2. **WRITE**
Parašyk.

	in the morning / in the afternoon / in the evening	now
1.	I work in the garden in the evening.	I am working in the garden now.
2.	He rides a bike in the afternoon.	
3.	People read books in the evening.	
4.	We eat apples in the morning.	
5.	You swim in the river in the afternoon.	
6.	Rasa drinks milk in the kitchen in the morning.	
7.	They do homework in the evening.	
8.	I surf the Net in the sitting room in the afternoon.	
9.	Tomas go to school in the morning.	
10.	They fly in the sky in the afternoon.	

3. **WRITE**
Parašyk.

- 1) I (skate) in the skating-rink now.
- 2) Laima (drink) juice in the morning.
- 3) They (walk) in the park now.
- 4) It (eat) frogs in the afternoon.
- 5) She (work) in the garden in the evening.
- 6) Rimas (ski) in the forest now.
- 7) They (fly) a kite in the seaside now.
- 8) It (hide) in the room now.
- 9) Jack (decorate) eggs at Easter.
- 10) I (watch) TV in the sitting room in the evening.

4. WRITE

Parašyk, ką Sigitas veikia kiekvieną savaitės dieną.

Monday	Thursday	Sunday
play badminton	fly a kite in the yard	draw a picture
Tuesday	Friday	
ride a bike in the forest	swim in the lake	
Wednesday	Saturday	
watch TV at home	surf the Net	

5. MAKE SENTENCES

Sudaryk sakinius.

Bill / tent *This is Bill's tent.*

- 1) The boys / ball.
- 2) Algis / bike.
- 3) The children / kite.
- 4) Barbara / car.
- 5) The girls / cat.

6. WRITE SOME, MUCH, ANY OR MANY

Įrašyk *some, much, any* arba *many*.

- 1) Is there ... milk?
- 2) How ... pears have we got?
- 3) How ... sugar have we got?
- 4) There aren't ... plums.
- 5) There is ... orange juice.

7. ANSWER THE QUESTIONS

Atsakyk į klausimus.

- 1) What's the weather like today?
- 2) What do you do when the sun shines?
- 3) What are you wearing today?
- 4) How do you go to the village?
- 5) Why are you happy?

ENGLISH-LITHUANIAN

Anglų-lietuvių kalbų žodynėlis

A

a / an	nežymimasis artikelis neverčiamas į lietuvių kalbą
about	apie
afternoon	popietė
in the afternoon	po pietų, dieną
all	visi / visos
am	esu
am not	nesu
and	ir
an animal	gyvūnas
Ann	Ona
an apple	obuolys
are	esi, esame, esate, yra
an arm	ranka
an armchair	fotelis
at	neverčiamas, reiškia vietą arba laiką; <i>at school</i> – mokykloje <i>at home</i> – namie
autumn	ruduo

B

bad	blogas (-a)
badminton	badmintonas
a banana	bananas
a bag	kuprinė
basketball	krepšinis
Barbara	Barbora
a bathroom	vonios kambarys
a bear	meška
beautiful	gražus (-i)
a bed	lova
a bedroom	miegamasis (kambarys)
best	geriausias (-ia)
between	tarp
big	didelis (-ė)
Bill	Bilas
a bike	dviratis
a bird	paukštis
a birthday	gimimo diena
black	juodas (-a)

blonde (hair)	šviesūs (plaukai)
blow	pūsti
blue	mėlynas (-a)
a body	kūnas
a bone	kaulas
a book	knyga
a box	dėžutė
a boy	berniukas
bring	atnešti
a brother	brolis
brown	rudas (-a)
a bus	autobusas
but	bet
by	prie, šalia
by bus	autobusu

C

a cake	tortas
can	galėti, mokėti
can't	negalėti, nemokėti
a candle	žvakutė
a car	automobilis
a card	atvirukas
a carrot	morka
carry	vežti
a cat	katė
a chair	kėdė
chicken	vištiena
children	vaikai
chocolate	šokoladas
Christmas	Kalėdos
a Christmas tree	Kalėdų eglutė
a classroom	klasė (patalpa)
cold	šaltas (-a)
a country	šalis
a cow	karvė
a cupboard	indauja, spintelė
curly (hair)	garbanoti (plaukai)

D

a day	diena
dance	šokti

David	Deividas
deaf	kurčias (-ia)
dear	brangus (-i), mielas (-a)
decorate	puošti
a desert	dykuma
a desk	suolas
draw	piešti
dream	sapnuoti
drink	gerti
drive	vairuoti
do	daryti
do homework	ruošti namų darbus
a dog	šuo
a dress	suknelė
a duck	antis

E

an ear	ausis
Easter	Velykos
an Easter egg	Velykų margutis
eat	valgyti
an egg	kiaušinis
eight	aštuoni (-ios)
an elephant	dramblis
eleven	vienuolika
England	Anglija
English	1) angliškas (-a), angliškai; 2) anglų (kalba)
in English	angliškai
an eraser	trintukas
Eve	Ievutė
evening	vakaras
in the evening	vakare
every	kiekvienas (-a)
every day	kiekvieną dieną
every morning	kiekvieną rytą
an eye	akis

F

a face	veidas
a family	šeima
a farm	ūkis
a father	tėvas
favourite	mėgstamas (-a)
feet	pėdos
find	rasti
a fish	žuvis

five	penki (-ios)
a flag	vėliava
a flat	butas
a flower	gėlė
fly	skristi
food	maistas
a foot	pėda
football	futbolas
a forest	miškas
four	keturi (-ios)
a fox	lapė
freckles	strazdanos
Friday	penktadienis
on Friday	penktadienį
a friend	draugas
a frog	varlė
from	iš

G

a garden	sodas
a giraffe	žirafa
a girl	mergaitė
go	eiti, vykti
good	geras (-a)
goods	prekės
a grandma	senelė
a grandpa	senelis
grass	žolė
green	žalias (-ia)
grey	pilkas (-a)
goodbye	viso gero
grow	augti

H

hair	plaukai
a hall	koridorius
a hand	plaštaka
a hamster	žiurkėnas
happy	laimingas (-a)
hard of hearing	neprigirdintis (-i)
has got	turi
hasn't got	neturi
have got	turiu, turi, turime, turite
have to	turėti (privalėti)
he	jis
a head	galva

hello	sveikas (-a) (pasisveikinimas)	a laptop	nešiojamasis kompiuteris
help	padėti	large	didelis (-ė)
a hen	višta	a leg	koja
her	1) jos; 2) savo	a letter	laiškas
hi	sveikas (-a) (pasisveikinimas)	like	patikti, mėgti
hide	slėpti	live	gyventi
a hill	kalva	little	mažas (-a)
his	1) jo; 2) savo	a lion	liūtas
a holiday	šventė	Lithuania	Lietuva
holidays	atostogos	the Lithuanian	lietuvių gestų kalba
honey	medus	Sign language	
a horse	arklys	London	Londonas (Anglijos sostinė)
a house	namas	long	ilgas (-a)
How are you?	Kaip tau sekasi?	look at	žiūrėti (į)
How old are you?	Kiek tau metų?	a lorry	sunkvežimis
hungry	alkanas (-a)	Los Angeles	Los Andželas (miestas JAV)

I

I	aš
I am OK	Man sekasi gerai
an ice-cream	ledai
ice-hockey	ledo ritulys
in	viduje (pažymi vietininko linksnį) in the bag – kuprinėje
is	yra
isn't	nėra
it	jis, ji (apie daiktus, gyvūnus)
its	jo, jos (apie daiktus, gyvūnus)

J

a jacket	švarkas
jam	uogienė
jeans	džinsai
John	Jonas
jump	šokinėti
juice	sultys

K

a kite	aitvaras
a kitchen	virtuvė

L

a lake	ežeras
--------	--------

love	mylėti
------	--------

M

make	(pa)daryti
many	daug
meat	mėsa
merry	linksmas (-a)
milk	pienas
morning	rytas
in the morning	ryte
a mother	mama
a mountain	kalnas
a mouth	burna
my	1) mano; 2) savo

N

a name	vardas
near	arti, šalia, prie
a neck	kaklas
new	naujas (-a)
the New Year	Naujieji metai
nine	devyni (-ios)
no	ne
a nose	nosis
not	ne
now	dabar

O

the ocean	vandenynas
on	ant

one	vienas (-a)
open	atidaryti
an orange	apelsinas
orange	oranžinis (-ė)
our	mūsų, savo

P

a park	parkas
a pear	kriaušė
a pen	parkeris
a pencil	pieštukas
a pencil-case	penalas
a penguin	pingvinas
people	žmonės
a pet	augintinis (-ė)
a picture	paveikslėlis
a pig	kiaulė
pizza	pica
a plane	lėktuvas
play	žaisti
play basketball	žaisti krepšinį
a playroom	žaidimų kambarys
please	prašau
a plum	slyva
a pool	baseinas
a present	dovana
put	padėti

Q

a queen	karalienė
---------	-----------

R

a rabbit	triušis
rain	lyti
read	skaityti
red	raudonas (-a)
a reindeer	šiaurės elnias
ride a bike	važiuoti dviračiu
a river	upė
roller skating	važinėjimas riedučiais
a room	kambarys
a ruler	liniuotė
run	bėgti

S

a sandwich	sumuštinis
Santa Claus	Kalėdų Senelis
Saturday	šeštadienis

on Saturday	šeštadienį
a school	mokykla
at school	mokykloje
a schoolboy	mokinys
a schoolgirl	mokinė
the sea	jūra
the seaside	pajūris
see	matyti
see you	iki (atsisveikinimas)
seven	septyni (-ios)
she	ji
a sheep	avis
shine	šviesti
a ship	laivas
a shoe	batas
a shop	parduotuvė
a shop assistant	pardavėjas (-a)
short	trumpas (-a)
a shoulder	petys
a sister	sesuo
a sitting room	svetainė
six	šeši (-ios)
skate	čiuožti
a skating-rink	čiuožykla
ski	slidinėti
a skirt	sijonas
the sky	dangus
sleep	miegoti
small	mažas (-a)
snow	sniegas
a snowman	sniego senis
a sock	kojinė
a sofa	sofa
some	šiek tiek, keletas
soup	sriuba
spring	pavasaris
straight (hair)	tiesūs (plaukai)
a stone	akmuo
a street	gatvė
strong	stiprus (-i)
a student	studentas (-ė)
sugar	cukrus
summer	vasara
in summer	vasarą
the sun	saulė

Sunday	sekmadienis
on Sunday	sekmadienį
surf the Net	naršyti internete
a swan	gulbė
a sweater	megztinis
a sweet	saldainis
swim	plaukioti

T

a T-shirt	marškinėliai trumpomis rankovėmis
a table	stalas
tall	aukštas (-a)
take	imti, vežti, vesti
tea	arbata
tell	pasakoti
ten	dešimt
tennis	tenisas
a tent	palapinė
thank	dėkoti
thanks for..	ačiū už...
the	žymimasis artikelis

	neverčiamas į lietuvių kalbą
their	jų, savo
they	jie, jos
thirsty	ištroškęs (-usi)
this is	čia yra
three	trys
Thursday	ketvirtadienis
on Thursday	ketvirtadienį
tidy up	sutvarkyti
a tiger	tigras
to	prie, į
today	šiandien
Tom	Tomas
too	taip pat, irgi
a train	traukinys
trainers	sportiniai bateliai
a tree	medis
trousers	kelnės
twelve	dvylika
two	du / dvi
Tuesday	antradienis
on Tuesday	antradienį

U

under	po (apie vietą)
the USA	JAV (Jungtinės Amerikos Valstijos)

V

very	labai
a village	kaimas

W

walk	vaikščioti
want	norėti
a wardrobe	spinta
warm	šiltas (-a)
watch TV	žiūrėti televizorių
wavy (hair)	banguoti (plaukai)
we	mes
wear	vilkėti, avėti
the weather	oras
Wednesday	trečiadienis
on Wednesday	trečiadienį
a week	savaitė
well	gerai
where	kur
white	baltas (-a)
why	kodėl
wild	laukinis (-ė)
the wind	vėjas
a wing	sparnas
winter	žiema
wish	linkėti
with	su
wool	vilna
work	dirbti
the world	pasaulis
write	rašyti

Y

a yard	kiemas
yellow	geltonas (-a)
yes	taip
you	tu, jūs
your	1) tavo, jūsų; 2) savo

Z

a zebra	zebras
---------	--------

LITHUANIAN-ENGLISH

Lietuvių–anglų kalbų žodynėlis

A	
ačiū už...	thanks for ...
aitvaras	a kite
akis	an eye
akmuo	a stone
alkanas (-a)	hungry
Anglija	England
angliškai	in English, English
angliškas (-a)	English
anglų (kalba)	English
ant	on
antis	a duck
antradienis	Tuesday
antradienį	on Tuesday
apelsinas	an orange
apie	about
arbata	tea
arklys	a horse
arti	near
aš	I
aštuoni (-ios)	eight
atidaryti	open
atnešti	bring
atostogos	holidays
atvirukas	a card
augintinis (-ė)	a pet
augti	grow
aukštas (-a)	tall
ausis	an ear
autobusas	a bus
autobusu	by bus
automobilis	a car
avis	a sheep

B	
badmintonas	badminton
baltas (-a)	white
bananas	a banana
banguoti (plaukai)	wavy (hair)
Barbora	Barbara
baseinas	a pool

batas	a shoe
bėgti	run
berniukas	a boy
bet	but
Bilas	Bill
blogas (-a)	bad
brangus (-i)	dear
(žmogus)	
brolis	a brother
burna	a mouth
butas	a flat

C	
cukrus	sugar

Č	
čia yra	this is
čiuožykla	a skating-rink
čiuožti	skate

D	
dabar	now
dangus	the sky
daryti	do
daug	many
Deividas	David
dėkoti	thank
dėžutė	a box
dešimt	ten
devyni (-ios)	nine
didelis (-ė)	big
didelis (-ė)	large
diena	a day
dykuma	a desert
dirbti	work
dovana	a present
dramblis	an elephant
draugas (-ė)	a friend
du / dvi	two
dvylika	twelve
dviratis	a bike
džinsai	jeans

E

eiti	go
esame	are
esate	are
esi	are
esu	am
ežeras	a lake

F

fotelis	an armchair
futbolas	football

G

galėti	can
galva	a head
garbanoti (plaukai)	curly (hair)
gatvė	a street
gėlė	a flower
geltonas (-a)	yellow
gerai	well
geras (-a)	good
geriausias (-ia)	best
gerti	drink
gimimo diena	a birthday
gyventi	live
gyvūnas	an animal
gražus (-i)	nice
gulbė	a swan

I, I, Y

į	to
Ievutė	Eve
iki	see you
(atsisveikinimas)	
ilgas (-a)	long
imti	take
indauja	a cupboard
ir	and
irgi	too
yra	are
yra	is
iš	from
ištroškęs (-usi)	thirsty

J

JAV	the USA
ji	she

ji (apie daiktus, gyvūnus)	it
jie	they
jis	he
jis (apie daiktus, gyvūnus)	it
jo	his
jo (apie daiktus, gyvūnus)	its
Jonas	John
jos	they
jos (kieno?)	her
jos (kieno?) (apie daiktus, gyvūnus)	its
jų	their
juodas (-a)	black
jūra	the sea
jūs	you
jūsų	your

K

kaimas	a village
Kaip tau sekasi?	How are you?
kaklas	a neck
Kalėdos	Christmas
Kalėdų eglutė	a Christmas tree
Kalėdų Senelis	Santa Claus
kalnas	a mountain
kalva	a hill
kambarys	a room
karalienė	a queen
karvė	a cow
katė	a cat
kaulas	a bone
kėdė	a chair
keletas	some
kelnės	trousers
keturi (-ios)	four
ketvirtadienis	Thursday
ketvirtadienį	on Thursday
kiaulė	a pig
kiaušinis	an egg
Kiek tau metų?	How old are you?
kiekvienas (-a)	every
kiekvieną dieną	every day
kiekvieną rytą	every morning

kiemas	a yard
klasė (patalpa)	a classroom
knyga	a book
kodėl	why
koja	a leg
kojinė	a sock
koridorius	a hall
krepšinis	basketball
kriaušė	a pear
kuprinė	a bag
kuprinėje	in the bag
kūnas	a body
kur	where
kurčias (-ia)	deaf

L

labai	very
laimingas (-a)	happy
laiškas	a letter
laivas	a ship
lapė	a fox
laukinis (-ė)	wild
ledai	an ice cream
ledo ritulys	ice - hockey
lėktuvas	a plane
Lietuva	Lithuania
lietuvių gestų	the Lithuanian Sign
kalba	language
liniuotė	a ruler
linkėti	wish
linksmas (-a)	merry
lyti	rain
liūtas	a lion
Londonas	London
(Anglijos sostinė)	
Los Andželas	Los Angeles
(JAV miestas)	
lova	a bed

M

maistas	food
mama	a mother
Man sekasi gerai.	I am OK.
mano	my
marškinėliai	a T - shirt
matyti	see
mažas (-a)	little

mažas (-a)	small
medis	a tree
medus	honey
mėgti	like
mėgstamas (-a)	favourite
megztinis	a sweater
mėlynas (-a)	blue
mergaitė	a girl
mes	we
meška	a bear
miegamasis	a bedroom
(kambarys)	
miegoti	sleep
mielas (-a)	dear
mylėti	love
miškas	a forest
mokėti	can
mokykla	a school
mokykloje	at school
mokinė	a schoolgirl
mokinys	a schoolboy
morka	a carrot
mūsų	our

N

namas	a house
namie	at home
naršyti internete	surf the Net
naujas (-a)	new
Naujieji metai	the New Year
ne	no
ne	not
negalėti	can't
nemokėti	can't
neprigirdintis (-i)	hard of hearing
nėra	isn't
nesu	am not
nešiojamas	a laptop
kompiuteris	
neturi	hasn't got
norėti	want
nosis	a nose

O

obuolys	an apple
Ona	Ann

oranžinis (-ė)	orange
oras	the weather

P

padaryti	make
padėti (kam?)	help
padėti (ką?)	put
pajūris	the seaside
palapinė	a tent
pardavėjas (-a)	a shop assistant
parduotuvė	a shop
parkas	a park
parkeris	a pen
pasakoti	tell
pasaulis	the world
patikti	like
paukštis	a bird
pavasaris	spring
paveikslas,	a picture
paveikslėlis	
pėda	a foot
pėdos	feet
penalas	a pencil - case
penki (-ios)	five
penktadienis	Friday
penktadienį	on Friday
petys	a shoulder
pica	pizza
pienas	milk
piešti	draw
pieštukas	a pencil
pilkas (-a)	grey
pingvinas	a penguin
pirmadienis	Monday
plaštaka	a hand
plaukai	hair
plaukioti	swim
po	under
popietė	afternoon
po pietų	in the afternoon
prašau	please
prie	by
prie	to
prekės	goods
turėti / privalėti	have to
puošti	decorate

pūsti	blow
-------	------

R

ranka	an arm
rasti	find
rašyti	write
raudonas (-a)	red
rytas	morning
ryte	in the morning
rudas (-a)	brown
ruduo	autumn
ruošti namų	do homework
darbus	

S

saldainis	a sweet
sapnuoti	dream
saulė	the sun
savaitė	a week
sekmadienis	Sunday
sekmadienį	on Sunday
senelė	a grandma
senelis	a grandpa
septyni (-ios)	seven
sesuo	a sister
sijonas	a skirt
skaityti	read
skristi	fly
slėpti	hide
slidinėti	ski
slyva	a plum
sniegas	snow
sniego senis	a snowman
sodas	a garden
sofa	a sofa
sparnas	a wing
spinta	a wardrobe
spintelė	a cupboard
sportiniai bateliai	trainers
sriuba	soup
stalas	a table
stiprus (-i)	strong
strazdanos	freckles
studentas (-ė)	a student
su	with
suknelė	a dress

S

sultys	juice
sumuštinis	a sandwich
sunkvežimis	a lorry
suolas	a desk
sutvarkyti	tidy up
Sveikas! / Sveika!	Hello!
/ Sveiki!	
svetainė	a sitting room

Š

šalia	by
šalia	near
šalis	a country
šaltas (-a)	cold
šeima	a family
šeši (-ios)	six
šeštadienis	Saturday
šeštadienį	on Saturday
šiandien	today
šiaurės elnias	reindeer
šiek tiek	some
šiltas (-a)	warm
šokoladas	chocolate
šokti	dance
šokinėti	jump
šuo	a dog
švarkas	a jacket
šventė	a holiday
šviesti	shine
šviesūs (plaukai)	blonde (hair)

T

taip	yes
taip pat	too
tarp	between
tavo	your
tenisas	tennis
tėvas	a father
tiesūs (plaukai)	straight (hair)
tigras	a tiger
Tomas	Tom
tortas	a cake
traukinys	a train
trečiadienis	Wednesday
trečiadienį	on Wednesday

trintukas	an eraser
trys	three
triušis	a rabbit
trumpas (-a)	short
tu	you
turėti	have got
turi	has got

U, Ū

ūkis	a farm
upė	a river
uogienė	jam

V

vaikai	children
vaikščioti	walk
vairuoti	drive
vakaras	evening
vakare	in the evening
valgyti	eat
vandenynas	the ocean
vardas	a name
varlė	a frog
vasara	summer
vasarą	in summer
važinėjimas	roller skating
riedučiais	
važiuoti dviračiu	ride a bike
veidas	a face
vėjas	the wind
vėliava	a flag
Velykos	Easter
Velykų margutis	an Easter egg
vežti	carry
viduje (pažymi	in
vietininko linksnį)	
vienas (-a)	one
vienuolika	eleven
vykti	go
vilkėti	wear
vilna	wool
virtuvė	a kitchen
visi (-os)	all
viso gero	good bye
višta	a hen
vištiena	chicken
vonios kambarys	a bathroom

Z

zebras a zebra

Ž

žaidimų kambarys a playroom

žaisti play

žaisti krepšinį play basketball

žalias (-ia) green

žiema winter

žirafa

a giraffe

žiūrėti (i)

look at

žiūrėti televizorių

watch TV

žiurkėnas

a hamster

žmonės

people

žolė

grass

žuvis

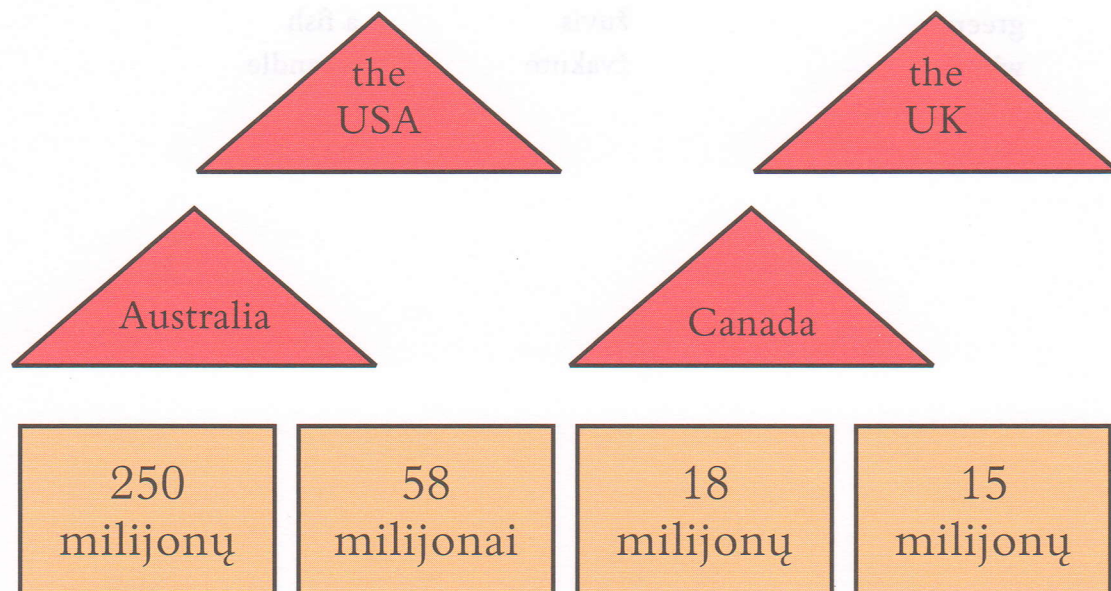
a fish

žvakutė

a candle

Priedai

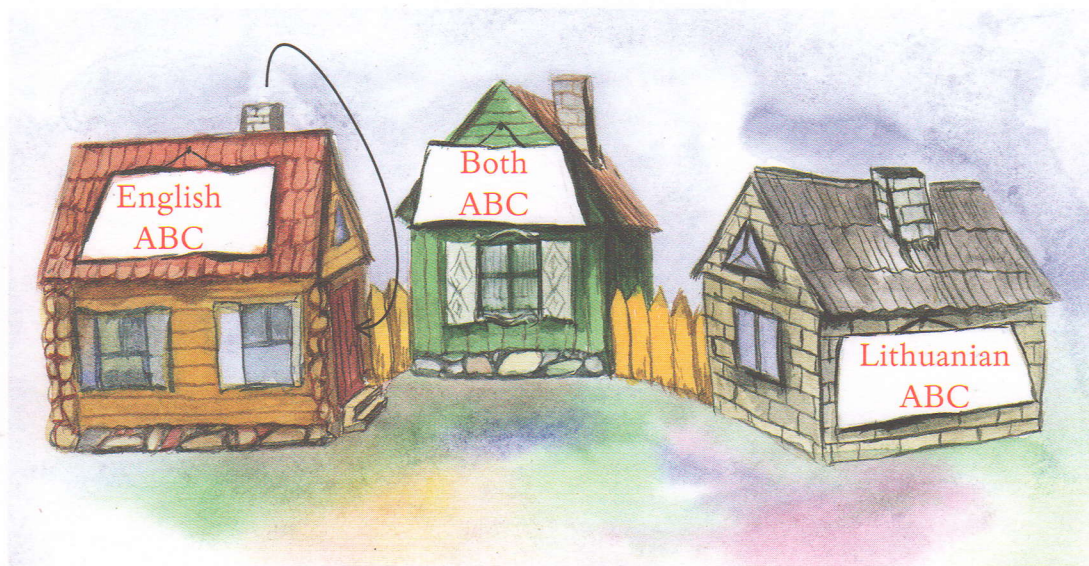
HELLO, ENGLISH 2 (PG. 8)



HELLO, ENGLISH 4 (PG. 8)

COMPUTER SHOP TEA ✂

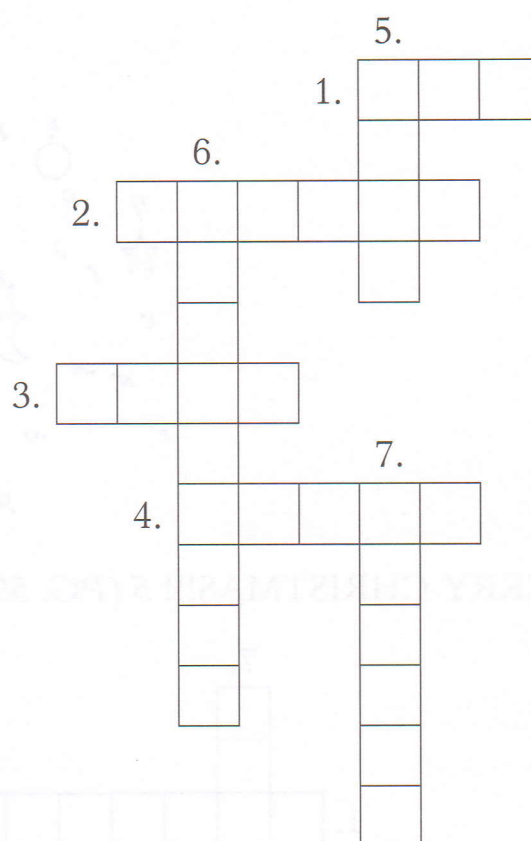
THE ABC 1 (PG. 10)



DOWN

Vertikaliai.

- 5) KOBO
6) SLACSMORO
7) SAERER



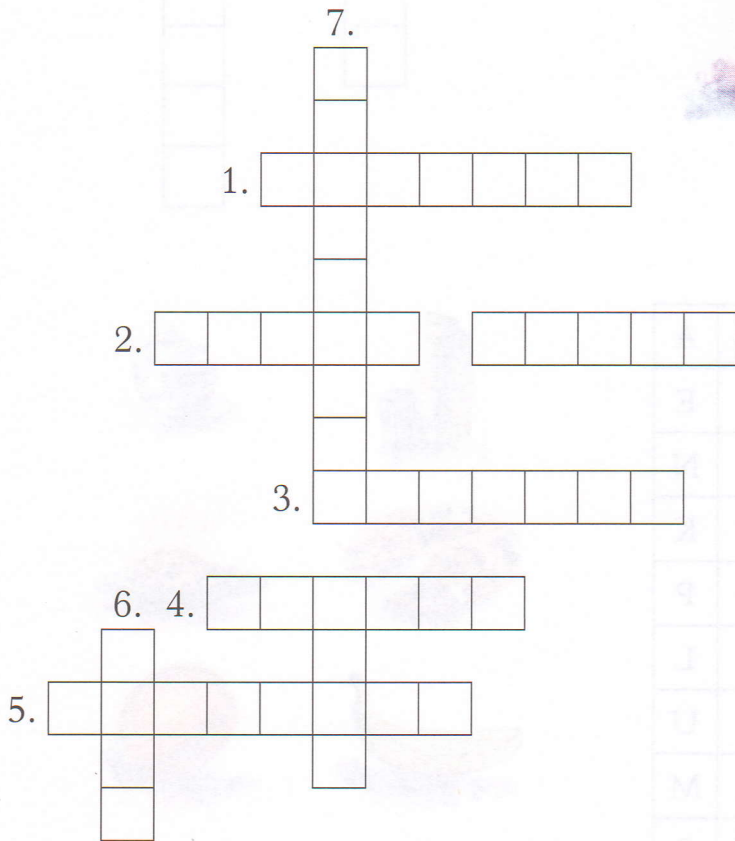
I	A	B	C	A	P	P	L	E	A
A	B	T	Y	O	A	H	C	L	E
F	A	E	C	H	I	C	K	E	N
J	N	R	T	E	H	V	T	R	K
S	A	N	D	W	I	C	H	F	P
G	N	E	F	R	J	Y	I	E	L
D	A	T	J	U	I	C	E	I	U
W	D	R	Z	A	S	P	G	K	M
O	R	A	N	G	E	O	P	W	S
I	I	K	A	R	R	T	I	U	Y
K	M	T	X	W	D	I	Z	T	S
L	I	E	K	X	F	W	Z	U	T
F	L	E	C	U	J	T	A	D	E
H	K	W	B	C	I	D	M	H	A



MERRY CHRISTMAS!!! 4 (PG. 59)



MERRY CHRISTMAS!!! 5 (PG. 59)



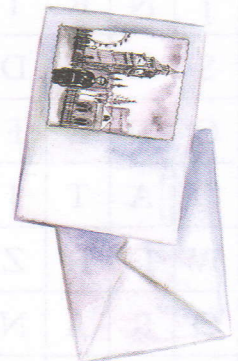
1.



2.



3.



4.



5.



6.



7.

MERRY CHRISTMAS AND A HAPPY NEW YEAR!!!

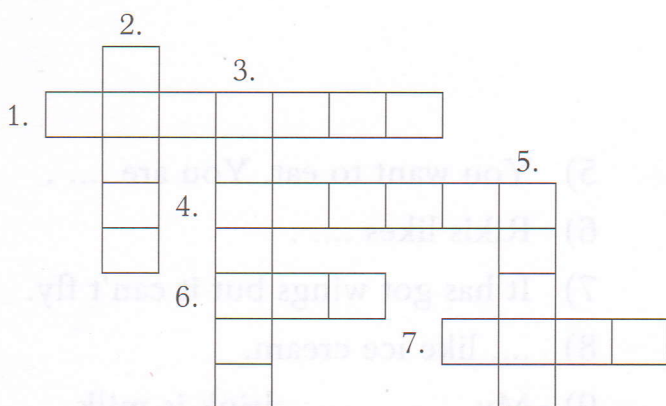
DO YOU LIKE...? 1 (PG. 61)

- 1) Do you like ice cream?
- 2) Do you like carrots?
- 3) Do you like chocolate?
- 4) Do you like cakes?
- 5) Do you like chicken?
- 6) Do you like sandwiches?
- 7) Do you like soup?
- 8) Do you like plums?
- 9) Do you like fish?
- 10) Do you like eggs?
- 11) Do you like milk?

DO YOU LIKE...? 5 (PG. 63)



WHAT CAN ANIMALS DO? 6 (PG. 73)



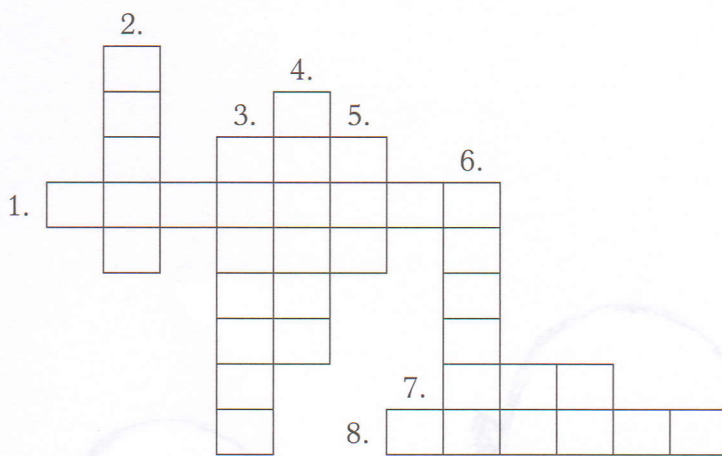
- 1) It has got wings but can't fly.
- 2) It's black and white.
- 3) It has got a very long neck.
- 4) Foxes and bears like it.
- 5) It's orange and black.
- 6) It eats hens and rabbits.
- 7) It likes honey.

[illegible]

EASTER 7 (PG. 102)



HAVE YOU GOT AN EASTER EGG? 4 (PG. 104)



- 1) People eggs for Easter.
- 2) Easter Bunny Easter eggs in the gardens.
- 3) Easter is a nice
- 4) Easter is every
- 5) Easter Bunny doesn't bring Easter eggs for children.
- 6) Children like
- 7) I've got an Easter
- 8) Easter Bunny Easter eggs for good children.

WHAT'S THE WEATHER LIKE? 7 (PG. 110)

ACROSS

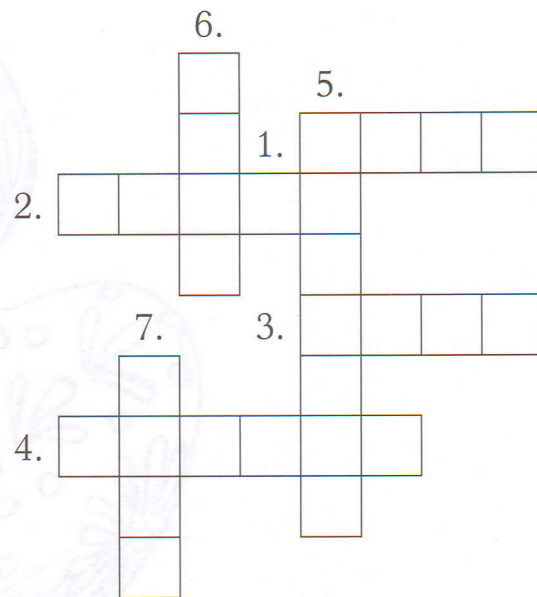
Horizontaliai:

- 1) RAWM
- 2) NHISE
- 3) REET
- 4) WERFLO

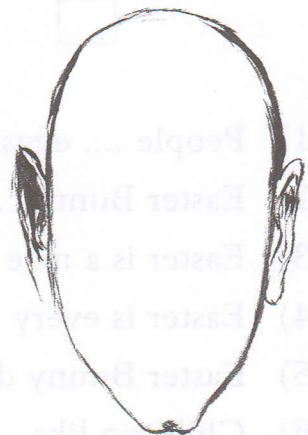
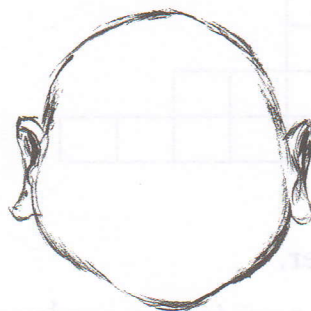
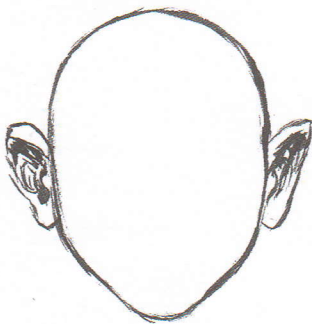
DOWN

Vertikaliai:

- 5) TAHEWRE
- 6) NIAR
- 7) LOBW



FACE PARTS 4 (PG. 120)



ISBN 609-446-005-0



9 786094 460050